EXHIBIT A

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BUCKLAND HILLS

SOUTH WINDSOR CT

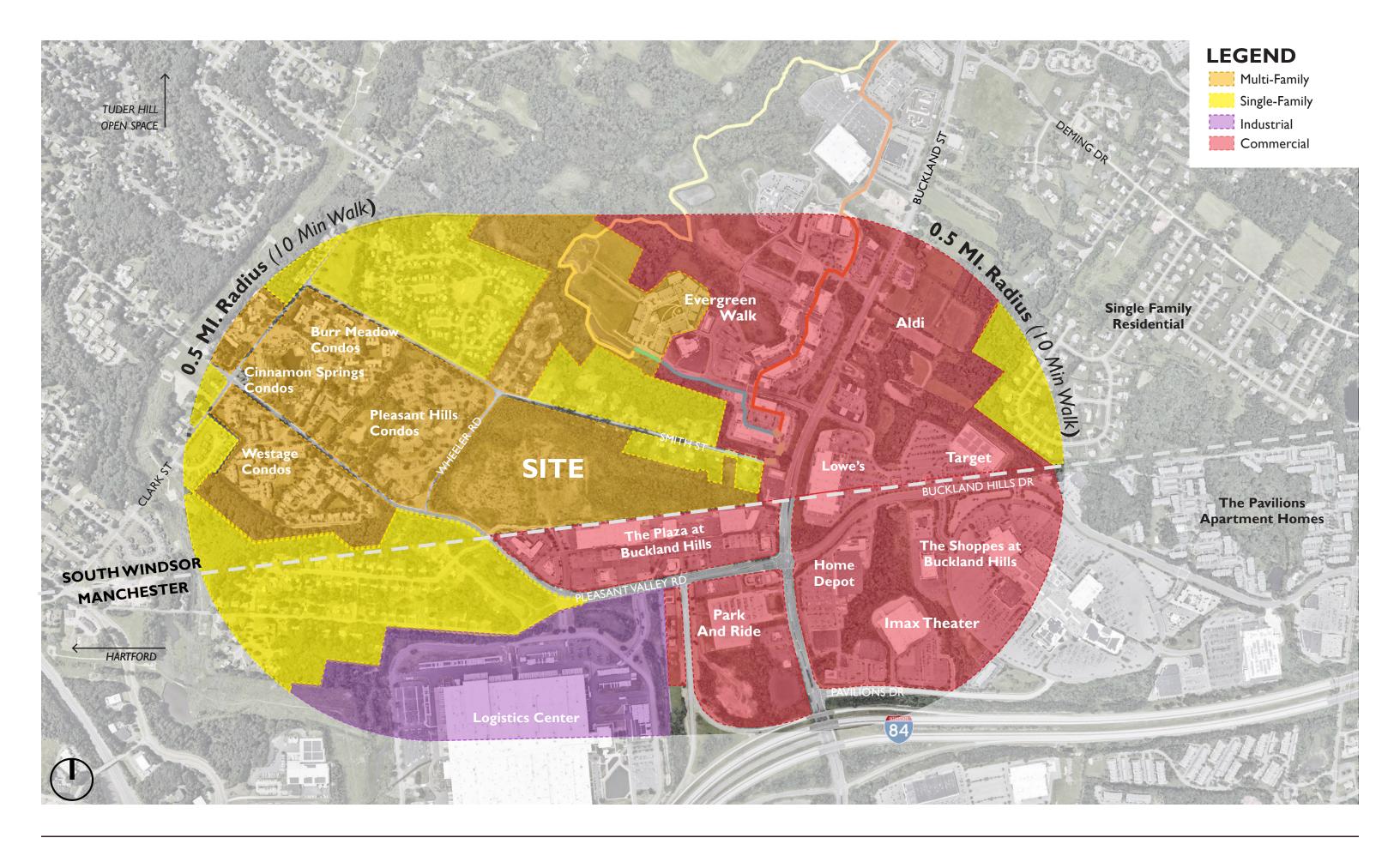
CONCEPT DESIGN AND FISCAL IMPACT/ SCHOOL IMPACT ANALYSIS

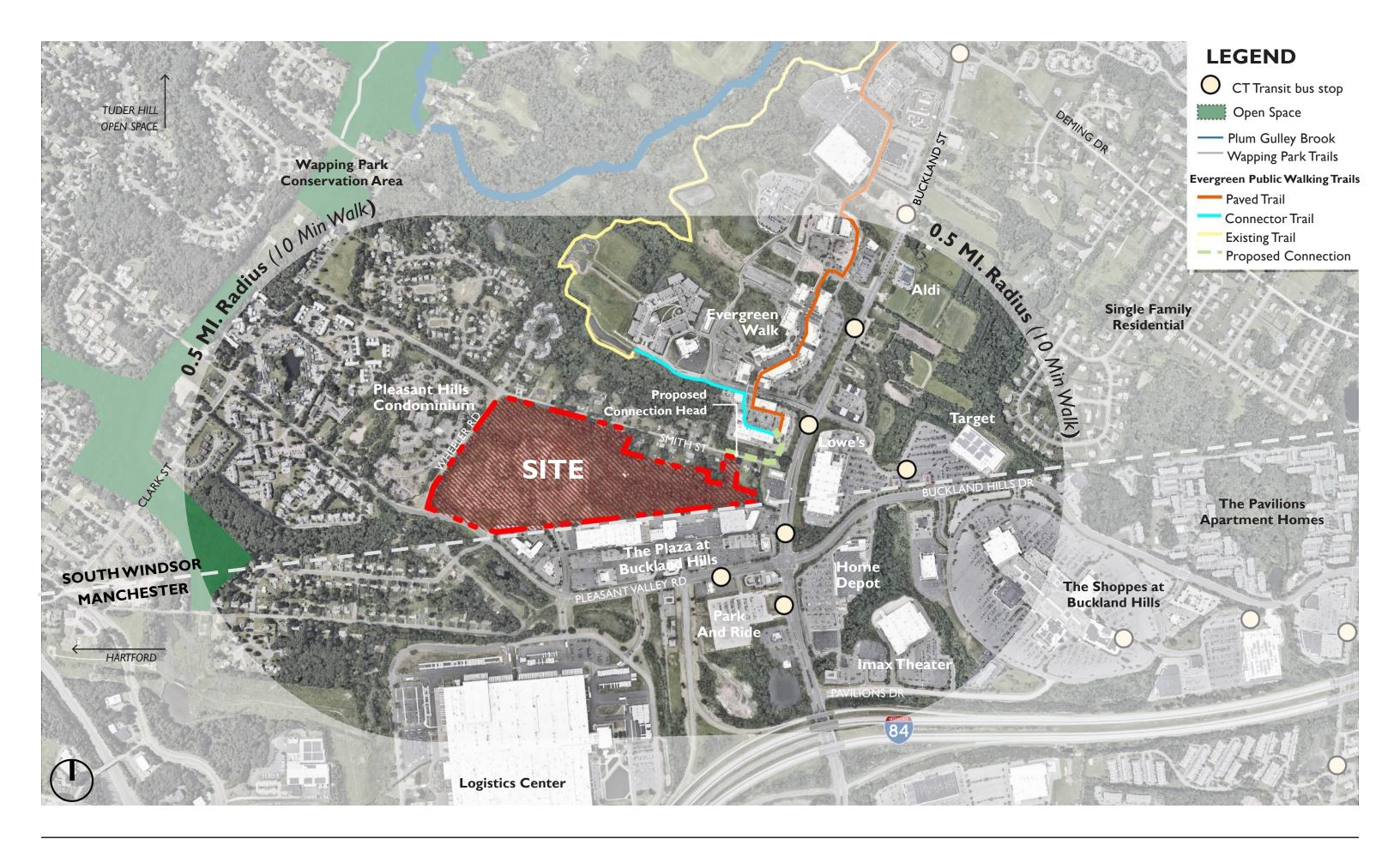
JANUARY 2024

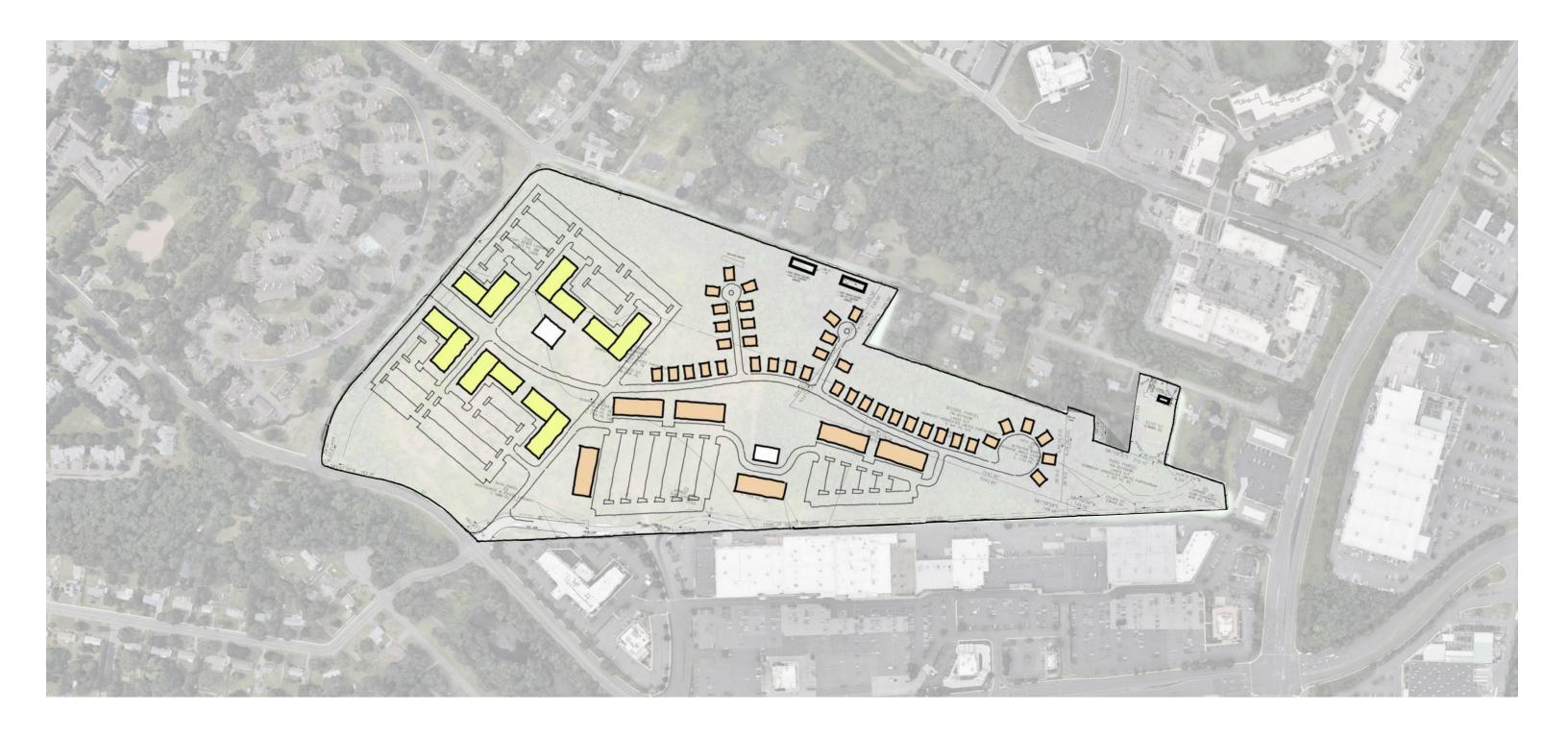


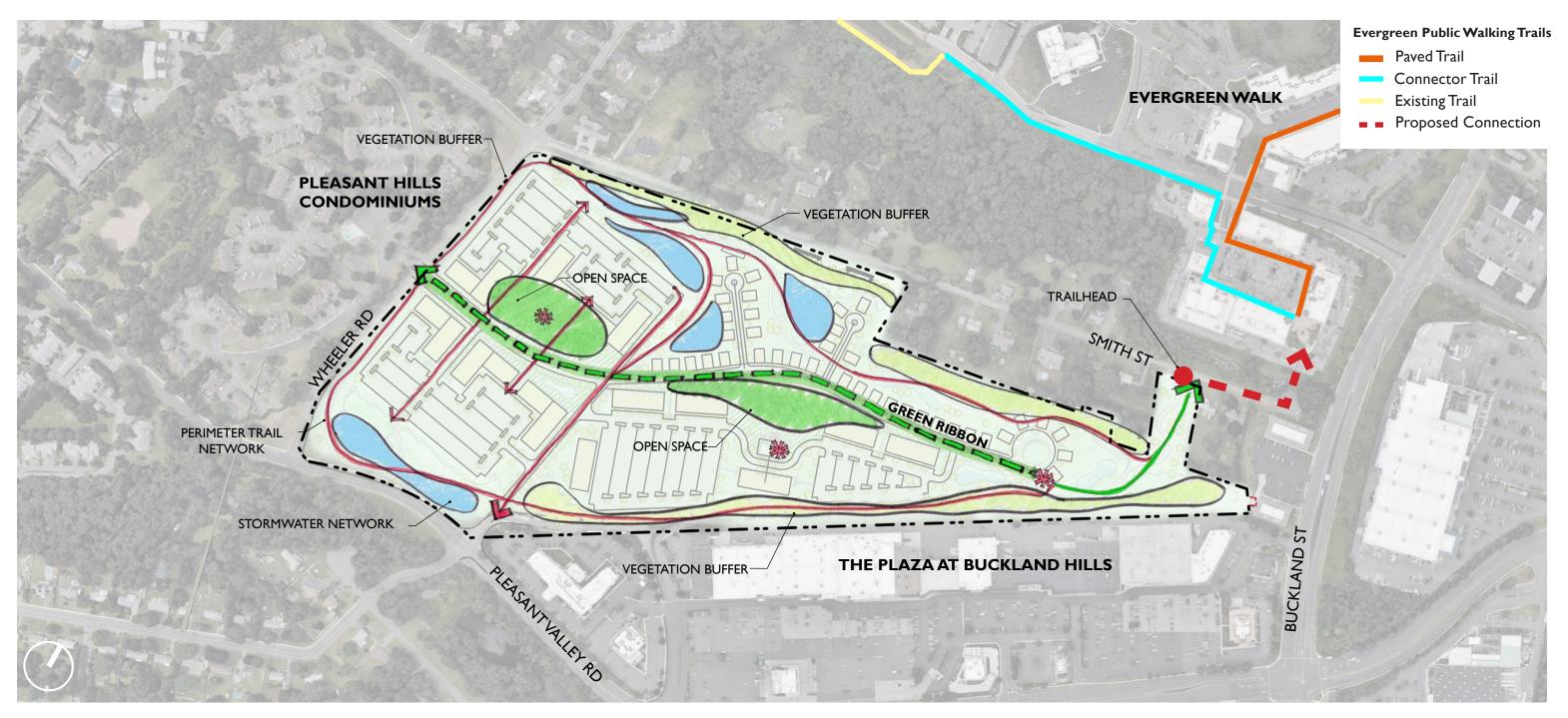
Proposed Agenda

- 1. Context and Location a. Connection to Evergreen Walk
- 2. Concept Plans and Open Space
- 3. School children Generation and Fiscal Impact



































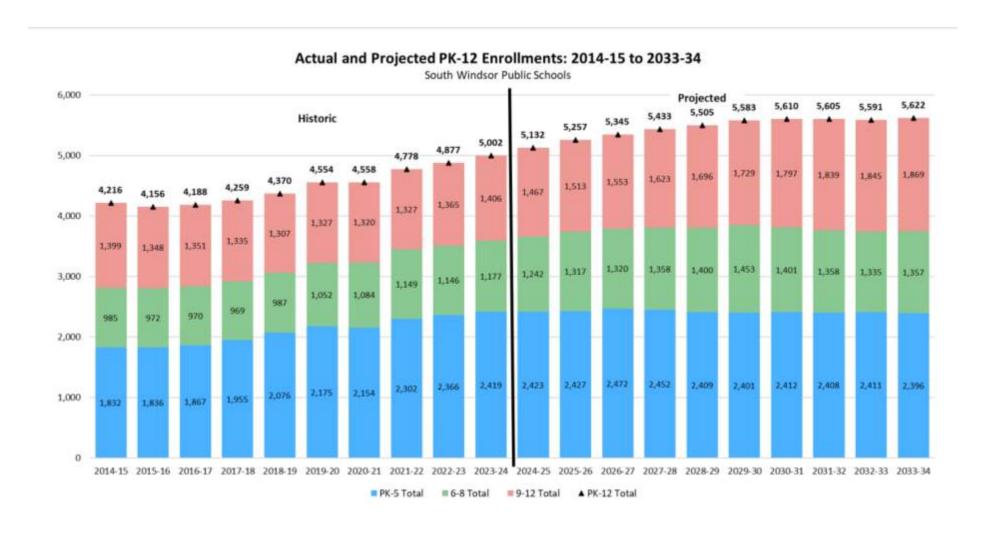




SOUTH WINDSOR SCHOOL DISTRICT ENROLLMENT: ANALYSIS AND FINDINGS

Key findings from SLAM's Enrollment Projections Update report provided to the South Windsor Public Schools (November 2023) and the South Windsor Public Schools 2023-2024 Superintendent's Proposed Budget

- 2023-2024 KP-12 Enrollment of 5,002 students is 90 pupils fewer than the 2002-2003 District peak of 5,092.
- District expected to keep growing, but growth will level off in next few years.
- Elementary school population already projected to remain flat.

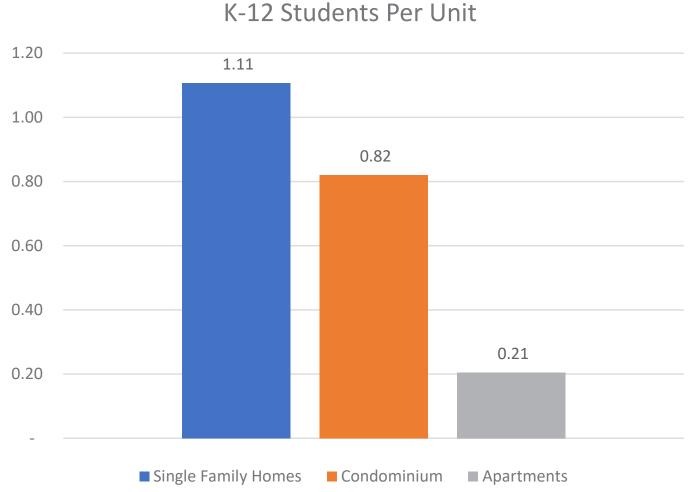


SOUTH WINDSOR SCHOOL DISTRICT

SOUTH WINDSOR SCHOOL DISTRICT ENROLLMENT: ANALYSIS AND FINDINGS

Factors impacting student population growth

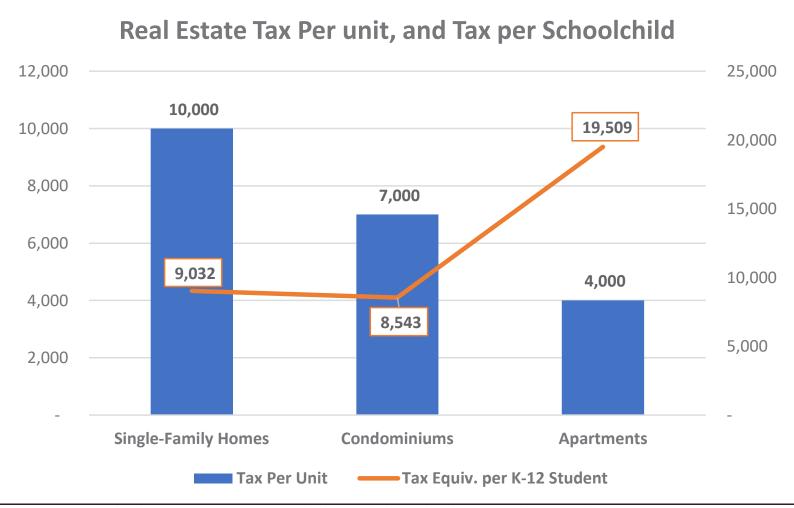
- Turnover in existing housing stock continues to fuel growth in schoolchildren, including both single-family and condominium units.
- In recently completed housing developments in South Windsor, apartments produce far fewest students per unit (.21); single-family homes produce the greatest students per unit (1.11); and condominiums produce .82 students per unit.
- Multi-family apartment developments account for 53% of newly constructed units since 2016 but only 14% of enrollments.



SOUTH WINDSOR SCHOOL DISTRICT ENROLLMENT: ANALYSIS AND FINDINGS

Real estate taxes per unit and per school-age children

- Single family homes pay the most in real estate taxes per unit, on average \$10,000 per home per year; followed by condominiums at \$7,000 per year. Apartments pay on average \$4,000 per year, or 30% of the amount paid by single-family homes.
- Apartments produce far fewer schoolchildren but pay modestly less in taxes: on a per pupil basis, apartments pay ~\$19,500 in taxes for each child generated, more than double the \$9,000 paid per child by single-family homes.
- Apartments are subsidizing the cost of school enrollments, given their low student generation and tax burden.



FISCAL IMPACT: SUMMARY

Total Revenue Greatly Outweighs Fiscal Cost

Municipal Fiscal Impact Analysis

Revenues: Real & Personal Property Taxes		Fiscal Estimates
Real Property Taxes – Residential (684 @ \$4,000/unit)	=	\$2,736,000
Personal Property Taxes (835 Motor Vehicles at \$432/vehicle)	= _	\$369,118
Estimated Projection – Property Taxes	=	\$3,105,118
Revenues: User Fees		
Sewer User Fees – Residential (684 Units @ \$415/unit)	=	\$283,860
Estimated Projection – Sewer Fees	= _	\$283,860
Estimated Projection – Total Revenue	=	\$3,388,978
Expenditures: Projected School District Enrollment & Estimated Cost		
New-to District Enrollments (0.105/unit = 50 @ \$10,511/enrollment)	=	\$504,450
Expenditures: Municipal Government		
Total Expenditures – General Government (12% of property tax revenue)	= _	\$372,614
Estimated Projection – Total Expenditures		\$877,064
Municipal Fiscal Impact Summary		
Total Revenue (Property Taxes & Fees)	=	\$3,388,978
Total Expenditures (Education & General Government)	=	\$877,064
Estimated Positive Fiscal Impact/Year	= -	\$2,511,914
One-Time Development Fees		
Permitting and Sewer Connection Fees (\$2,790/unit)	= _	\$1,908,360
Estimated Projection – Development Fees	=	\$1,908,360

FISCAL IMPACT: SUMMARY CHART

Total Revenue Greatly Outweighs Fiscal Cost

