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November 30, 2022

VIA EMAIL

Wengell, McDonnell & Castello, Inc. 87 Holmes Road Newington, CT 06111

ATTN: Keegan O. Elder, P.E., Vice President

RE: WETLANDS REPORT

Replacement of Pleasant Valley Road Bridge over Podunk River, South Windsor, CT REMA Job No.: 21-2469-SWN120

Dear Mr. Elder:

At your request, REMA Ecological Services, LLC (REMA) presents herein our findings during inland wetland delineations, and resource characterizations associated with the above-referenced site.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This *Wetlands Report*, represents the effort by REMA, to conduct wetland delineations and resource characterizations on the subject site ("the site," "the study area"), during November 2022. This effort included the in-field delineation of regulatory and jurisdictional wetlands and watercourses, based on both State Statutes and Federal guidelines. It also included the delineation of Ordinary High Water (OHW).

Attachment A, includes a site locus and a recent aerial photograph of study area, showing the wetland delineations (i.e., Figures 1 and A). Attachment B, provides a *Wetland Delineation & Characterization Field Form*. Attachment C provides annotated photographs (i.e., Photos 1 through 9) taken during the 2022 fieldwork. Attachment D provides the USDA-NRCS Web Soil Survey, showing the mapped soil types in the vicinity. Attachment E provides the *Wetland Function-Value Evaluation Form*, based the US Army Corps of Engineers, Wetland Functions & Values assessment methodology, as well as the *Wetland Determination Data Forms*, for the verification of jurisdictional (federal) wetlands at the subject site.



2.0 STUDY AREA SETTING

The study area (or "site"), is located approximately 0.6 miles easterly of CT Route 5 (i.e., John Fitch Boulevard), in the southwestern section of South Windsor (see Figure 1, Attachment A). The dominant land use in the immediate vicinity of the study area is moderate-density residential development, and a municipal park (i.e., Veteran's Memorial Park), located immediately to the southeast of the Pleasant Valley Road Bridge over the Podunk River.

3.0 WETLAND DELINEATIONS & DOMINANT SOIL TYPES

Wetland delineations were conducted in accordance with the Connecticut General Statutes governing inland wetlands (i.e., CGS Sec. 22a-36 ff). Federal jurisdictional wetlands were delineated pursuant to the Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual (1987): Northcentral and Northeast Region, Version 2.0 (2012). It should be noted that in all cases the "Connecticut wetlands" and the "Federal wetlands" were coincident.

The observed *wetland* soil types within the study area were derived from alluvial till (i.e., stratified sand and silt) deposits. The following soil series were observed:

Fluvaquents-Udifluvents (109). This soil map unit consists of relatively recently formed, poorly drained, moderately well drained, and well drained, floodplain-type soils. Fluvaquents are typically found in disturbed landscapes on floodplains where two or more feet of the original soil surface has been filled over or excavated, eroded and/or deposited. Most areas of Fluvaquents flood each year for short periods, mainly in the spring. The Fluvaquents soil mapping unit is a miscellaneous unit which includes a large variety of soil materials. Common locations of Fluvaquents include disturbed areas for community development and sand and gravel operations situated in the floodplains of rivers and major streams.

Limerick and Lim silt loams (107). The Limerick series consists of deep, poorly drained soils formed in coarse-silty, alluvial sediments. They are nearly level soils on floodplains along low gradient rivers and streams, subject to frequent flooding. They are in relatively low areas. The soils formed in recent alluvium derived from a variety of crystalline and acid rocks. Typically, the Limerick soil has a very dark grayish brown silt loam surface layer 8 inches thick. The substratum from 8 to 60 inches consists of olive gray and dark gray, mottled layers of silt loam and very fine sandy loam.

The Lim series consists of very deep, poorly drained loamy soils formed in alluvial sediments. They are nearly level soils on flood plains and are subject to frequent flooding. Slope ranges from 0 to 3 percent. Saturated hydraulic conductivity ranges from moderately low to moderately high in the solum and high or very high in the sandy substratum, which typically begins below 29 inches. Lim soils formed in recent alluvium derived from mixed crystalline and sedimentary rocks.



The observed dominant upland soil types within the study area were predominately disturbed and are:

Udorthents-Urban Land complex (304). This soil mapping unit consists of well drained to moderately well drained soils that have been altered by cutting, filling, or grading. The areas either have had two feet or more of the upper part of the original soil removed or have more than two feet of fill material on top of the original soil. *Udorthents* or Made Land soils can be found on any soil parent material but are typically fluvial on glacial till plains and outwash plains and stream terraces.

4.0 SURFACE WATER RESOURCES & WETLANDS

4.1 <u>Introduction</u>

The study area's wetlands and surface waters were first characterized by examining Federal and State wetlands maps and by conducting detailed site investigations of vegetation, soils, and hydrology to demarcate tidal and inland wetland boundaries. Attachment A of this *Wetland Report*, provides a 2019 aerial photograph with annotations showing each of the wetland segments delineated in November 2022 (i.e., Figure A). Attachment B provides representative annotated photographs of the regulated resource areas. This report section briefly describes the overall inland wetland resources associated with the study area.

4.2 <u>Podunk River</u>

The site's perennial watercourse, namely the Podunk River, is classified as a *riverine, unknown perennial*¹, *unconsolidated bottom, permanently flooded* resource (R5UBH), per the National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) classification system (see Figure B, Attachment A). The in-stream habitat in the vicinity of the bridge structure is characterized by a low-gradient channel (i.e., run). The substrate is mucks, fine to medium sand, and silt, consistent with the wetland type soils observed within the study area.

4.2 <u>Wetland Communities</u>

The wetland vegetated cover types associated with the riparian corridor are dominated by wooded swamp, classified as *palustrine, forested, broad-leaved deciduous, seasonally flooded/seasonally saturated* (PFO1E) per NWI. The forested wetland in the vicinity of the bridge structure is characterized as a red maple swamp, dominated by spicebush and skunk cabbage in the understory. The attached *Wetland Delineation & Characterization Field Form* (see Attachment C), provides additional detailed information regarding the wetland communities within the study

¹ NWI should have classified the Podunk River at this site as "lower perennial."



area. It should be noted, however, that other wetland cover types proximal to the bridge structure include scrub shrub (PSS), dominated by silky dogwood, and emergent (PEM), dominated by reed canary grass. However, the NWI does not call these out and considers them inclusions within the dominant forested riparian corridor.

5.0 WETLAND FUNCTIONS AND VALUES

Wetland/watercourse functions and values were formally assessed, using the rationales of a standardized evaluation methods [e.g., US Army Corps of Engineers' *Descriptive Approach* (1995)]. Wetland and upland baseline data provide the basis for the assessment, and includes offsite contiguous wetland habitat which was also inventoried, in part, for this assessment.

The wetland assessment unit includes contiguous wetland habitat both upstream and downstream of the study area (see Figure B, Attachment A). According to the National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) and corroborated also by USDA-NRCS Web Soil Survey (Attachment D), the contiguous wetland assessment unit is fairly extensive and consists of at least 33.5 acres of mostly forested and riverine habitat, from Ellington Road (CT Route 30) upstream, to John Fitch Boulevard (CT Route 5) downstream. As can be readily seen in Table 1, the Podunk River riparian wetland system was found to offer 11 *principal* functions and values.

Function/Value	WA
1.Groundwater Recharge/ Discharge	Р
2. Floodflow Alteration	Р
3. Fish and Shellfish Habitat	Р
4. Sediment/Toxicant/ Pathogen Retention	Р
5. Nutrient Removal/Retention/Transformation	Р
6. Production Export	Р
7. Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization	Р
8. Wildlife Habitat	Р
9. Recreation (Passive, Active	Р
10. Educational/Scientific Value	Y
11. Uniqueness/Heritage	Р
12 Visual Quality/Aesthetics	Y
13. Endangered (Listed) Species Habitat	Р
14. Fish & Shellfish habitat (Marine)	n/a

Table 1: Summary of Wetland Function-Value Assessment

Notes: P = Principal function; Y = function present; N = function not appreciably present

Mr. Keegan O. Elder, P.E. RE: Wetlands Report – Pleasant Valley Road Bridge, South Windsor, CT November 30, 2022 Page 5



This overall high functional value is due to a variety of factors, including size, the presence of a perennial stream, diversity of hydrophytic vegetation, the relative lack of past disturbance (overall), including a low incidence of invasive plant species (overall), good interspersion of water and vegetative cover types, the presence of "listed species,"² and more.

Please feel free to contact us with any questions on the above.

Respectfully submitted,

REMA ECOLOGICAL SERVICES, LLC

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George T. Logan, MS, PWS, CSE Registered Soil Scientist/Professional Wetland Scientist Certified Senior Ecologist

Attachments: A: Figures 1, A, and B B: Annotated photographs (1 through 9)

C: Wetland Delineation & Characterization Field Form

D: USDA-NRCS Web Soil Survey

E: USACE Wetland Function-Value Evaluation & Wetland Determination Data Forms

² Based on review of online GIS data (i.e. CT Environmental Conditions Online), the subject site fall within estimated habitat for CT-listed species (i.e., endangered, threatened, special concern).

Attachment A

Figures (1, A and B)

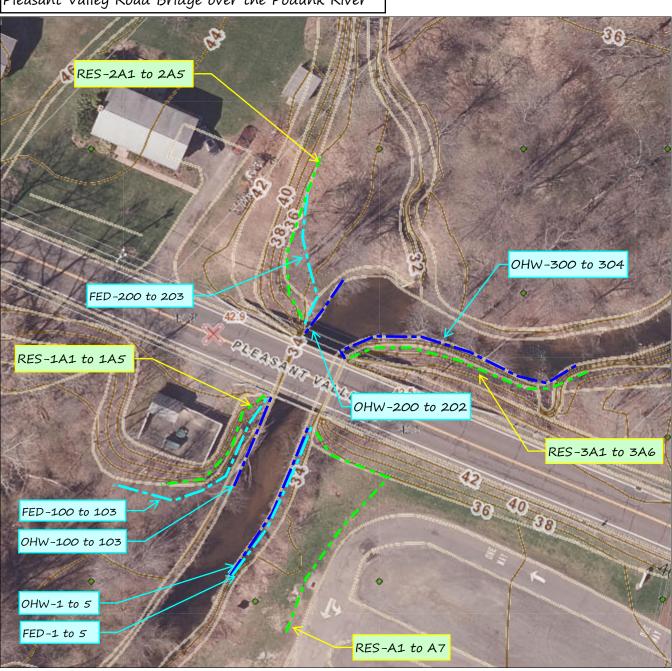


Town of South Windsor

Geographic Information System (GIS)

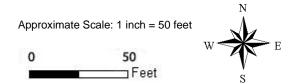
FIGURE A: WETLAND DELINEATIONS SKETCH MAP Pleasant Valley Road Bridge over the Podunk River





MAP DISCLAIMER - NOTICE OF LIABILITY

This map is for assessment purposes only. It is not for legal description or conveyances. All information is subject to verification by any user. The Town of South Windsor and its mapping contractors assume no legal responsibility for the information contained herein.





U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service National Wetlands Inventory

FIGURE B: WETLANDS EVALUATION UNIT LIMITS Pleasant Valley Road Bridge over the Podunk River, South Windsor, Connecticut



November 30, 2022

Wetlands



Estuarine and Marine Deepwater

Estuarine and Marine Wetland

- Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland
 - Freshwater Pond

Freshwater Emergent Wetland

Lake Other Riverine This map is for general reference only. The US Fish and Wildlife Service is not responsible for the accuracy or currentness of the base data shown on this map. All wetlands related data should be used in accordance with the layer metadata found on the Wetlands Mapper web site.

Attachment B

Annotated Photographs (1 to 9)



Photo 1: Podunk River downstream of Pleasant Valley Road bridge; facing northerly



Photo 2: Upstream view of Pleasant Valley Road Bridge; facing southerly (downstream)



Photo 3: Podunk River downstream of Pleasant Valley Road bridge; facing southerly



Photo 4: This mowed lawn is a CT-regulated, moderately well drained, alluvial wetland (i.e., non-jurisdictional, federal); facing southerly (downstream)



Photo 5: Podunk River upstream of Pleasant Valley Road bridge; note emergent wetland cover type; facing northeasterly



Photo 6: Podunk River upriver of bridge structure; facing westerly



Photo 7: Mile-a-minute invasive infestation smothering native vegetation, upriver segment; facing easterly



Photo 8: Podunk River upriver of bridge structure; note bivalve (freshwater mussel), an Eastern Elliptio



Photo 9: Location of Transect/Plot U1, for jurisdictional wetland boundary determination; Plot W1 is within the river channel; downriver of bridge; facing westerly

Attachment C

Wetland Delineation & Characterization Field Form (Wetland A)

WETLAND DELINEATION & CHARACTERIZATION FIELD FORM

Project: Replacement of Pleas	0	l Brídge over	Wetland ID:	Α
Podunk Ríver, South	n Windsor, CT			
Inspection Dates: 11/6 §11/7/202	2 Wetland Flag		S-A1 to A7, RES-1A1	
	Series:		to 2A5, RES-3A1 to.	
			-100 to 103, FED-200	
Inspector(s): G. Logan	NWI	Classification	Codes: ¹ PF	O1/R5UBH
Masthay/Field Canditiana	00.000000		Construct Double	n/a
	<i>оs, sunny</i> 1 мат	Moist	Snow/Frost Depth:	<i>W/W</i>
Soil Moisture:				
Type of Wetland Delineation: $ $	State	🔀 Federal	Otł	ier
HGM Classification				
Surface Water Slope	[Surface Wat	ter Depression	
Groundwater Slope	[er Depression	
NWI Classification	·			
System:				
Palustrine	ustrine	🔀 Riverine	Estu	arine
Class:				
Forested	🔀 Scrub Shrub		🛛 Emergent	
Aquatic Bed	Unconsolidated	Bottom	Unconsolidate	ed Shore
Subclass:				
Broad-leaved deciduous	Needle-leaved e	evergreen	Persistent	
Non-persistent	Sand		Mud	
Other:				
Wetland Hydrology				
Seasonally Flooded	🛛 Temporarily F	looded	Semi-permaner	tly Flooded
Seasonally Saturated	Saturated		Permanently Flo	poded
Watercourse Type				
Intermittent	Perennial		Tidal	
Comments: Podunk Ríver				
Special Aquatic Habitats				
Vernal Pool	Bog		Fen	
<u>Comments</u> : n/a		1		

¹ The wetland unit could include more than one cover type. The dominant cover type is first.

Mapped Soil Series/Units

Soil Series (Map Unit Symbol)	WET	UP	DRAINAGE	NRCS	FIELD
			CLASS	MAPPED	CONFIRMED
Fluvaquents-Udífluvents (109)	\square		PD		\square
Límeríck & Lím (107)	\square		PD, VPD	\square	\square
udorthents-urban Land complex (304)		\boxtimes	MWD, WD	\boxtimes	\square

ED=excessively drained; SED=somewhat excessively drained; WD=well drained; MWD=moderately well drained; SPD=somewhat poorly drained; PD=poorly drained; VPD=very poorly drained

Observed Plants²

TREES:	<u>Red maple</u>	Catalpa	Amerícan elm
	<u>Tree of Heaven</u>	Sílver maple	Red oak
	Crabapple	<u>Boxelder</u>	
SHRUBS:	Sweet pepperbush	Winterberry	Speckled alder
	Sílky dogwood	Blackberríes/raspberríes	<u>Spícebush</u>
	Morrow's honeysuckle	<u>Multíflora rose</u>	Northern arrowwood
	Willows	<u>Japanese barberry</u>	<u>Japanese knotweed</u>
HERBS/MOSSES:	Sedges	Fringed sedge	Stinging nettle
Water mílfoíl	<u>Skunk cabbage</u>	Jewelweed	Sensítíve fern
Mugwort	Bedstraws	False nettle	New York fern
Barnyard grass	<u>Garlíc mustard</u>	Soft sedge	<u>Purple loosestrífe</u>
New York íronweed	Wood ferns	Purple willowherbs	Stícktíghts
Bushy aster	Enchanter's níghtshade	Yellow foxtaíl	Sweet cícely
Tall goldenrod	White avens	Roughstem goldenrod	Poíson ívy
<u>Reed canary grass</u>	Wild onion	<u>Stout wood reedgrass</u>	Burreed
VINES:	Poíson ívy	<u>Fox grape</u>	Vírgínía Creeper
	<u>Míle-a-mínute-víne</u>	Vírgín's bower	Ríver grape
	<u>Asíatíc bíttersweet</u>		

Observed Wildlife & Wildlife sign (within wetland or nearby)

Grackles (flock)	White-tailed deer	Raccoon	Green frog	Eastern ellíptío
Carolína wren				

<u>Notes</u>

This is a low gradient stretch of the Podunk River, with a sandy/mud/silt bottom

² Dominant plant species are <u>underlined</u>. Invasive species are <u>double underlined</u>. (s) = saplings/seedlings. (e) edge

Attachment D

USDA-NRCS Web Soil Survey

Soil Map—State of Connecticut (Pleasant Valley Road Bridge, South Windsor, CT)



National Cooperative Soil Survey

Conservation Service

MAP L	EGEND	MAP INFORMATION
Area of Interest (ACI) Image: Area of Interest (ACI) Image: Area of Interest (ACI) Soils Image: Area of Interest (ACI) <	EGEND Spoil Area Stony Spot Y	 The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:12,000. Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale. Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements. Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required. This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data at of the version date(s) listed below. Soil Survey Area: State of Connecticut Survey Area Data: Version 22, Sep 12, 2022 Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger. Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jul 15, 2019—Aug 29, 2019 The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background
 Miscellaneous Water Perennial Water Rock Outcrop Saline Spot Sandy Spot 		Survey Area Data: Version 22, Sep 12, 2022 Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger. Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jul 15, 2019—Aug 29, 2019 The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were
Slide or Slip		shining of map unit boundaries may be evident.



Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI	
25C	Brancroft silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	1.6	4.0%	
36A	Windsor loamy sand, 0 to 3 percent slopes	6.2	15.9%	
36B	Windsor loamy sand, 3 to 8 percent slopes	2.5	6.4%	
107	Limerick and Lim soils	8.8	22.5%	
236B	Windsor-Urban land complex, 0 to 8 percent slopes	3.3	8.5%	
304	Udorthents, loamy, very steep	13.7	34.9%	
306	Udorthents-Urban land complex	3.0	7.5%	
W	Water	0.1	0.3%	
Totals for Area of Interest		39.3	100.0%	



Attachment E

Wetland Function-Value Evaluation Form & Wetland Determination Data Form (for Jurisdictional Wetland Boundary)

	Wei	Wetland Function-Va	lue	Function-Value Evaluation Form	
Total area of wetland 33.5 Human made? N	Is wet	Is wetland part of a wildlife corridor? $\underline{\chi}$		or a "habitat island"? Latit	Wetland I.D. A Latitude 41º4858.20"N Longitude 72º3555.20"W
N N	park	Distance to nearest roadway or other development ~ 6	way or		a a
Dominant wetland systems present PFO1E, R5UBH	UBH	Contiguous undeveloped buffer zone present <u>N</u>	d buffe		Wetland Impact: Type Bridge Replacement Arca
Is the wetland a separate hydraulic system? N		If not, where does the wetland lie in the drainage basin? $\frac{\text{LOW}}{\text{N}}$	the dra		Evaluation based on:
	n/a		abunda	st)	Office X Field X Corps manual wetland delineation
Function/Value	Suitability Y / N	Rationale (Reference #)*	Principal Function	 (s)/Value(s) Con	completed? Y × N
Groundwater Recharge/Discharge	Т	2,3,4,5,7,11,15,16Y		both recharge and discharge are expected depending on the season	pected depending on the season
Floodflow Alteration	Х	1,4,5,6,8,10,11,13,17,18	۲		
Fish and Shellfish Habitat	Х	2,3,4,5,7,8,9,10,12,14,16,17, Y	Y		
Sediment/Toxicant Retention	×	1,2,3,4,7,8,10,12,14,16 <mark>Y</mark>	×		
Nutrient Removal	×	1,3,4,7,9,11,12	≻		
Production Export	Х	1,2,4,5,6,7,9,10,11,12,13	۲		
Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization	×	1,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,12,14,15 Y	≻		
🕳 Wildlife Habitat	X	1,2,3,5,6,7,8,9,11,12,13,15,17,19,20,21	≻		
Recreation	X	1,5,6,7,8,10,12	≻	Municipal park enhances opportunity for recreation at this wetland	ity for recreation at this wetland
Educational/Scientific Value	×	1,4,5,8,11,14	z		
Uniqueness/Heritage	X	3,4,5,7,9,11,12,14,16,18,19,22,24	≻	principal function mostly due to its association with a municipal park	association with a municipal park
Katherics Visual Quality/Aesthetics	×	2,3,7,8,	z		
ES Endangered Species Habitat	А	~	Х	subject wetland/watercourse at site is within CT DEEP NDDB estimated habitat area	CT DEEP NDDB estimated habitat area
Other					
Notae:				* Refer to hackin	* Refer to backup list of numbered considerations.

Notes: ٢

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Northcentral and Northeast Region

Project/Site: Replacmnt. of Pleasant Valley Brdg./Podunk Rvr. City/County: South W	Vindsor/Hartford Sampling Date: 11/6/22
Project/Site: Replacmnt. of Pleasant Valley Brdg./Podunk Rvr. City/County: South W Applicant/Owner: Town of South Windsor, CT	State: CT Sampling Point: W1
Coordina Longon MC DWC CCE	ange:
	concave, convex, none):
Slope (%): Lat: Long:	W Datum: WGS84
Soil Map Unit Name: Limenck and Lim (107)	NWI classification: R5UBH
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes $_$ No $_$	
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology significantly disturbed? Are	"Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology naturally problematic? (If ne	eeded, explain any answers in Remarks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point I	locations, transects, important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No Is the Sampled	d Area
Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No within a Wetla	V
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separate report.)	Wetland Site ID:
HYDROLOGY	
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
X Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) High Water Table (A2) X Aquatic Fauna (B13)	Drainage Patterns (B10) Moss Trim Lines (B16)
Aquatic Fable (A2) Aquatic Fable (B15) Marl Deposits (B15)	Moss Thin Lines (BT0) Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
X Water Marks (B1)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)
X Sediment Deposits (B2)	
X Drift Deposits (B3)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (
Iron Deposits (B5)	Shallow Aquitard (D3)
X Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks)	Microtopographic Relief (D4)
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations:	
Surface Water Present? Yes X No Depth (inches): 22	
Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (inches):	\sim
	etland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>×</u> No
(includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections	s), if available:
Deve edu	
Remarks:	

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	Dominance Test worksheet:
Tree Stratum (Plot size:)	% Cover	Species?	Status	Number of Dominant Species
1				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 2 (A)
2				
				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 2 (B)
3				
4		·	·	Percent of Dominant Species
5				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100 (A/B)
6				Developed a la developed a la sta
				Prevalence Index worksheet:
7				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
		= Total Co	ver	OBL species <u>70</u> x 1 = <u>70</u>
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size:)				FACW species x 2 =
1				FAC species x 3 =
			·	FACU species x 4 =
2			·	UPL species x 5 =
3				Column Totals: 70 (A) 70 (B)
4				
				Prevalence Index = B/A =
5			·	
6		·	·	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
7				Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
		= Total Co	ver	$\frac{X}{N}$ Dominance Test is >50%
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 10' x 20')				\underline{X} Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
<u>Herb Stratum</u> (Piot size: <u>1999 - 199</u>) 1. Myriophyllum spicatum	50	Y	OBL	Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
2. Sparganium fluctuas	20	Y	OBL	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
		·	·	
3		·	·	¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
4			·	be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
5				
				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
6				Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter
7				at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
8				Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH
9				and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
			·	
10		·	·	Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless
11				of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
12.				Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
	70	= Total Co	vor	height.
		- 1018100	VEI	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:)				
1			·	
2				
				Ibideenbertie
3			·	Hydrophytic Vegetation
4			·	Present? Yes X No
		= Total Co	ver	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate	sheet.)			

Depth	Matrix			x Feature		0				
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture		Remarks	
0 - 12	10YR 2/1						lvfs	In channel	, inundated	
	10YR 4/1						ls			
	·				·	·				
	·				·					
	·									
					·					
		<u> </u>			·					
	·	<u> </u>			· <u> </u>					
	Concentration, D=Depl	etion, RM=I	Reduced Matrix, CS	S=Covere	d or Coate	d Sand Gr		cation: PL=P		
-	Indicators:					_		for Problem	-	
Histoso	l (A1) pipedon (A2)	-	Polyvalue Belo MLRA 149B		(S8) (LR F	RR,		Muck (A10) (L Prairie Redo		
	listic (A3)		Thin Dark Surfa	,	RR R. MI	_RA 149B		Mucky Peat or		
	en Sulfide (A4)	-	Loamy Mucky					Surface (S7) (,
	d Layers (A5)	-	Loamy Gleyed					alue Below Su		RR K, L)
·	ed Below Dark Surface	e (A11)	Depleted Matrix					Dark Surface (
	ark Surface (A12)	-	Redox Dark Su	. ,				langanese Ma		
	Mucky Mineral (S1) Gleyed Matrix (S4)	-	Depleted Dark Redox Depress		-7)			nont Floodplain Spodic (TA6)		
	Redox (S5)	-	Redux Depress					Parent Materia		, 14J, 14 J D
	d Matrix (S6)							Shallow Dark		2)
Dark Su	urface (S7) (LRR R, M	LRA 149B))				Other	(Explain in Re	emarks)	
3										
	of hydrophytic vegetati	on and wet	land hydrology mus	st be prese	ent, unless	disturbed	or problemati	С.		
	Layer (if observed):									
Type:							Undria Sai	I Present?	vaa X	No
	nches):						Hyunc Sol	I Flesent?		NO
Remarks:										

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Northcentral and Northeast Region

Project/Site: Replacmnt. of Pleasant Valley Brdg./Podunk Rv	r. City/County: South Windsor/Hartford Sampling Date: 11/6/22
Applicant/Owner: Town of South Windsor, CT	r. City/County: South Windsor/Hartford Sampling Date: 11/6/22 State: CT Sampling Point: U1
Occurrent Lawrent MO DIA/O OOF	Section, Township, Range:
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.):riverbank, river channel	
	Local relief (concave, convex, none):
Slope (%): <u>45</u> Lat: <u>41°48'56.20"N</u>	
Soil Map Unit Name: Limerick and Lim (107)	NWI classification: R5UBH
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time o	
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology significant	ntly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology naturally	problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showi	ng sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No X Hydric Soil Present? Yes No X	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes No
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No _X	If yes, optional Wetland Site ID:
HYDROLOGY	
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that app	ly) Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
Surface Water (A1) Water-Stain	ed Leaves (B9) Drainage Patterns (B10)
High Water Table (A2) Aquatic Fau	na (B13) Moss Trim Lines (B16)
Saturation (A3) Marl Deposit	ts (B15) Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
	ulfide Odor (C1) Crayfish Burrows (C8)
	nizospheres on Living Roots (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
	Reduced Iron (C4) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
	Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) Geomorphic Position (D2)
Iron Deposits (B5) Thin Muck S	
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Expla	
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Field Observations:	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Surface Water Present? Yes <u>No X</u> Depth (inch	nes).
	nes):
	nes): Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No X
(includes capillary fringe)	,
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial pl	iotos, previous inspections), if available:
Remarks:	

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

-	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator					
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 15' x 30')		Species?		Dominance Test worksheet:				
1. Acer negundo	10	Y	FAC	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: ³ (A)				
2				Total Number of Dominant				
3				Species Across All Strata: <u>6</u> (B)				
4				Percent of Dominant Species				
5				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 50 (A/B)				
6				Prevalence Index worksheet:				
7				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:				
	10	= Total Cov	rer	OBL species x 1 =				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15' x 15')		_		FACW species 5 x 2 = 10				
Rosa multiflora	8	Y	FACU	FAC species <u>18</u> x 3 = <u>54</u>				
2. Swida amomum	5	Y	FACW	FACU species 28 x 4 = 112				
				UPL species 7 x 5 = 35				
3				Column Totals: <u>58</u> (A) <u>211</u> (B)				
4				Prevalence Index = $B/A = \frac{3.63}{2}$				
5								
6				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:				
7				Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation				
	13	= Total Cov	rer	Dominance Test is >50% Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 6' diam.)				Prevalence index is \$5.0 Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting				
1. Artemisia vulgaris	7	Y	UPL	data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)				
2. Alliaria petiolata	20	Υ	FACU	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)				
3. Setaria pumila	8	Y	FAC					
4 Allium canadense	3	N	FACU	¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.				
5. Echinochloa crus-galli	5	N	FAC					
6. Carex laxiflora	5	N	UPL	Definitions of Vegetation Strata:				
				Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.				
				Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.				
9								
				Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.				
11				Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in				
12	48			height.				
		= Total Cov	rer					
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:)								
1								
2								
3				Hydrophytic				
4				Vegetation Present? Yes <u>No X</u>				
		= Total Cov	rer					
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate	sheet.)							

Profile Desc	cription: (Describe	to the dept				or confirn	n the absence	of indicato	ors.)		
Depth (inches)	Matrix Color (moist)					Loc ²	Texture		Remarks	e	
0 - 10	7.5YR 3/3	70		%	<u> </u>		lfs	alluvium		<u>></u>	
10 - 20	7.5YR 4/3						ls				
	7.5YR 4/4										
		·									
		<u> </u>									
$\frac{1}{1}$ Type: C=C	oncentration, D=Depl	etion RM=	Reduced Matrix C		d or Coate	d Sand G	rains ² Lo	cation: PL=I	Pore Lining	M=Matrix	
Hydric Soil			Reduced Matrix, Co				Indicators	for Probler	matic Hydri	ic Soils ³ :	•
Histosol		-	Polyvalue Belo		(S8) (LRF	RR,		Muck (A10) (•		,
	pipedon (A2) stic (A3)		MLRA 149B Thin Dark Surfa	,	.RR R, MI	LRA 149B		Prairie Redo Mucky Peat o			
	en Sulfide (A4)	-	Loamy Mucky I			, L)		Surface (S7)			
	d Layers (A5) d Below Dark Surface	e (A11)	Loamy Gleyed Depleted Matrix		.)		-	alue Below S Dark Surface			_)
Thick Da	ark Surface (A12)		Redox Dark Su	irface (F6)			Iron-M	langanese M	lasses (F12	2) (LRR K,	
	lucky Mineral (S1) Gleyed Matrix (S4)	-	Depleted Dark Redox Depress		-7)			ont Floodpla Spodic (TA6			
Sandy R	Redox (S5)	-					Red F	Parent Materi	al (TF2)		- /
	l Matrix (S6) rface (S7) (LRR R, N	II RA 1498)					Shallow Dark (Explain in F		F12)	
									(onlance)		
	f hydrophytic vegetat Layer (if observed):	ion and wet	land hydrology mu	st be prese	ent, unless	s disturbed	l or problemati	С.			
Type:	Layer (il observeu).										
	ches):						Hydric Soi	I Present?	Yes	No	X
Remarks:											