TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

of the

Town of South Windsor, Connecticut

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Finance Department

Patricia Perry Director of Finance

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November 30, 2020

Mayor Andrew Paterna Town Council Members Residents of South Windsor

I am pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Town of South Windsor, Connecticut ("the Town") to document the Town's financial position and results of operations as of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This report includes the Town's basic financial statements which are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and have been audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Blum, Shapiro & Company, P.C., Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified opinion on the Town's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

To provide further accountability to our residents this report includes notably more information and analysis than just the basic financial statements, and as such is titled the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, commonly referred to as the CAFR. This report will be submitted by the December 31 due date to the State of Connecticut. Other interested parties such as grantor agencies, the Town's bondholders and rating agencies will use the information to reach conclusions about the Town's financial stability.

After Introductory information, the report is broken down into three additional sections: Financial Supplementary, and Statistical. The Town's basic financial statements, notes and analysis are contained in the second section. Management's Discussion and analysis ("MD&A") provides a narrative, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A is designed to complement this letter of transmission and should be read in conjunction with it. The Financial Section also includes the independent auditor's report.

The third section of the report contains Supplementary information which provides details on General Fund financial activity, special revenue funds, and pension & OPEB trust funds. The Statistical Section provides meaningful ten-year trend information on the Town's financial performance, revenue capacity, debt capacity demographic and economic indicators as well as operating information.

Separate Compliance Reports are part of a broader state and federal mandated "Single Audit" designated to meet special needs of federal and state grantor agencies. The standards governing the Federal and State Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal and state awards. These reports are available in the Town's separately issued Federal and State Compliance Reports.

Town management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, which is based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls that is has established. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

TOWN PROFILE

The Town of South Windsor (the "Town") was founded in 1633 as part of Windsor and in 1845 incorporated as a separate municipality. Throughout most of its history, the Town has been an agriculture community as a result of its fertile land and abundant water resources. Today, however, South Windsor affords a blend of residential living, retail, high-tech industry and open space.

Located just northeast of Hartford, the Town occupies 28.5 square miles bounded by East Windsor and Ellington to the north, Vernon to the east, Manchester and East Hartford to the south, and the Connecticut River to the west. The Town is located equidistant from New York City and Boston and is only 20 miles south of Springfield, Massachusetts. South Windsor has immediate access to interstates 84, 91, and 291 and is only minutes from Bradley International Airport. Freight lines connect the Town to the entire northeast corridor.

The Town of South Windsor has been organized under the Council-Manager form of government since 1960 with a nine-member Council elected at large (the "Town Council"). The legislative function is performed by a bipartisan Town Council of nine members, who are elected biennially for two-year terms. Minority political party representation is guaranteed in that no political party may have more than six members. The Town Council elects a Mayor from its membership for the two-year term. The Council appoints the Town Manager for an indefinite term. The Town Manager is the Chief Administrative Officer of the Town and serves at the pleasure of the Town Council. The Town Manager is appointed by the Town Council on the basis of professional executive training and other qualifications.

The Town Manager is directly responsible to the Council for planning, organizing and directing municipal activities, except schools and commissions appointed by the Council, and also serves as the Personnel Director.

The Town Manager appoints department heads; oversees the compliance of local laws and ordinances; provides recommendations and reports to the Council; prepares the annual budget and the annual report; keeps the Council advised on the Town's financial condition; and performs other duties prescribed by Charter, ordinance or Council resolution.

The Town's public school system provides a balanced curriculum for approximately 4,100 students. There are more than a dozen local colleges and universities in the area for both undergraduate and graduate studies. The public school system consists of four schools for pupils in grades K through 5, one middle school for pupils in grades 6-8 and one high school for pupils in grades 9-12. The school system is governed by a nine-member elected Board of Education.

The Town provides a full range of services to its citizens. These include: police and fire protection, emergency medical services; education; library services; public works (streets, waste disposal, engineering and infrastructure maintenance); parks and recreation (parks, athletic fields, and tennis courts); senior services and cultural events; health and welfare services and general administrative services.

LOCAL ECONOMY

The COVID-19 crisis has had a major impact on all including our local economy. Mandated business closures have created record unemployment rates and will surely have an impact on future revenues and spending. South Windsor has a strong financial position to weather this storm. Policies and conservative budgeting has allowed the Town to establish a new Tax Stabilization Reserve and build Fund Balances to record numbers.

South Windsor is a primarily residential community that features farm lands as well as desirable suburban real estate. The 2010 U.S. Census report shows that over half the employed population of the Town work in finance, insurance, educational and manufacturing occupations with over 51% of the working population having earned bachelor's and advanced college degrees.

The Town has traditionally exhibited a lower unemployment rate compared to other towns in the area and this year is no exception. According to the State of CT Department of Labor, at June 30, 2020, the unemployment rate in South Windsor was 8.3% while in Hartford County it was 9.9%. The Town's unemployment rate is also significantly lower than the 2020 State annual average unemployment rate of 10.1% and national rate of 11.1%.

South Windsor's October 1, 2018 grand list, effective for the 2019-2020 fiscal year, increased .74% or \$20.2 million from the previous year. Growth was primarily due to increases in Real Estate and Motor Vehicles. The 2018 net taxable grand list totals \$2.7 billion and its components are comprised of 62.70% residential, 17.14% commercial, 12.64% personal property and 7.52% motor vehicle. The Town continues to maintain a balanced mix of retail, light industry, manufacturing and retirement communities and its top ten taxpayers comprise 9.60% of the total net assessed value on the October 1, 2018 grand list. Table 6 in the Statistical Section lists details the top taxpayers. Because this list constitutes less than 10% of the total base of taxpayers, the financial distress of any one taxpayer would not impair the stability of tax revenues. The Town's property collection rate has been consistently above 98% for the past ten years. Increased collection efforts resulted in a 99.31% collection rate, which exceeded the 98.8% assumed in the fiscal year 2020 budget.

South Windsor has a well-balanced, economically diverse mix of businesses and light manufacturing uses, commercial office buildings, medical facilities and retail space. The number of Residential and Commercial Building Permits totaled 2,339 or an 8.4% increase over previous fiscal year. Notable economic Development included the following:

- A 200,000 square foot warehouse was completed for The Coca-Cola Bottling Co. of Northern New England (CCNNE);
- A 421,000 square foot distribution center on 46 acres at the intersection of Ellington and Chapel Roads is nearing completion. The facility will be leased long term by the Home Depot;
- Vintage Lane II, a six-lot subdivision of single-family homes off Barber Hill Road, is in preliminary approval and design process;
- Construction is well underway at the new Gateway Plaza East, LLC which when completed will house a Chase Bank and Aldi Grocery Store;

- Kilkenny Heights II, a 12-lot subdivision of single-family homes at the intersection of Maskel and Abbe Roads, is in the preliminary approval and design phase;
- The Learning Experience, a 10,000 square foot daycare center at Evergreen walk is under construction; and
- Chestnut Ridge, a 19-lot subdivision of single-family homes on Barber Hill Road is in the preliminary approval and design process.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

In fiscal year 2020, the Town issued \$18,000,000 of anticipatory notes for the construction of the new Eli Terry and Phillip R. Smith Elementary Schools and \$13,500,000 in general obligation bonds to finance ongoing construction of the new Eli Terry and PR Smith elementary schools, and roadwork/drainage improvements. In the next fiscal year, the Town plans to issue debt to permanently finance the two new elementary schools and roadwork / drainage improvements.

The Town maintains adequate unreserved fund balance to ensure consistent cash flow, generate interest income and offer flexibility for unanticipated opportunities. In addition, fiscally responsible budgeting has been key in maintaining the Town's strong bond rating of AA+ from Standard and Poor and Aa2 from Moody's. Each year the Town adopts a capital improvement budget and prepares a 5-year capital plan. The Town continued to manage a number of projects including the following:

- PRS and Eli Terry new elementary school construction was completed with staff moving classrooms in preparation for the start of the 2020/2021 school year.
- Phase II of the Skate Park at Nevers Park was completed and opened to the public in late fall.
- The Library elevator was completely overhauled and planning/engineering for the Ellsworth elevator install and Town Hall elevator replacement started.
- The Town and Board of Education converted several buildings from oil to natural gas; including the Community Center and Police Department, South Windsor High School and Timothy Edwards Middle School.

• In October 2013, the Board of Education adopted the Elementary Facilities Ten-Year Master Plan to address our five aging elementary school buildings, which range in age from 51 to 63 years old. This plan stems from the 2011-2014 Strategic Plan which called for the development of a "long-range elementary facilities plan that promotes a safe, engaging learning environment accessible to all students and community members." The Plan calls for a three-phased approach using multiple referenda to address the elementary facilities needs over a span of ten years. Phase I the new Orchard Hill School opening in August 2017. The new building is 71,729 square feet, and houses students in grades K-5. Phase II of the Ten-Year Elementary Facilities Master Plan calls for the construction of two new K-5 schools: Philip R. Smith Elementary a 58,243 building and Eli Terry Elementary a 66,586 building. Construction began in February 2019 and both schools opened in August 2020 for the 2020/2021 school year. Phase III to construct the new Pleasant Valley School passed referendum in March of 2020 and preliminary architectural and construction work has begun.

ACCOUNTING AND BUDGETING

The Finance Department includes Accounting, Revenue Collection and Tax Assessment. In developing and evaluating the Town's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits to be derived, and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the Town's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance to record transactions.

The accounts of the Town are organized in funds and accounted for on the Town's financial management system. Each fund operates with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures. Budgetary control of disbursements and encumbrances against appropriations is maintained by department, division or major activity. The Town also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique towards accomplishing budgetary control.

The Town of South Windsor adopts its General Government Operating, Board of Education and Special Revenue Fund budgets in accordance with the provisions of its Charter and the Connecticut General Statutes. The adopted budgets cover the fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30.

The Superintendent of South Windsor's Public Schools develops a district budget that recognizes the need to balance state and local constraints with the needs of the students. This budget is submitted to the South Windsor Board of Education. The Board of Education holds several work sessions to discuss the Superintendent's proposed budget, votes to approve a budget at its last regular meeting in February, and must submit a budget to the Town Council not later than March 15th.

A public hearing to receive citizen input on the proposed Town Manager's budget shall be held no later than May 7th. After the Town Council considers the recommendations from the public hearings, the Town Council modifies the budgets as it deems appropriate and adopts the General Government Operating, Board of Education and Special Revenue Fund budgets.

Annually, the Town Council adopts a five-year Capital Improvement Plan. This plan is reviewed and modified by the Capital Projects Committee as necessary. The Capital Projects Committee, which consists of elected officials and staff from both the Town and Board of Education, determines the priority of each project and decides which year the projects should be completed.

Balanced Budget Requirement

A balanced budget is one where revenues are equal to expenses. Section 706 of the Town Charter requires that the adopted budget be in balance. The Council shall determine the amount to be raised by taxes less other estimated income and surplus or deficit to pay the expenses of the Town for the year.

Amendments and Additions to the Budget

Adoption of the Town budget sets the appropriation for each item listed separately for each department, office or commission.

Budget transfers may be necessary for any one of several reasons. At times, objectives may be realigned requiring the corresponding realignment of resources. Transfers may also be needed as a result of actual expenditures that vary from original estimates. Section 711 of the Town Charter allows for transfers of any unencumbered appropriation. The Town Council has the authority to transfer amounts, except those of the Board of Education, between departments. Transfer of funds within the same department made by requested by the Department Head with approval from the Town Manager.

Section 315 allows for the Town Council, by affirmative vote of not less than six members, to add to the annual budget appropriation a sum not to exceed \$25,000 in any one fiscal year. Any amount greater than \$25,000 that is not an emergency appropriation requires a public hearing.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial reporting to the Town of South Windsor for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award, recognizing conformance with the highest standard for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, who contents conform to program standards. Such CAFR must satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of American and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement for a CAFR is valid for a period of one year only. The Town of South Windsor believes our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requires, and we are submitting it to GFOA for consideration once again. The Town was also presented a Distinguished Budget Presentation Award from the GFOA for the past six years.

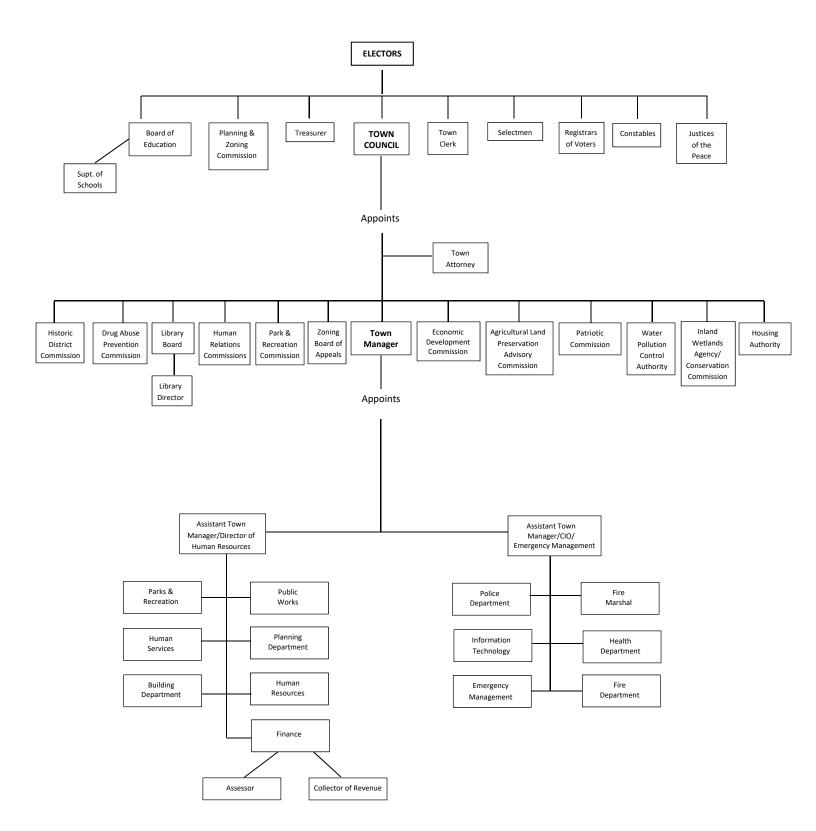
The preparation of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department. I would like to thank Blum, Shapiro & Company, P.C., our independent auditors, for their efforts and counsel during the audit, CAFR preparation and submission process. The continuing support of the Town Manager, Mayor and members of the Town Council, who remain committed to fiscal integrity and financial leadership, is greatly appreciated.

Respectfully submitted,

Patricia Perry

Director of Finance

Town of South Windsor Organizational Chart



Town of South Windsor Listing of Principal Officials June 30, 2020

TOWN COUNCIL Andrew Paterna, Mayor

Elizabeth Pendleton, Deputy Mayor Audrey Delnicki Erica Evans Mary Justine Hockenberry Cesar Lopez Karen Lydecker Lisa M. Maneeley Janice A. Snyder

BOARD OF EDUCATION Craig Zimmerman, Chairman

Jessica Waterhouse, Vice Chairman Beth Esstman, Secretary Arthur Adduci Anitha Elango Michael Gonzalez Marek Kozikowski James O'Brien Mcihael Pare

ADMINISTRATION

Dr. Kate Carter, Superintendent of Schools Sheryl L. Mortensen, Assistant Superintendent Colin J. McNamara, Assistant Superintendent Chris M. Chemerka, Director of Finance & Operations

TOWN DEPARTMENTS

Michael Maniscalco, Town Manager

Bonnie Armstrong, Town Clerk Andrea Cofrancesco, Director of Human Services Christopher Dougan, Chief Building Official Scott Custer, Chief of Police Mary Etter, Library Director Raymond Favreau, Director of Recreation Michael Gantick, Director of Public Works

Jennifer Hilinski-Shirley, Tax Collector Mary Huda, Assessor Michele Lipe, Director of Planning Patricia Perry, Director of Finance Vanessa Perry, Assistant Town Manager/ Director of Human Resources Scott Roberts, Assistant Town Manager/CIO Walter Summers, Fire Marshal



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of South Windsor Connecticut

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO





29 South Main Street P.O. Box 272000 West Hartford, CT 06127-2000 Tel 860.561.4000

blumshapiro.com

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Town Council
Town of South Windsor, Connecticut

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of South Windsor, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of South Windsor, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of South Windsor, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2020 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information and the pension and OPEB schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of South Windsor, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them. We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of the Town of South Windsor, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated December 4, 2019, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. accompanying General Fund balance sheet as of June 30, 2019 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2019 financial statements. The accompanying General Fund balance sheet has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2019 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the General Fund balance sheet is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2020 on our consideration of the Town of South Windsor, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of South Windsor, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of South Windsor, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

West Hartford, Connecticut

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

November 30, 2020

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

As management of the Town of South Windsor our discussion and analysis of the Town's financial performance provides an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the transmittal letter and the basic financial statements to enhance understanding of the Town's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

- Total net position of our governmental activities at the end of the fiscal year was \$179,596,238
 an increase of \$21,425,682 or 13.5% over the previous fiscal year. Of the Town's total net
 position at June 30, 2020, \$1,801,965 is unrestricted and may be used to meet the operating
 needs of the Town.
- On a government wide basis, revenues totaled \$168,520,191 while expenses equaled \$147,094,509.
- Total cost of all of the Town's government programs was \$21,425,682 less than the generated revenues. No new programs were added this year.
- The Town bonded \$13,500,000 to permanently finance construction of the new Eli Terry, and PR Smith Elementary School construction. In addition, the Town issued \$18,000,000 in Bond Anticipation Notes to provide temporary financing for Eli Terry, PR Smith Elementary School construction and road and drainage improvements.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities (Exhibits I and II, respectively) provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Town's finances. Fund financial statements are presented in Exhibits III to IX. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Town's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the Town acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The analysis of the Town as a whole begins on Exhibits I and II. The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about the Town as a whole and about its activities for the current period. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Town's net position and any annual change. The Town's net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the Town's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader needs to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's capital assets, to assess the overall health of the Town.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the Town reports its activities as follows:

 Governmental Activities - The Town's basic services are reported here, including education, public safety, public works, sanitation, culture and recreation, debt service and general administration. Property taxes, charges for services and state and federal grants finance these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin with Exhibit III and provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the Town as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by Charter. However, the Town establishes many other funds to help control and manage financial activities for particular purposes (such as the Sewer Operating Fund) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using grants and other money (such as grants received for education from the State and Federal governments). The Town's funds are divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

- Governmental Funds (Exhibits III and IV) Most of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation included with the fund financial statements.
- Proprietary Funds (Exhibits V to VII) When the Town charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the Town, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities. The Town's proprietary fund consists of the Town's internal service fund and is used to report the Town's self-insurance program.
- Fiduciary Funds (Exhibits VIII and IX) The Town is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plans and other post-employment benefit plans. All of the Town's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded from the Town's other financial statements because the Town cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Town is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The Town's government-wide activities net position changed from a year ago, increasing from \$158,170,556 to \$179,596,238. Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a Town's financial position and an important determinant of its ability to finance services in the future. Town of South Windsor's total assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$21,425,682 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far, the largest portion of the Town of South Windsor's net reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, vehicles, furniture and equipment, water systems and infrastructure) less related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The Town of South Windsor uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of South Windsor's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the Town's governmental activities.

TABLE 1 NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities					
	2020		2019			
Current assets Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 49,079,053 281,799,435	\$	242,365,514			
Total assets	330,878,488		301,478,801			
Deferred outflows of resources	4,832,332		2,475,192			
Long-term liabilities outstanding	28,464,486		28,280,339			
Other liabilities	121,097,412		110,736,568			
Total liabilities	149,561,898	• ,	139,016,907			
Deferred inflows of resources	6,552,684		6,766,530			
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets	177,794,273		148,370,264			
Unrestricted	1,801,965		9,800,292			
Total Net Position	\$ 179,596,238	\$	158,170,556			

TABLE 2 CHANGE IN NET POSITION

Governmental

		Activities				
	-	2020		2019		
Revenues:	•		_			
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	12,192,059	\$	12,841,851		
Operating grants and contributions		32,169,037		21,595,479		
Capital grants and contributions		13,098,762		3,298,714		
General revenues:						
Property taxes		108,137,590		104,691,701		
Grants and contributions not restricted						
to specific purposes		2,026,181		1,588,087		
Unrestricted investment earnings	_	896,562	_	1,047,880		
Total revenues		168,520,191		145,063,712		
Expenses:						
General government		6,241,142		5,578,183		
Public safety		11,561,692		11,236,537		
Public works		21,897,888		17,646,682		
Human services		1,756,175		1,930,710		
Culture and recreation		5,998,664		6,385,948		
Education		97,695,610		84,508,649		
Debt service	_	1,943,338		2,460,980		
Total expenses	-	147,094,509		129,747,689		
Increase in Net Position		21,425,682		15,316,023		
Beginning Net Position	-	158,170,556		142,854,533		
Ending Net Position	\$_	179,596,238	\$_	158,170,556		

As noted above, total revenues were \$168,520,191 and the total cost of all programs and services was \$147,094,509. Our analysis below considers the operations of the fiscal year's governmental activities.

Governmental Activities

The Town's net position increased \$21,425,682 during the current fiscal year. This increase reflects total revenues generated through increased property tax revenues, and other various revenues that exceed operating costs. Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements changed from \$9.8 million at June 30, 2019 to \$1.7 million at the end of this year.

For governmental activities, approximately 64.2% of the revenues were derived from Property Taxes, followed by 19.1% in Operating Grants & Contributions and 7.2% in Charges for Services.

Major revenue factors included:

- Operating Grants increased \$10,573,558 due to the increase of on-behalf OPEB and Pension contributions relating to the State Teachers' Retirement System.
- Property tax revenues recorded during fiscal year 2020 reflect a .74% in grand list growth resulting in increased collections, strengthened collection policies and tax sale proceeds increased prioryear tax collections, interest and liens.
- Capital grants and contributions reflected an increase of \$9,800,048 over the previous year due
 to grant reimbursement requests for school construction costs including the new Eli Terry and PR
 Smith Elementary Schools.

For governmental activities, 66.4% of the Town's expenditures relate to education, 14.9% to public works, 7.9% to public safety, 4.2% for general government and 4.1% to culture and recreation. These percentages are fairly consistent with the prior year.

The Town continues to employ various cost control methods to keep expenditures as low as possible. These involve ongoing monthly review of all town expenditures as compared to budget; Town Manager review of all purchase orders; and shared service purchasing or state-contract equipment and supplies where possible. The Town continues to be proactive in controlling employee benefit costs through implementation of wellness incentives; working with our insurance broker and negotiating with bargaining units.

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the Town's programs - general government, public safety, public works, human services, culture and recreation, education and debt service - as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the Town's taxpayers by each of these functions.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TABLE 3

	_	Total Cos	t of	Services	_	Net Cost of	Services
	_	2020		2019		2020	2019
General government	\$	6,241,142	\$	5,578,183	\$	(3,205,649) \$	(3,006,785)
Public safety		11,561,692		11,236,537		(11,159,852)	(10,897,647)
Public works		21,897,888		17,646,682		(3,116,012)	(9,135,378)
Human services		1,756,175		1,930,710		(1,412,966)	(1,339,945)
Culture and recreation		5,998,664		6,385,948		(4,214,486)	(3,708,714)
Education		97,695,610		84,508,649		(64,582,348)	(61,462,196)
Debt service	_	1,943,338	_	2,460,980		(1,943,338)	(2,460,980)
Total	\$_	147,094,509	\$_	129,747,689	\$	(89,634,651) \$	(92,011,645)

Town Funds Financial Analysis

Governmental Funds

The Town's governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet - Exhibit III) reported combined ending fund balances of \$11,345,801 inclusive of an unassigned fund balance of \$(2,197,545).

The General Fund is the operating fund of the Town. Fund balance of the Town's General Fund increased by \$8,604,464 during the current fiscal year. At June 30, 2020, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$22,780,140 while total fund balance was \$30,688,624. The increase in fund balance is due to greater than expected revenues for building permits, recording fees and investment earnings combined with expenditure savings in General Government, Public Works and Insurance and Benefit line items.

The Town's collection rate in fiscal year 2020 was 99.31%, which is slightly higher than the average collection rate over the past five fiscal years.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The approved Town budget (including education) for fiscal year 2019/2020 was \$122,626,358. Education expenses continued to be the largest component at 61.5%, followed by public safety at 7.8%, and public works at 7.2%.

During the year, actual revenues and other financing sources on a budgetary basis were \$125,887,694 which exceeded budgetary estimates by \$3,261,336. Increased collection enforcement pushed the collection rate to 99.3% versus the budgeted collection rate of 98.9% and generated positive variances in prior-year taxes, interest and lien revenue accounts. State of Connecticut Education Grants exceeded conservative budget estimates and added \$713,207 to the positive variance. Charges for current services exceeded budget expectations by \$1,239,809 primarily due to increased activity for building and fire marshal permits due to new construction and economic development, and higher Town Clerk fees. Investment income was \$110,223 over budget due to investing a portion of cash not currently needed into longer-term investments for higher interest rates.

Actual expenditures on a budgetary basis and other financing uses totaled \$119,592,593 which was less than budgeted by \$3,033,765. Public Safety and Public Works and Insurance/Benefit accounts contributed \$584,478, \$677,646 and \$692,587 respectively to the overall positive variance due to unfilled positions, overtime savings and overall cost containment.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Asset

The Town of South Windsor's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2020 totals \$281,799,435 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, roads, bridges, machinery and equipment, vehicles park facilities, wastewater collection systems and construction in progress. The increase in total capital assets, net of depreciation, over the prior fiscal year was \$39,433,921.

TABLE 4
CAPITAL ASSETS (Net of Depreciation)

		Governmental Activities						
	-	2020		2019				
Land	\$	19,483,267	\$	19,376,971				
Buildings		89,436,129		61,671,406				
Improvements other than buildings		15,989,807		16,106,395				
Furniture and equipment		7,547,246		6,922,797				
Infrastructure		79,880,731		73,826,098				
Construction in progress	_	69,462,255		64,461,847				
Total	\$_	281,799,435	\$	242,365,514				

Major capital asset activity during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Road reconstruction of the Avery Heights Neighborhood
- Additions to CIP for Eli Terry and PR Smith Elementary school projects
- Completion and addition of the new Orchard Hill Elementary School
- Purchase of 1355 Ellington Road for open space
- Purchase Public Works heavy equipment and Police Interceptor Vehicles
- Oil Tank Conversions at several Town and School sites
- Backus Windrow Compost Turner
- Depreciation expense in the amount of \$5,082,468.

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-Term Debt

In the current year, the Town issued \$13,500,000 of general obligation bonds to be financed over 20 years with interest rates ranging from 2% to 5%. The bonds will permanently finance elementary school construction, and road/drainage project. At June 30, 2020, the Town had \$79,471,584 in bonds and notes outstanding versus \$71,571,146 in the previous year. All of the debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the Town.

The Town issued bond anticipation notes (BANS) in the amount of \$18,000,000 for the construction of two new elementary schools. The plan is to issue bonds after projects are completed.

Debt service expenditures will continue to increase over the next several years as the Town permanently finances expenditures of \$69.9 million for the construction of the Eli Terry and PR Smith Elementary Schools and \$15 million for road and drainage projects as approved in 2018 per referendum. All projects are part of the Board of Education 10-year elementary facilities plan and 5-year capital projects plan.

The Town of South Windsor maintains an AA+ rating for Standard and Poor's and an Aa2 rating from Moody's Investors Service. The overall statutory debt limit for the Town of South Windsor is equal to seven times annual receipts from taxation or \$740 million. As of June 30, 2020, the Town recorded total net debt of \$141 million, well below its statutory debt limits.

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave. More detailed information about the Town's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 7 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Town Council considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2020-2021 budget. The Town Council adopted a policy statement to lower than annual mill rate and discontinue the use of Unassigned Fund Balance. The financial impact of the annual budget on residents was the primary concern of town officials. General Fund appropriations totaled \$124,347,922 in the fiscal year 2021 adopted budget. The mill rate to support these expenditures was set at 37.88 or a decrease of 1.62 mills.

General Fund spending increased by \$1,721,564, an increase of 1.40% over the fiscal year 2020 budget. The largest increase was to Debt Service with an increase of \$876,776 followed by increases for contractual obligations, and program improvements. The fiscal year 2021 General Fund budget discontinued the use of unassigned General Fund balance but assigned \$500,000 from the Tax Stabilization funds in order to mitigate the tax increase of the increased appropriations.

Unemployment in the Town as of June 2020 was 8.3% versus 3.3% in June 2019. The State's unemployment rate was 10.1% and 3.7% and the national rate was 11.1% and 4.0% for the same time period.

Contacting the Town's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Michael Maniscalco, Town Manager, Town of South Windsor, 1540 Sullivan Avenue, South Windsor, Connecticut, 06074.

Basic Financial Statements

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 46,009,614
Investments	143,008
Receivables, net	2,905,696
Inventory	20,485
Prepaid items	250
Capital assets not being depreciated	88,945,522
Capital assets being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation	192,853,913
Total assets	330,878,488
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
Deferred charge on refunding	350,365
Deferred outflows related to pensions	2,077,744
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	2,404,223
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,832,332
Liabilitiaa	
Liabilities:	9,484,121
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Unearned revenue	980,365
Notes payable	18,000,000
Noncurrent liabilities:	10,000,000
Due within one year	9,485,888
Due in more than one year	111,611,524
Total liabilities	149,561,898
	110,001,000
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Advance property tax collections	3,792,616
Deferred inflows related to pensions	1,019,406
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	1,740,662
Total deferred inflows of resources	6,552,684
Net Position:	
Net investment in capital assets	177,794,273
Unrestricted	1,801,965
Total Net Position	\$ 179,596,238

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

			_		Pro	ogram Revenud	es		_	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs	_	Expenses	_	Charges for Services	_	Operating Grants and Contributions	_	Capital Grants and Contributions	_	Governmental Activities
Governmental activities: General government Public safety Public works Human services Culture and recreation Education Interest on long-term debt	\$	6,241,142 11,561,692 21,897,888 1,756,175 5,998,664 97,695,610 1,943,338	\$	2,538,788 351,591 5,821,633 211,860 1,747,937 1,520,250	\$	489,405 50,249 389,533 131,349 36,241 31,072,260	\$	7,300 12,570,710 520,752	\$	(3,205,649) (11,159,852) (3,116,012) (1,412,966) (4,214,486) (64,582,348) (1,943,338)
Total	\$\frac{147,094,509}{\$} \\$\frac{12,192,059}{\$} \\$\frac{32,169,037}{\$} \\$\frac{13,098,762}{\$}\$\$ General revenues: Property taxes Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs Unrestricted investment earnings Total general revenues Change in Net Position Net Position at Beginning of Year								-	(89,634,651) 108,137,590 2,026,181 896,562 111,060,333 21,425,682 158,170,556
		et Position at E							\$_	179,596,238

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

		General		Capital Projects Fund	_	Sewer Operating Fund	-	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	 Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net Due from other funds Other assets	\$ -	40,290,946 2,129,812 1,566,377	\$	198,730	\$	30,035 457,326 1,808,237	\$	970,164 143,008 99,981 3,331,317 20,735	\$ 41,291,145 143,008 2,885,849 6,705,931 20,735
Total Assets	\$_	43,987,135	\$	198,730	\$_	2,295,598	\$	4,565,205	\$ 51,046,668
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS O)F F	RESOURCE	S	AND FUND BA	L	ANCES			
Accounts and other payables Due to other funds Notes payable Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	2,548,993 5,139,554 7,688,547	\$	4,803,579 S 1,539,721 18,000,000 826,500 25,169,800	\$ -	198,210	\$	396,499 26,656 153,865 577,020	\$ 7,947,281 6,705,931 18,000,000 980,365 33,633,577
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - sewer use Advance property tax collections Total deferred inflows of resources	_	1,817,348 3,792,616 5,609,964	 	<u> </u>	_	457,326 457,326	-		 1,817,348 457,326 3,792,616 6,067,290
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total fund balances	_	3,094,594 4,813,890 22,780,140 30,688,624		(24,971,070) (24,971,070)	-	1,640,062	- -	20,735 1,756,737 2,217,328 (6,615) 3,988,185	 20,735 1,756,737 6,951,984 4,813,890 (2,197,545) 11,345,801
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$_	43,987,135	\$_	198,730	\$_	2,295,598	\$	4,565,205	\$ 51,046,668

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

to the Statement of Net Position:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are different because of the following:

Fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 11,345,801

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Governmental capital assets \$ 440,449,240 Less accumulated depreciation (158,649,805)

Net capital assets 281,799,435

Long term assets and deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not recorded in the funds:

Property tax receivables greater than 60 days	1,201,632
Interest receivable on property taxes	615,716
Assessments and user fee receivable	359,779
Interest receivable on assessments and user fees	97,547
Deferred outflows related to pension	2,077,744
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	2,404,223

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position.

4,003,316

Long-term liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Net pension liability	(16,321,187)
Deferred inflows related to pension changes in actuarial experience	(1,019,406)
Deferred inflows related to OPEB changes in actuarial experience	(1,740,662)
Bonds and notes payable	(79,471,584)
Interest payable on bonds and notes	(801,840)
Compensated absences	(8,995,904)
Capital lease	(3,185,054)
Unamortized bond premium	(3,698,889)
Net OPEB liability	(9,424,794)
Deferred charge on refunding	350,365

Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I) \$ 179,596,238

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	General	Capital Projects Fund	Sewer Operating Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 108,607,387 \$	\$	\$	\$	108,607,387
Intergovernmental	24,349,387	13,098,762	·	4,387,150	41,835,299
Charges for services	2,881,389	212,221	5,360,917	3,654,592	12,109,119
Investment earnings	867,349	,	251	18,183	885,783
Miscellaneous	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		7,601	406,567	414,168
Total revenues	136,705,512	13,310,983	5,368,769	8,466,492	163,851,756
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	4.402.074			167,166	4,569,240
Public safety	9,063,302			134,929	9,198,231
Public works	8,183,026		3,589,484	475,071	12,247,581
Human services	1,056,860			299,896	1,356,756
Culture and recreation	3,249,366			1,903,674	5,153,040
Insurance and sundry	7,592,362				7,592,362
Education	83,553,012			5,294,892	88,847,904
Debt service	8,693,319				8,693,319
Capital outlay		52,866,614			52,866,614
Total expenditures	125,793,321	52,866,614	3,589,484	8,275,628	190,525,047
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over					
Expenditures	10,912,191	(39,555,631)	1,779,285	190,864	(26,673,291)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Issuance of general obligation bonds		13,500,000			13,500,000
Issuance of capital lease		778,480			778,480
Premium on general obligation bonds	574,216	,			574,216
Transfers in	59,678	4,555,189	13,695		4,628,562
Transfers out	(2,941,621)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(1,658,568)	(28,373)	(4,628,562)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,307,727)	18,833,669	(1,644,873)	(28,373)	14,852,696
Net Change in Fund Balances	8,604,464	(20,721,962)	134,412	162,491	(11,820,595)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	22,084,160	(4,249,108)	1,505,650	3,825,694	23,166,396
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 30,688,624 \$	(24,971,070) \$	1,640,062 \$	3,988,185	11,345,801

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV)

\$ (11,820,595)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:

Capital outlay 47,493,446 Depreciation expense (5,082,468)

In the statement of activities, only the gain on the sale of capital assets is reported. However, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.

(2,977,057)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, and revenues recognized in the funds are not reported in the statement of activities:

Property tax receivable - accrual basis change	(242,205)
Property tax interest and lien revenue - accrual basis change	(227,593)
Sewer user fees and assessment receivable - accrual basis change	170,656
Sewer user fees and assessment interest receivable - accrual basis change	6,704
Deferred outflows related to changes in pension	367,211
Deferred outflows related to OPEB changes	2,087,654

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized and deferred in the statement of activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:

Bond principal payments	4,155,000
Note payments	1,444,562
Issuance of bonds and notes	(13,500,000)
Premium on bonds	(574,216)
Capital lease payments	957,745
Issuance of capital lease	(778,480)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:

Compensated absences	(373,777)
Accrued interest	(92,597)
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	(97,725)
Amortization of bond premiums	383,202
Net pension liability	445,258
Deferred inflows related to pension changes	1,387,480
Deferred inflows related to OPEB changes	290,111
Net OPEB liability	(2,520,138)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal services funds is reported with governmental activities.

523,504

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II)

21,425,682

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2020

	- -	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ -	4,718,469 19,847
Total assets		4,738,316
Current Liabilities: Accounts and other payables	-	735,000
Net Position: Unrestricted	\$_	4,003,316

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	_	Governmental Activities
		Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues: Charges for services	\$	13,537,791
Operating Expenses: Employee benefits	_	13,025,106
Operating Income		512,685
Nonoperating Revenue: Income on investments	_	10,819
Change in Net Position		523,504
Net Position at Beginning of Year	_	3,479,812
Net Position at End of Year	\$_	4,003,316

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	_	Governmental Activities
	_	Internal Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from premiums - Town departments and agencies Claims paid Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	13,537,791 (12,988,536) 549,255
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Income from investments	-	10,819
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		560,074
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	-	4,158,395
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	4,718,469
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (decrease) in accounts and other payables Total adjustments	\$ __	512,685 113,867 (77,297) 36,570
Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Operating Activities	\$	549,255

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	-	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds	_	Agency Funds
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,010,053	\$	1,885,486
Investments:				
Mutual funds		49,265,502		
Accounts receivable	-	_	_	7,143
Total assets	-	50,275,555	\$_	1,892,629
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable			\$	11,102
Due to other groups	_			1,881,527
T () P 1999			Φ.	4 000 000
Total liabilities	-		\$_	1,892,629
Net Position:				
Restricted for Pension Benefits				
and Other Purposes	\$ ₌	50,275,555		

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	_	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds
Additions: Contributions: Employer Plan members Total contributions	\$ _	4,321,137 610,340 4,931,477
Investment earnings: Net change in fair value of investments Total additions	_	1,953,458 6,884,935
Deductions: Benefits Administration Total deductions	<u>-</u>	4,021,514 145,393 4,166,907
Change in Net Position		2,718,028
Net Position at Beginning of Year	_	47,557,527
Net Position at End of Year	\$_	50,275,555

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of South Windsor (the Town) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant policies of the Town are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Town was incorporated in 1845. The Town operates under a Town Council/Town Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, public works, public health and social services, parks and recreation, and education.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the reporting entity include 1) the primary government, 2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and 3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. These criteria have been considered, and there are no agencies or entities that should be presented with the Town.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The Town has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, charges for services, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

Agency funds use the accrual basis of accounting but have no measurement focus since they report only assets and liabilities.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Town, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the financial resources to be used for major capital asset construction and/or purchases.

The Sewer Operating Fund accounts for sewer use and assessment fees used to maintain sewer operations within the Town. The major sources of revenue for this fund are sewer assessments and use charges.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

The *Internal Service Fund* accounts for risk financing activities for medical insurance benefits as allowed by GASB Statement No. 10.

The *Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds* account for the activities of the South Windsor Employees' Retirement System, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees and also the accumulated resources and payments associated with both Town and Board of Education health insurance benefits to former qualified employees.

The *Agency Funds* account for monies held on behalf of students and amounts held for performance related activities.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes and other charges between certain Town functions because the elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include property taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned then unassigned.

D. Deposits and Investments

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements and certain other investments as described in Note 3.

Investments for the Town are reported at fair value.

E. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Property taxes are levied on all assessed property on the grand list of October 1 prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. Assessed values are established by the Town Assessor's Office at 70% of appraised value. The tax bills are payable in two installments, July and January. In accordance with State Statutes, the oldest outstanding tax is collected first. Delinquent taxes are charged with interest at the rate of 1.5% per month. Outstanding real estate tax accounts are automatically liened each year prior to June 30.

In the governmental fund financial statements property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. Available means due or past due and received within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter (within 60 days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes receivable not expected to be collected during the available period are reflected as deferred revenue.

F. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 for equipment, \$50,000 for improvements, and \$100,000 for infrastructure and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition cost at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Roads	75
Bridges	50
Sewer collection pipes	75
Sewer collection manholes	75
Buildings	40
Improvements other than buildings	20
Machinery and equipment	5-20
Vehicles	6-20
Office equipment	10
Computer equipment	3

H. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in actuarial assumptions and differences between expected and actual investment returns. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees). No deferred outflows of resources affect the governmental fund financial statements in the current year.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town reports advance property tax collections in the government-wide statement of net position and in the governmental funds balance sheet and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. Advance property tax collections represent taxes and fees inherently associated with a future period. This amount is recognized during the period in which the revenue is associated. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from changes in assumptions. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees). Also, for governmental funds, the Town reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from several sources; property taxes and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period in which the amounts become available.

I. Compensated Absences

Town and noncertified Board of Education employees are granted vacation and sick leave, and certified employees of the Board of Education are granted sick leave based upon length of employment. In the event of termination, employees are compensated for accumulated vacation and, depending on the terms of their union contract, sick time.

J. Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

K. Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability is measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total OPEB liability), less the amount of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the OPEB plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

L. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of any significant applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

M. Fund Equity

Equity in the government-wide financial statements is defined as "net position" and is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets

This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position

Restrictions are externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Town currently has no assets under restriction.

Unrestricted Net Position

This component consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as "fund balance" and is classified in the following categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

Restricted Fund Balance

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors or laws and regulations of their governments.

Committed Fund Balance

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority (Town Council). The Town Council may commit resources by resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned Fund Balance

This balance represents amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by a governing board or a body or official that has been delegated authority to assign amounts by the Town Charter.

Unassigned Fund Balance

This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

N. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates of and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities including disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities and reported revenues expenditures during the fiscal year.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The Town adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data included in the General Fund, Sewer Operating and Recreation Fund financial statements:

- Prior to March 15, the Board of Education submits to the Town Council a proposed budget for the year commencing July 1. Prior to March 22, the Town Manager submits to the Town Council a proposed operating budget for the general government for the year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. By April 15, the Town Council must have the Board of Education budget ready for public hearing and by April 22, the Town Council must have the general government budget ready for public hearing.
- By April 30, public hearings are conducted on the Board of Education budget and by May 7, public hearings are conducted on the general government budget.
- By May 15, the Town Council shall adopt the Board of Education budget and by May 22, the Town Council shall adopt the general government budget.
- The Town Manager may transfer unencumbered funds within a department budget. The Town Council may transfer unencumbered funds between departments and is authorized to make additional appropriations. There were no additional appropriations approved during the year.
- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.
- The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the department level.
- The Board of Education, which is not a separate legal entity but a function of the Town, is authorized under state law to make any transfers required within their budget at their discretion. Any additional appropriations must have Board of Education and Town Council approval.
- Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order, contract or other commitment is issued, and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported in budgetary reports as expenditures in the current year. Generally, all unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end, except those for the Capital Projects Funds. Appropriations for capital projects are continued until completion of applicable projects, even when projects extend more than one fiscal year, or no expenditure from or encumbrance of the appropriation has been made for three consecutive fiscal years.

B. Fund Deficits

The major fund Capital Projects and the nonmajor governmental fund High School Athletic Association had a deficit fund balance of \$24,971,070 and \$6,615, respectively, at June 30, 2020. These deficits will be funded with future charges for services, bonding and contributions from the General Fund.

C. Expenditures Exceed Appropriations

The following expenditure line items exceed their final appropriations within the General Fund budget:

Department	
Town attorney	\$ 88,529

3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by the Statutes or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies, 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) and the State Tax Exempt Proceeds Fund (TEPF). These investment pools are under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board, and are regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Deposits

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has its main place of business in the state of Connecticut. Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk-based capital ratio.

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$21,430,631 of the Town's bank balance of \$21,930,631 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollaterialized	\$ 19,237,568
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's	
trust department, not in the Town's name	2,193,063
	 _
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk	\$ 21,430,631

Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2020, the Town's cash equivalents amounted to \$27,795,754. The following table provides a summary of the Town's cash equivalents (excluding U.S. government guaranteed obligations) as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The pools all have maturities of less than one year.

	Standard & Poor's
State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) Wells Fargo	AAAm *
People's United Bank	*
*Not rated	

Investments

Investments as of June 30, 2020 in all funds are as follows:

	Investment Type	Fair Value
Mutual funds		\$ 49,408,510

Interest Rate Risk

The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. To the extent possible, the Town will attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements.

Credit Risk - Investments

As indicated above, State Statutes limit the investment options of cities and towns. The Town has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Town's investment policy does not specify a limit for an investment in any one issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (the institution that pledges collateral or repurchase agreement securities to the Town or that sells investments to or buys them for the Town), the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2019, the Town had no uninsured and unregistered securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent that were not in the Town's name.

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements); followed by quoted prices in inactive markets or for similar assets or with observable inputs (Level 2 measurements); and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2020:

	June 30,	Fair Va	Jsing			
	2020	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3
Investments by fair value level:						_
Mutual funds	\$ 49,408,510	\$ 47,759,861	\$_	1,648,649	\$_	

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. The Town has no Level 3 investments.

4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	-	General	 Capital Projects		Sewer Operating Fund		Nonmajor and Other Funds	 Total
Receivables:								
Interest	\$	615,716	\$	\$	97,547	\$		\$ 713,263
Taxes		1,708,778						1,708,778
Accounts		198,337			357,690		37,752	593,779
Intergovernmental			198,730				89,219	287,949
Special assessments	_			_	2,089	_		2,089
Gross receivables	_	2,522,831	 198,730	=' :	457,326		126,971	 3,305,858
Less allowance for uncollectibles:								
Taxes	_	(393,019)						 (393,019)
Net Total Receivables	\$_	2,129,812	\$ 198,730	\$	457,326	\$	126,971	\$ 2,912,839

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	_	Increases and Adjustments	Decreases and Adjustments	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	19,376,971 \$	5	106,296 \$	·	19,483,267
Construction in progress		64,461,847	_	49,967,687	(44,967,279)	69,462,255
Total capital assets not being depreciated		83,838,818	_	50,073,983	(44,967,279)	88,945,522
One that are set at the form the many state of						
Capital assets being depreciated:		120 022 001		22 420 520	(11 670 050)	151 600 566
Buildings		130,933,891		32,429,528	(11,672,853)	151,690,566
Improvements other than buildings		27,825,812 23,227,930		798,713 1,783,788	(649,366)	28,624,525 24,362,352
Furniture and equipment Infrastructure		139,451,562			(049,300)	146,826,275
		321,439,195	-	7,374,713 42,386,742	(12,322,219)	351,503,718
Total capital assets being depreciated	•	321,439,193	-	42,300,742	(12,322,219)	331,303,710
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings		(69,262,485)		(1,746,592)	8,754,640	(62,254,437)
Improvements other than buildings		(11,719,417)		(915,301)	, ,	(12,634,718)
Furniture and equipment		(16,305,133)		(1,100,495)	590,522	(16,815,106)
Infrastructure		(65,625,464)		(1,320,080)		(66,945,544)
Total accumulated depreciation		(162,912,499)	_	(5,082,468)	9,345,162	(158,649,805)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		158,526,696	_	37,304,274	(2,977,057)	192,853,913
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	242,365,514 \$; =	87,378,257	(47,944,336) \$	281,799,435

Amount includes an adjustment to Construction in Progress of \$4,967,029 for road paving and drainage repairs that were reclassified to repairs and maintenance and not capitalized.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General Government	\$	97,337
Public Safety		783,852
Public Works		1,953,147
Culture and recreation		429,989
Human Services		30,522
Education	_	1,787,621
	_	_
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$_	5,082,468

Construction Commitments

The Town has active construction projects as of June 30, 2020. At year end, the Town's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Project	<u>s</u>	pent-to-Date	. <u>-</u>	Remaining Commitment
Road Improvement Projects	\$	2,533,502	\$	2,456,357
Board of Education Projects		54,161,489		11,584,685
Other Projects		22,600		327,610
Sewer Projects		126,361		113,211

The commitments are being financed by General Fund appropriations, permanent financing and participation in the State's Highway Planning and Construction Program.

6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund balances are a result of timing differences between the dates payments occurred for various activities. A summary of interfund balances as of June 30, 2020 is presented below:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	_	
General Fund	Capital Projects Funds	\$	1,539,721
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		26,656
Sewer Operating Fund	General Fund		1,808,237
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund		3,331,317
-			_
Total		\$	6,705,931

Interfund receivables and payables generally represent temporary balances from reimbursement type transactions.

Transfers are used to account for the financing by the General Fund of various programs and activities in other funds. The transfers that occurred during the year are as follows:

	Transfers In										
	-	General Fund				Sewer Operating		Transfers Out			
Transfers out:											
General Fund	\$		\$	2,941,621	\$		\$	2,941,621			
Sewer Operating		45,000		1,613,568				1,658,568			
Nonmajor Government	al _	14,678				13,695		28,373			
Total Transfers In	\$_	59,678	\$	4,555,189	\$	13,695	\$_	4,628,562			

7. LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

A schedule of long-term liabilities outstanding at June 30, 2020 is presented below:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
<u>-</u>	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Bonds payable:					
Bonds and notes payable \$	71,571,146 \$	13,500,000 \$	(5,599,562) \$	79,471,584 \$	6,383,719
Premiums	3,507,875	574,216	(383,202)	3,698,889	
-	75,079,021	14,074,216	(5,982,764)	83,170,473	6,383,719
Capital leases	3,364,319	778,480	(957,745)	3,185,054	1,019,193
Compensated absences	8,622,127	373,777		8,995,904	2,082,976
Net OPEB liability	6,904,656	2,520,138		9,424,794	
Net pension liability	16,766,445		(445,258)	16,321,187	
Total Governmental Activities					
Long-Term Liabilities \$_	110,736,568 \$	17,746,611 \$	(7,385,767) \$	121,097,412 \$	9,485,888

For the governmental activities, compensated absences and net pension and OPEB liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

Bonds and notes payable at June 30, 2020 comprise the following:

	Date of	Date of	Interest	Amount of Original	Balance Outstanding
Description	Issue	Maturity	Rate (%)	Issue	June 30, 2020
General Purpose:					
Improvement bond	2/15/2012	2/15/2022	1.0-2.0%	\$ 2,000,000 \$	400,000
Refunding bond	6/4/2014	8/15/2022	2.0-5.0%	4,222,000	1,450,000
Improvement bond	2/18/2015	2/15/2035	1.75-4.0%	1,900,000	1,600,000
Improvement bond	2/17/2016	2/15/2036	2.0-5.0%	3,000,000	2,520,000
Improvement bond	2/15/2017	2/15/2033	2.0-5.0%	4,000,000	2,965,000
Improvement bond	2/16/2018	2/15/2038	3.0-5.0%	4,000,000	3,790,000
Refunding bond	8/15/2017	8/15/2033	2.0-4.0%	1,862,000	1,742,000
Improvement bond	2/14/2019	2/1/2039	2.0-5.0%	750,000	715,000
Refunding bond	6/27/2019	8/1/2030	2.375-4.0%	9,155,000	9,095,000
Schools:					
Improvement bond	2/18/2015	2/15/2035	1.75-4.0%	3,260,000	2,660,000
Improvement bond	2/17/2016	2/15/2036	2.0-5.0%	1,300,000	1,105,000
Improvement bond	2/15/2017	2/15/2033	3.0-5.0%	7,860,000	5,950,000
Improvement bond	2/16/2018	2/15/2038	3.0-5.0%	7,500,000	6,740,000
Refunding bond	8/15/2017	8/15/2033	2.0-4.0%	702,000	657,000
Improvement bond	2/14/2019	2/1/2039	2.0-5.0%	4,500,000	4,285,000
Improvement bond	2/13/2020	2/1/2040	2.0-5.0%	13,500,000	13,500,000
Sewer:					
Clean Water Note Vernon	1/1/2002	7/1/2021	2%	800,000	47,968
Clean Water Note Pleasant	11/30/2005	5/31/2025	2%	402,727	113,326
Clean Water Note Submersible					
pump station	12/28/2006	7/1/2026	2%	1,568,029	539,731
Clean Water Note	10/31/2012	12/30/2032	2%	27,516,583	18,135,559
Refunding bond	8/15/2017	8/15/2033	2.0-4.0%	1,561,000	1,461,000
Total				\$	79,471,584

The following is a schedule of future debt service requirements as of June 30, 2020:

Fiscal Year Ending		Principal Payments		Interest Payments		Total Debt Service
2021	\$	6,383,719	\$	2,425,224	\$	8,808,943
2022		5,935,440		2,187,896		8,123,336
2023		5,849,357		1,954,169		7,803,526
2024		5,544,318		1,720,159		7,264,477
2025		5,467,865		1,534,418		7,002,283
2026-2030		26,493,593		5,139,212		31,632,805
2031-2035		17,317,292		1,976,627		19,293,919
2036-2040	_	6,480,000	_	438,019	_	6,918,019
	\$_	79,471,584	\$	17,375,724	\$	96,847,308

Debt service expenditures were funded by the General Fund and the Sewer Operating Fund.

The Town issued \$13,500,000 of general obligation bonds on February 13, 2020 for various capital improvement projects. The bonds bear interest of 2.0%-5.0% and mature on February 1, 2040.

Legal Debt Limit

The Town's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as established by the Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule:

Category	 Debt Limit	Net Indebtedness	Balance
General purpose Schools Sewers Urban renewal Pension deficit	\$ 237,934,994 475,869,987 396,558,323 343,683,880 317,246,658	\$ 40,879,583 68,990,655 32,020,996	\$ 197,055,411 406,879,332 364,537,327 343,683,880 317,246,658

The total overall statutory debt limit for the Town is equal to seven times annual receipts from taxation or \$740,242,202.

Authorized and unissued debt is as follows:

			_	Bond	ls/B	ANS		Authorized
Project Project	_	Authorized	_	Issued		Grants	_	But Unissued
Water Pollution Control Facility Project	\$	47,000,000	\$	27,516,583	\$	7,760,005	\$	11,723,412
Orchard Hill Elementary School Project		33,521,724		20,000,000		11,825,341		1,696,383
2014 - Road/Drainage Improvements		12,000,000		11,350,000		647,417		2,583
Eli Terry Elementary School Project		37,419,060		15,500,000		12,836,312		9,082,748
Philip R. Smith Elementary School Project		32,480,940		14,000,000		11,166,416		7,314,524
2009 Open Space Acquisitions		2,000,000		400,000				1,600,000
2018 - Road/Various Public	_	15,000,000	_	2,000,000			_	13,000,000
Total	\$_	179,421,724	\$_	90,766,583	\$	44,235,491	\$_	44,419,650

Capital Leases

The Town has entered into lease agreements for the purchase of various data processing equipment and copiers, public works equipment, a voicemail system, a minibus, communication equipment and vehicles. The annual payments for the agreements are provided for by annual general fund appropriations.

Capital leases that are currently capitalized under the category of machinery and equipment were as follows:

Cost	\$	10,953,388 (2,336,141)
Accumulated depreciation	-	(2,330,141)
Net Leased Equipment	\$	8,617,247

The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the date of inception. The following is a schedule of the minimum lease payments under the lease, and the present value of the future minimum lease payments at June 30, 2020:

Fiscal Year Ending		
2021	\$	1,124,180
2022		762,250
2023		551,237
2024		537,510
2025		317,198
2026-2030		185,154
Less amount representing interest	_	(292,475)
Present Value of Minimum		
Lease Payments	\$_	3,185,054

Bond Anticipation Notes

The Town issued bond anticipation notes on February 13, 2020 maturing on February 12, 2021 for \$18,000,000. The current interest rate on the notes is 1.75% and is recorded as a liability in the Capital Projects Fund. The following is a schedule of bond anticipation note activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020:

Project	Date Issued	Maturity Date	Interest Rate (%)	Balance July 1, 2019	Issued	Retired	Balance June 30, 2020
Eli Terry Elementary School Project	2/14/2019	2/13/2020	3.00%	8,500,000		(8,500,000)	-
Philip R. Smith Elementary School Project	2/14/2019	2/13/2020	3.00%	7,500,000		(7,500,000)	-
Eli Terry Elementary School Project	2/13/2020	2/12/2021	1.75%		9,000,000		9,000,000
Philip R. Smith Elementary School Project	2/13/2020	2/12/2021	1.75%		7,000,000		7,000,000
2018 - Road/Various Public	2/13/2020	2/12/2021	1.75%		2,000,000		2,000,000
Total				\$ <u>16,000,000</u> \$	18,000,000 \$	(16,000,000) \$	18,000,000

8. FUND BALANCE

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

		General		Capital		Sewer Operating	Nonmajor Governmental	
	_	Fund		Projects	_	Fund	 Funds	Total
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Inventory	\$		\$	\$;		\$ 20,485 \$	20,485
Prepaid items							250	250
Restricted for:								
Education							506,907	506,907
Public safety							68,795	68,795
Public works							506,425	506,425
Health and welfare							674,610	674,610
Committed to:								
General government							344,907	344,907
Public safety							102,072	102,072
WPCA capital improvement	S							
Public works						1,640,062		1,640,062
Culture and recreation							962,535	962,535
Education							807,814	807,814
Capital Projects								
Tax Stabilization Program		3,094,594						3,094,594
Assigned to:								
Various capital projects								
Subsequent year's budget								
General government		41,080						41,080
Public safety		87,934						87,934
Public works		26,353						26,353
Health and welfare		7,020						7,020
Culture and recreation		1,808						1,808
Education		4,649,695						4,649,695
Unassigned	_2	22,780,140	. –	(24,971,070)	_		 (6,615)	(2,197,545)
Total Fund Balances	\$ <u>_</u> 3	30,688,624	\$_	(24,971,070) \$	· —	1,640,062	\$ 3,988,185 \$	11,345,801

Significant encumbrances of \$4,813,889, \$21,115 and \$3,938 are included in the General Fund, Sewer Operating Fund and nonmajor governmental fund Recreation, respectively, at June 30, 2020.

9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS

Pension Trust Fund

A. Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The Town is the administrator of two single-employer, defined benefit pension plans, the Town Plan and Board of Education Plan. Plan provisions are established and amended by the Town Council and Board of Education. The first plan includes the following groups of Town employees: management, police union, Town Hall union, highway union, pollution union, library and dispatchers' union. The second plan covers Board of Education management, custodians, secretaries and nurses. The two pension plans are part of the Town's financial reporting entity and are accounted for as pension trust funds. The plans do not issue separate, stand-alone financial reports.

Management of the plans rests with the Pension Committee, which consists of nine members. The Pension Committee is comprised of the Town Manager, Finance Director, the Mayor or designee, two members of the Town Council appointed by the Town Council, two Town employees appointed by the Town Manager and two committee members representing the Town Board of Education. The Pension Committee members appointed by the Town Council are appointed for two-year terms, except that the terms shall expire concurrent with their term of office or when they leave their council position.

As of July 1, 2019, the plans' membership consisted of:

	Town Plan	Board of Education Plan
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Terminated members entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	86 19	75 17
Current active members	70	64
Total	175	156

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting

The pension trust funds' financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized when due, pursuant to formal commitments and contractual requirements, and investment income is recognized when earned. Expenses (benefits and administration) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan.

Valuation of Investments

Investments are valued at fair value, based upon quoted market prices. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price.

Benefit Provisions

Town Plan

Employees become eligible to participate in the plan upon completing one year of continuous service, attaining age 21 and agreeing in writing to make required employee contributions. Police officers are 100% vested after completing ten years of continuous service. Highway, dispatchers, pollution union, town hall, management and library employees are 100% vested after completing five years of continuous service.

Board of Education Plan

Employees become eligible to participate in the plan upon completing 1 year of continuous service, attaining age 21 and agreeing in writing to make required employee contributions. Employees are 100% vested after completing five years of continuous service.

C. Funding Policy

Employer Contributions

The Town is required to contribute amounts necessary to fund benefits. The Town's contributions to both plans are actuarially determined on an annual basis using the entry age normal cost method. For both plans, administrative costs are generally financed through investment earnings.

Employee Contributions

Required employee contribution rates under the Town Plan are 7.75% of covered payroll for police employees, 6% for dispatchers and 4.5% for all other employees. Participants in the Board of Education Plan contribute 4.5% of covered payroll.

D. Investments

Investment Policy

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the PERS Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the PERS Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2020:

Asset Class	TargetedAllocation
U.S. Core Fixed Income U.S. Bank/Leveraged Loans Global Bonds U.S. Large Caps U.S. Small Caps Foreign Developed Equity Emerging Markets Equity Global REITs	22.00% 4.00% 4.00% 36.00% 5.00% 19.00% 5.00%
0.000.1.121.10	0.0070

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments for the Town and Board of Education plans, net of pension plan investment expense, were 3.97% and 3.93%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

E. Net Pension Liability of the Town

The components of the net pension liability of the Town and Board of Education plans at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

	_	Town	Board of Education
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$_	45,350,359 31,758,433	\$ 18,212,768 15,483,507
Net Pension Liability	\$_	13,591,926	\$ 2,729,261
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70%	85%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the Town and Board of Education plans were determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.7%
Salary increases	3.0%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.75% for the Town and Board of Education,
	net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation
Amortization Period	25 years, closed

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table for with generational projection per Scale BB.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return						
Asset Class	Town	BOE					
U.S. Core Fixed Income	2.18%	2.18%					
U.S. Bank/Leveraged Loans	2.88%	2.88%					
Global Bonds	0.69%	0.69%					
U.S. Large Caps	3.33%	3.33%					
U.S. Small Caps	3.91%	3.91%					
Foreign Developed Equity	4.55%	4.55%					
Emerging Markets Equity	5.43%	5.43%					
Global REITs	3.91%	3.91%					

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the Town and Board of Education plans was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The discount rate of 6.75% for the Town plan did not change as of June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Town and Board of Education, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Town and Board of Education's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	_	1% Decrease (5.75%)	Current Discount Rate (6.75%)	1% Increase (7.75%)
Town's Net Pension Liability	\$	19,255,594	13,591,926	\$ 9,391,785
Board of Education's Net Pension Liability		4,579,544	2,729,261	865,633

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

Town Pension Plan	1
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		Inc	crease (Decrease)	
		Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Balances as of July 1, 2019	\$	44,371,266 \$	30,287,778 \$	14,083,488
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		674,483		674,483
Interest on total pension liability		2,965,310		2,965,310
Differences between expected and actual experience		(393,226)		(393,226)
Employer contributions			2,133,752	(2,133,752)
Member contributions			437,496	(437,496)
Net investment income			1,230,917	(1,230,917)
Benefit payments, including refund to employee contributions		(2,267,474)	(2,267,474)	-
Administrative expenses		,	(64,036)	64,036
Net changes		979,093	1,470,655	(491,562)
Balances as of June 30, 2020	\$	45,350,359 \$	31,758,433 \$	13,591,926
Board of Education				
	In	crease (Decrease)		
		Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability
		(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)
Balances as of July 1, 2019	\$	17,236,471 \$	14,553,514 \$	2,682,957
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		437,107		437,107
Interest on total pension liability		1,152,394		1,152,394
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Differences between expected and actual experience		608,927		608,927
Differences between expected and actual experience Employer contributions		608,927	1,424,037	608,927 (1,424,037)
·		608,927		(1,424,037)
Employer contributions		608,927	1,424,037 172,844 600,459	(1,424,037) (172,844)
Employer contributions Member contributions Net investment income (loss)			172,844 600,459	(1,424,037)
Employer contributions Member contributions Net investment income (loss) Benefit payments, including refund to employee contributions		608,927	172,844 600,459 (1,222,131)	(1,424,037) (172,844) (600,459)
Employer contributions Member contributions Net investment income (loss)			172,844 600,459	(1,424,037) (172,844)

F. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town and Board of Education pension plans recognized pension expense of \$716,041 and \$641,799, respectively. At June 30, 2020, the Town and Board of Education pension plans reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Town			
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and	\$ 171,754	\$	252,788 395,899	
actual earning on pension plan investments	903,445			
Total	\$ 1,075,199	\$	648,687	
	Board of	Ec	ducation	
	Board of Deferred Outflows of Resources	E	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earning on pension plan investments	\$ Deferred Outflows of	\$	Deferred Inflows of	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	 Town	BOE	
2021	\$ (290,173) \$	(16,429)	
2022	178,772	277,769	
2023	373,790	291,895	
2024	164,123	78,591	

G. Combining Financial Statements

	<u>-</u>	Town Plan	- <u>-</u>	Board of Education Plan	-	Other Post Employment Benefit Trust Fund	_	Total
Assets: Cash and cash equivalent	\$	758,898	\$	239,594	\$	11,561	\$	1,010,053
Investments, at fair value: Mutual funds	-	30,999,535		15,243,913		3,022,054	_	49,265,502
Total Assets	\$	31,758,433	\$	15,483,507	\$	3,033,615	\$_	50,275,555
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits	\$	31,758,433	\$	15,483,507	\$	3,033,615	\$_	50,275,555
	_	Town Plan		Board of Education Plan		Other Post Employment Benefit Trust Fund		Total
Additions: Contributions: Employer Employee	\$	2,133,752 437,496	\$	1,424,037 172,844	\$	763,348	\$_	4,321,137 610,340
Total contributions		2,571,248		1,596,881		763,348		4,931,477
Investment income: Net change in fair value of investments	-	1,230,917	. <u>-</u>	600,459		122,082	_	1,953,458
Total additions	-	3,802,165		2,197,340		885,430	_	6,884,935
Deductions: Benefits Administration	_	2,267,474 64,036		1,222,131 45,216	-	531,909 36,141	_	4,021,514 145,393
Total deductions	-	2,331,510		1,267,347		568,050	_	4,166,907
Changes in Net Position		1,470,655		929,993		317,380		2,718,028
Net Position at July 1, 2019	-	30,287,778		14,553,514	-	2,716,235	_	47,557,527
Net Position at June 30, 2020	\$	31,758,433	\$	15,483,507	\$	3,033,615	\$_	50,275,555

Connecticut Teachers Retirement System - Pension

A. Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System, a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers Retirement Board. Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Teachers Retirement Board. The Teachers Retirement Board issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

B. Benefit Provisions

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Normal Retirement

Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 2% of the average annual salary times the years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary during the 3 years of highest salary).

Early Retirement

Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service with reduced benefit amounts.

Disability Retirement

Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are calculated as 2% of average annual salary times credited service to date of disability, but not less than 15% of average annual salary, nor more than 50% of average annual salary.

C. Contributions

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly.

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

The statutes require the State of Connecticut to contribute 100% of each school districts' required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the amount of "on-behalf" contributions made by the State was \$10,753,391 and is recognized in the General Fund as intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures.

Employees

Effective July 1, 1992, each teacher is required to contribute 6% of salary for the pension benefit.

Effective July 1, 2018, the required contribution increased to 7% of pensionable salary.

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability		440,000,740
associated with the Town	_	142,062,712
Total	\$_	142,062,712

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018. At June 30, 2020, the Town has no proportionate share of the net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized pension expense and revenue of \$17,447,722 in Exhibit II.

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increase 3.25 - 6.50%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.90%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2015.

For teachers who retired prior to September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made in accordance with increases in the Consumer Price Index, with a minimum of 3% and a maximum of 5% per annum.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System before July 1, 2007 and retire on or after September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 6% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.5%.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System after July 1, 2007, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 5% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 11.5%, the maximum increase is 3%, and if the return on the assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.0%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The current capital market assumptions and the target asset allocation as provided by the State of Connecticut Treasurer's Office are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Expected Return		Target Allocation		Standard Deviation	
Public Equity - US Equity	8.10	%	20.00	%	17.00	%
Public Equity - International Developed Equity	8.50		11.00		19.00	
Public Equity - Emerging Markets Equity	10.40		9.00		24.00	
Fixed Income - Core Fixed Income	4.60		16.00		7.00	
Fixed Income - Inflation Linked Bonds	3.60		5.00		7.00	
Fixed Income - High Yield	6.50		6.00		11.00	
Fixed Income - Emerging Market Debt	5.20		5.00		11.00	
Private Equity	9.80		10.00		23.00	
Real Estate	7.00		10.00		15.00	
Alternative Investments - Real Assets	8.20		4.00		17.00	
Alternative Investments - Hedge Funds	5.40		3.00		7.00	
Liquidity Fund	2.90		1.00	_	1.00	
Total		;	100.00	%		

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial statements available at www.ct.gov.

I. Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

Defined Contribution Plan

A. Plan Description

The Town is the administrator of a single-employer, defined contribution pension plan, the Town of South Windsor Employee Benefit Plan. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. The Plan covers Town nonbargaining unit employees, members of the Police Union hired after July 1, 2005 and members of the Public Works, Community Service Officers and Pollution Control Unions hired after July 1, 2008.

B. Plan Provisions

Town nonbargaining unit employees, members of the Police Union hired after July 1, 2005 and members of the Public Works, Community Service Officers and Pollution Control Unions hired after July 1, 2008 who have completed a 12-month period of service shall be eligible to participate in the Plan at the beginning of the payroll period next commencing thereafter. There is no minimum age requirement. For Police, Public Works, Community Service Officers and Pollution Control Union members, benefits vest 20% per year, reaching 100% after five years of participation. For Town nonbargaining unit employees, benefits vest 100% upon eligibility of the employee. Plan provisions and the authority to amend the provisions are established by the Town Council.

C. Contribution Requirements and Contributions Made

The employer contribution for members of the Police Union hired after July 1, 2005 and Public Works, Community Service Officers and Pollution Control Unions hired after July 1, 2008 is 6.0% of earnings. The total Town contribution during the year ended June 30, 2020 for these groups was \$200,170 and represented 6.0% of covered payroll. The employees' contributions were \$231,478 and represented the required 6.0% of covered payroll plus any additional contributions up to the IRS allowable maximum. The employer contribution for Town management group employees is 12.07% of earnings. The total Town contribution during the year ended June 30, 2020 for this group was \$458,124 and represented 12.07% of covered payroll. The employees' required contributions were \$175,445 and represented 4.5% of covered payroll. The authority to establish and amend contribution requirements is by the Town Council.

D. Employer and Employee Obligations

Members are required to contribute between 4.5% and 6.0% of their annual earnings. The Town is required to contribute between 6.0% and 12.07% of the members' annual earnings.

10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

OPEB Plan

A. Plan Description

The Town, in accordance with various collective bargaining agreements, provides retiree medical benefits for the lifetime of the retired member and covered dependents. The plan is a single-employer plan that covers Police, Town, Teachers and Board of Education employees as further defined in collective bargaining agreements and other written materials. Eligibility and premium sharing information is detailed in the various collective bargaining agreements. The Town does not issue separate stand-alone financial statements for the plan.

Projections for benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation, the entry age normal actuarial cost method was used. The ADC reflects a closed period, level percent amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (AAL). The actuarial assumptions include a 6.75% investment rate of return and inflation rate of 2.50%.

Management of the post-employment benefit plan is vested with the Town Manager and the Finance Office. General oversight is provided by the Pension Committee, which consist of nine members.

At July 1, 2019, plan membership consisted of the following:

Active members	836
Retired members	37
Beneficiaries	1
Spouses of retired members	8
Total Participants	882

B. Funding Policy

The Town currently pays for postemployment health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The Town has established a trust fund to irrevocably segregate assets to fund the liability associated with the postemployment benefits, which is reported as a trust fund in accordance with GASB guidelines. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town have also negotiated with the various unions representing the employees. Retired plan members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits are required to contribute specified amounts monthly towards the cost of health insurance premiums. The funding strategy for postemployment obligations is based on the following:

Teachers and Administrators

- Those individuals retired under the Connecticut State Teachers Retirement system shall be eligible to receive health benefits for self and spouse.
- Earliest of age 60 with 20 years of service, or completion of 35 years of service regardless of age. Early retirement is the earliest of age 60 with 10 years of service, any age with 25 years of service, or age 55 with 20 years of service.
- 100% of premium is paid by retiree.

Board of Education SWESS (Support Staff), BOE Non-Union, BOE Custodians/Maintenance, BOE Food-Service Staff and BOE Nurses

- A retired member shall be eligible to continue health benefits (medical only for Custodians/Maintenance and Nurses) for self and spouse.
- Retirement date is the later of age 62 or the completion of 10 years of service. Early retirement is the first of any month within 10 years of Normal Retirement Date.
- Nurses must be at least age 55 with 10 years of continuous service as a school nurse.
- 100% of premium is paid by retiree.

Police

- Completion of 25 years of service or attainment of age 50.
- The Town contributes 75% of the cost of the health insurance for members hired before July 1, 2006. Members hired after July 1, 2006 have the option of continuing medical benefits at their own expense. The retiree shall contribute the remainder of the cost. Coverage is pre-65 only.
- In the event of an employee's death in the line of duty, the Town shall contribute 100% of the health insurance cost coverage for spouse and dependents. Such contribution shall not exceed a period of 12 months.

Town Hall Union and Non-Bargaining (Management and Library)

- Retired employees with at least 10 years of service shall be eligible to continue health coverage at the Town's group rates.
- Retirement eligibility is age 62 for Town Hall and Management employees and age 65 for the Library.
- 100% of premium is paid by retiree.

Town (Pollution Union, Dispatchers and Public Works)

- Retired employees with attainment of age 60 may continue health coverage at the Town group rates.
- 100% of premium is paid by retiree.

C. Investments

Investment Policy

OPEB Benefit Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the trust document. It is the policy of the Pension Committee to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The Town's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans.

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 4.19%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

D. Net OPEB Liability of the Town

The Town's net OPEB liability was measured at June 30, 2020. The components of the net OPEB liability of the Town at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

ODED DIAM

	_	OPEB Plan		
Total OPEB Liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$	12,458,409 3,033,615		
Net OPEB Liability	\$_	9,424,794		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 24.35%				

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50%
Salary increases 3.00%, average, including inflation and graded by age for Teachers and Administrators
Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rates 5.30-4.50% over 52 years

Amortization method Level percent closed, 13 years for police, 18 years all others

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and females projected forward 19 years using Scale AA, with a 2-year age setback. This assumption includes a margin for mortality improvements beyond the valuation date.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 - June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

Targeted Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
22 00%	2.18%
	2.88%
	0.69%
	3.33%
5.00%	3.91%
19.00%	4.55%
5.00%	5.43%
5.00%	3.91%
100%	
	22.00% 4.00% 4.00% 36.00% 5.00% 19.00% 5.00% 5.00%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

E. Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total OPEB Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	, -	Net OPEB Liability (a)-(b)		
Balances as of July 1, 2019	\$ 9,620,891	\$_	2,716,235	\$_	6,904,656		
Changes for the year:							
Service cost	323,084				323,084		
Interest on total OPEB liability	653,559				653,559		
Differences between expected and actual experience	2 220 427				2 220 427		
•	2,328,437				2,328,437		
Changes in assumptions	64,347		700.040		64,347		
Employer contributions			763,348		(763,348)		
Net investment income (loss)			122,082		(122,082)		
Benefit payments	(531,909)		(531,909)		-		
Administrative expenses			(36,141)		36,141		
Net changes	2,837,518	-	317,380	-	2,520,138		
Balances as of June 30, 2020	\$ 12,458,409	\$	3,033,615	\$	9,424,794		

The liability changes include assumption changes to the discount rate, the health care cost rate and annual salary increases.

F. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.75%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current discount rate:

				Current				
	1 	1% Decrease (5.75%)		Discount Rate (6.75%)		1% Increase (7.75%)		
Net OPEB Liability	\$	10,521,238	\$	9,424,794	\$	8,444,927		

G. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (4.30% decreasing to 3.50) or 1 percentage point higher (6.30% decreasing to 5.50%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1	1% Decrease (4.48-3.50%		Trend Rate		1% Increase	
				(5.48-4.50%		(6.48-5.50%	
		Over 56		Over 56		Over 56	
		Years)		Years)		Years)	
	_						
Net OPEB Liability	\$	8,204,734	\$	9,424,794	\$	10,833,693	

H. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$905,721. At June 30, 2020, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	· •	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	2,044,481 200,215 159,527	\$	1,740,662
Total	\$_	2,404,223	\$	1,740,662

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	
2021	\$ 82,811
2022	82,809
2023	57,279
2024	39,204
2025	25,644
Thereafter	375,814

Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan

A. Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools plus professional employees at State Schools of higher education are eligible to participate in the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System Retiree Health Insurance Plan (TRS-RHIP), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other post employment benefit plan administered by the Teachers' Retirement Board (TRB), if they choose to be covered.

Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRB. TRS-RHIP issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov/trb.

B. Benefit Provisions

There are two types of the health care benefits offered through the system. Subsidized Local School District Coverage provides a subsidy paid to members still receiving coverage through their former employer and the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplement Plans provide coverage for those participating in Medicare but not receiving Subsidized Local School District Coverage.

Any member who is not currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to continue health care coverage with their former employer. A subsidy of up to \$110 per month for a retired member plus an additional \$110 per month for a spouse enrolled in a local school district plan is provided to the school district to first offset the retiree's share of the cost of coverage, and any remaining portion is used to offset the district's cost. The subsidy amount is set by statute and has not increased since July 1996. A subsidy amount of \$220 per month may be paid for a retired member, spouse or the surviving spouse of a member who has attained the normal retirement age to participate in Medicare, is not eligible for Part A of Medicare without cost, and contributes at least \$220 per month towards coverage under a local school district plan.

Any member who is currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to either continue health care coverage with their former employer, if offered, or enroll in the plan sponsored by the System. If they elect to remain in the plan with their former employer, the same subsidies as above will be paid to offset the cost of coverage.

If a member participating in Medicare Parts A & B so elects, they may enroll in one of the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplement Plans. Effective July 1, 2018, the System added a Medicare Advantage Plan option. Active members, retirees and the State pay equally toward the cost of the basic coverage (medical and prescription drug benefits) under the Medicare Advantage Plan. Retired members who choose to enroll in the Medicare Supplement Plan are responsible for the full difference in the premium cost between the two plans. Additionally, effective July 1, 2018, retired members who cancel their health care coverage or elect to not enroll in a CTRB sponsored health care coverage option must wait two years to re-enroll.

Survivor Health Care Coverage

Survivors of former employees or retirees remain eligible to participate in the plan and continue to be eligible to receive either the \$110 monthly subsidy or participate in the TRB-Sponsored Medicare Supplement Plans, as long as they do not remarry.

C. Eligibility

Any member who is currently receiving a retirement or disability benefit is eligible to participate in the plan.

Credited Service

One month for each month of service as a teacher in Connecticut public schools, maximum 10 months for each school year. Ten months of credited service constitutes one year of Credited Service. Certain other types of teaching services, State employment, or wartime military service may be purchased prior to retirement if the member pays one-half the cost.

Normal Retirement

Age 60 with 20 years of Credited Service in Connecticut, or 35 years of Credited Service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Early Retirement

Age 55 with 20 years of Credited Service including 15 years of Connecticut service, or 25 years of Credited Service including 20 years of Connecticut service.

Proratable Retirement

Age 60 with 10 years of Credited Service.

Disability Retirement

No service requirement if incurred in the performance of duty, and 5 years of Credited Service in Connecticut if not incurred in the performance of duty.

Termination of Employment

Ten or more years of Credited Service.

D. Contributions

State of Connecticut

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z, contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers' Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly. The State contributions are not currently actuarially funded. The State appropriates from the General Fund one-third of the annual costs of the Plan. Administrative costs of the Plan are financed by the State. Based upon Chapter 167a, Subsection D of Section 10-183t of the Connecticut statutes, it is assumed the State will pay for any long-term shortfall arising from insufficient active member contributions.

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the amount of "on-behalf" contributions made by the State was \$293,899 and is recognized in the General Fund as intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures.

Employees/Retirees

The cost of providing plan benefits is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis as follows: active teachers' pay for one-third of the plan costs through a contribution of 1.25% of their pensionable salaries, and retired teachers pay for one-third of the plan costs through monthly premiums, which helps reduce the cost of health insurance for eligible retired members and dependents.

E. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the Town was as follows:

Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated		
with the Town		22,155,482
	'-	
Total	\$	22,155,482

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30, 2018. At June 30, 2020, the Town has no proportionate share of the net OPEB liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized OPEB expense and revenue of \$(1,621,262) in Exhibit II.

F. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Health care costs trend rate	
Pre-Medicare	5.95% decreasing to 4.75% by 2025
Medicare	5.00% decreasing to 4.75% by 2028
Salary increases	3.25-6.50%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	3.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
Year fund net position will	
be depleted	2019

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the GASB 75 valuation process. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including the plan's current asset allocations and a log-normal distribution analysis using the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class. The long-term expected rate of return was determined by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years. The plan is 100% invested in U.S. Treasuries (Cash Equivalents) for which the expected 10-Year Geometric Real Rate of Return is (0.41%).

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current member contribution rate and that contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members. No future State contributions were assumed to be made. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted in 2019 and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination.

H. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate and the Discount Rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the health care cost trend rate or the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

I. Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan. Detailed information about the Connecticut State Teachers OPEB Plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of Connecticut Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at www.ct.gov.

11. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss including torts; public official liabilities; police liability; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Generally, the Town obtains commercial insurance for these risks, but has chosen to retain the risk for the Town and Board of Education employees' medical claims. This fund is reported as an Internal Service Fund. During the year, deductibles paid by the Town were insignificant. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from amounts held the prior year.

Town health benefits are provided through an Internal Service Fund. The Self Insurance Reserve Fund accounts for medical claim activity and service fees on a self-insured basis. Town liability is limited through the purchase of Individual Stop Loss (ISL) and that caps the Town's liability annually to \$200,000 per participant. Anthem and Delta Dental are the Town's medical providers and administer payment of claims directly to providers. The town works with a consultant to analyze claims, calculate the incurred but not reported (IBNR) claims liability at year end as well as advise the town on all health-related issues throughout the year.

An analysis of the activity in the claims liability for the medical insurance fund is as follows:

Claims Yea Payable and		Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	ear Claims nd Changes C			Claims Payable June 30		
Medical Insurance Fund: 2018-2019 2019-2020	\$	1,053,000 812,297	\$	13,680,150 13,025,106	\$	13,920,853 13,102,403	\$	812,297 735,000

The Town is a member of the Connecticut Interlocal Risk Management Agency (CIRMA), an unincorporated association of Connecticut local public agencies, which was formed in 1980 by the Connecticut Conference of Municipalities for the purpose of establishing and administering an interlocal risk management program pursuant to the provisions of Section 7-479a et seq. of the Connecticut General Statutes.

The Town is a member of CIRMA's Liability-Automobile-Property Pool, a risk-sharing pool. The Liability-Automobile-Property Pool provides general liability, automobile liability, employee benefit liability, public officials and property coverage. The premium is subject to these coverages, and claims and expense payments falling within the deductible amounts are the responsibility of the Town. CIRMA's Liability-Automobile-Property Pool retains \$1,000,000 per occurrence for each line of liability coverage.

The Town is also a member of CIRMA's Workers' Compensation Pool, a risk-sharing pool. The Workers' Compensation Pool provides statutory benefits pursuant to the provisions of the Connecticut Workers' Compensation Act. The coverage is subject to an incurred loss retrospective rating plan, and losses incurred in the coverage period will be evaluated at 18, 30 and 42 months after the effective date of coverage. CIRMA's Workers' Compensation Pool retains \$1,000,000 per occurrence and purchases reinsurance above that amount to the limit of liability of \$10 million per occurrence.

12. CORONAVIRUS (COVID-19)

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus to be a public health emergency. On March 10, 2020, the Governor of the State of Connecticut declared a public health emergency and a civil preparedness emergency due to COVID-19.

The Town derives a significant portion of its revenues from property taxes. While the Town has not experienced any significant increase in the amount of delinquency from its taxpayers, the situation creates uncertainty about the impact of future revenues that might be generated. In addition, at this time, it is uncertain what the effects of the pandemic will be on the Town's health care costs, changes in interest rates, investment valuation and the future federal or state fiscal relief.

13. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

There are various suits and claims pending against the Town, none of which, individually or in the aggregate, is believed by counsel to be likely to result in a judgment or judgments that would materially affect the Town's financial position.

14. TAX ABATEMENTS

The Town has entered into multiple tax abatement agreements with developers and real property owners in order to assist in the economic development of the Town. The Town has agreed to provide a reduction to the real property assessments for a period of time to offset the cost of developing the area pursuant to Chapter 203 of the Connecticut General Statutes. The Town reduced its property tax revenue by \$1,502,873 for the year ended June 30, 2020.



TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)
Property Taxes:					
Current taxes	\$	104,956,457 \$	104,956,457 \$	105,514,546 \$	558,089
Delinguent taxes	Ψ	770,000	770,000	1,062,452	292,452
Supplemental motor vehicles		850,000	850,000	1,181,099	331,099
Interest		500,000	500.000	779.403	279.403
Liens		5,000	5,000	4,512	(488)
Housing authority - PILOT (in lieu of taxes)		30,000	30,000	31,070	1,070
Telephone access relief		60,000	60,000	34,305	(25,695)
Total property taxes	-	107,171,457	107,171,457	108,607,387	1,435,930
Total property taxes	-	107,171,407	107,171,407	100,007,007	1,400,000
Intergovernmental:					
State assistance - education:					
Education equalization		10,512,663	10,512,663	11,225,870	713,207
Other assistance:		-,- ,	-,- ,	, -,-	-, -
Elderly tax freeze				1,902	1,902
State in lieu of taxes		142,250	142,250	142,250	, -
DOT Elderly Transportation		33,444	33,444	33,444	-
State sundry grants		·	·	29,300	29,300
Youth service grants		20,000	20,000	20,746	746
Municipal stabilization		57,854	57,854	57,854	_
Municipal grants-in-aid		1,338,190	1,338,190	1,776,486	438,296
Veterans' exemption		15,000	15,000	14,245	(755)
Total intergovernmental	_	12,119,401	12,119,401	13,302,097	1,182,696
	_				
Charges for Services:					
Building permits		750,000	750,000	1,346,549	596,549
Probate court rentals		8,500	8,500	9,427	927
Town Clerk fees		575,000	575,000	786,172	211,172
Planning and zoning fees		50,000	50,000	19,008	(30,992)
General government sundry		175,000	175,000	509,748	334,748
Police		24,000	24,000	19,569	(4,431)
Recycling rebate				12,944	12,944
Health permits		20,000	20,000	31,050	11,050
Engineering permits		5,000	5,000	12,460	7,460
Zoning board of appeals		1,000	1,000	650	(350)
Refuse and recycling		125,000	125,000	58,675	(66,325)
Fire Marshal fees	_	85,000	85,000	252,057	167,057
Total charges for services	_	1,818,500	1,818,500	3,058,309	1,239,809
Investment Fernings		750,000	750,000	000 000	440.000
Investment Earnings	-	750,000	750,000	860,223	110,223
Tatal Davis and		404.050.050	101 050 050	405.000.046	0.000.050
Total Revenues	_	121,859,358	121,859,358	125,828,016	3,968,658

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	_	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)
Other Financing Sources:							
Transfers in:							
Sewer Operating	\$	50,000 \$	50,000	\$	45,000	\$	(5,000)
Library funds		17,000	17,000		14,678		(2,322)
Fund balance appropriation		700,000	700,000				(700,000)
Total other financing sources	_	767,000	767,000		59,678		(707,322)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$_	122,626,358 \$	122,626,358	=	125,887,694	\$	3,261,336
Budgetary revenues are different from GAAP rev	enu(es because:					
Premiums on bond issuance not budgeted					574,216		
Special Ed Reserve revenue not budgeted					7,126		
Cancellation of prior year encumbrances					(176,920)		
OPEB expense from State of Connecticut					293,899		
Pension expense from State of Connecticut					10,753,391		
Tension expense from otate of confidence				-	10,700,001	-	
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources as Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	-						
Funds - Exhibit IV				\$_	137,339,406	=	

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget (Over) Under
General Government:				
Legislative:				
Town Council	\$ 184,130	\$ 199,606	\$ 199,606 \$	
Boards and Commissions:				
Human relations commission	2,500	2,500	794	1,706
Historic district commission	1,000	1,000	271	729
Public building commission	2,000	2,000	1.287	713
South Windsor redevelopment	1,000	1,000	200	800
Inland/wetlands - conservation	7,355	7,355	2,976	4,379
	·	300	2,970	•
Land preservation advisory	300			300
Open space task force	500	500		500
Juvenile firesetter commission	1,500	1,500	0.070	1,500
Park and recreation commission	4,500	4,500	3,279	1,221
Planning and zoning	9,400	9,400	7,561	1,839
Zoning board of appeals	2,900	2,900	1,081	1,819
Economic development coordinator	3,000	3,000	2,034	966
Total boards and commissions	35,955	35,955	19,483	16,472
Judicial:				
Probate court	20,125	20,125	11,928	8,197
Elections:				
Registrar of voters	184,320	161,867	147,230	14,637
Executive:				
Town manager	199,298	313,818	313,818	_
Human resources	302,726	283,401	282,752	649
Total executive	502,024	597,219	596,570	649
Community Development:				
Economic development	116,000	242,100	242,100	_
Planning department	283,385	283,385	276,568	6,817
Building department	240,755	244,071	244,070	0,017
Total community development	640,140	769,556	762,738	6,818
Fire				
Finance:	202.760	206 700	276.062	10.726
Assessor	303,769	286,798	276,062	10,736
Collector of revenue	223,921	210,860	197,248	13,612
Finance office	365,621	344,984	342,952	2,032
Total finance	893,311	842,642	816,262	26,380
Recording and Reporting:				
Town clerk	235,108	237,623	237,622	1
Law:				
Town attorney	150,000	150,000	238,529	(88,529)
Central Services:				
Town Hall	321,812	257,326	254,393	2,933
Information technology	1,039,583	986,564	986,564	2,000
175th Anniversary	1,000,000	6,000	207	5,793
Media	22,275	29,220	28,539	681
Total central services	1,383,670	1,279,110	1,269,703	9,407
Total general government	4,228,783	4,293,703	4,299,671	(5,968)

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original Budget		Final Budget	· <u>-</u>	Actual	Variance Wi Final Budge (Over) Unde	et
Public Safety:							
Police Protection:							
Police administration	569,497	\$	569,497	\$	555,792		
Operations	4,286,797		4,286,797		3,957,149	329,64	
Support services	1,950,177		1,937,939		1,867,668	70,27	71
Community services	178,108		179,499	_	179,499	440.00	-
Total police protection	6,984,579		6,973,732	_	6,560,108	413,62	24
Fire Protection:							
Fire marshal	264,738		248,155		234,393	13,76	62
Volunteer fire department	974,495		985,571		985,571		-
Hydrants and water lines	898,500		887,424	_	874,986	12,43	
Total fire protection	2,137,733		2,121,150	_	2,094,950	26,20	00
Emergency management	54,760		82,190	_	82,187		3
Other protection:							
Street lights	452,500		452,500	_	307,849	144,65	<u>51</u>
Total public safety	9,629,572		9,629,572	_	9,045,094	584,47	78
Public Works:							
Administration:							
Management	156,720		258,402	_	257,522	88	80
Engineering:							
Technical support	488,714		481,214	_	458,687	22,52	27
Street Services:							
Highway maintenance	3,120,404		3,018,722		2,773,796	244,92	26
Fleet services	971,242		971,242		756,865	214,37	
Total street services	4,091,646	_	3,989,964	_	3,530,661	459,30	
Public Buildings:							
Building maintenance	1,985,126		1,985,126	_	1,834,303	150,82	23
Pollution Control:							
Refuse and recycling	2,127,327		2,127,327		2,083,214	44,1	13
Total public works	8,849,533		8,842,033	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8,164,387	677,64	46
Total public works	0,049,333		0,042,033	_	0,104,301	077,05	+0
Human Services:							
Conservation of Health:							
Environmental health	201,398		200,749		191,982	8,76	
Visiting nurse community care	9,500		9,500	_	8,664		36
Total conservation of health	210,898		210,249	-	200,646	9,60	<u>J3</u>
Human service programs:							
Administration	103,201		103,201		101,618	1,58	
Youth and family services	319,053		319,053		277,199	41,85	
Adult and senior services	421,345		420,574		389,220	31,35	
Mini-bus service	99,991		99,991		87,811	12,18	5U
Sheltered workshops Total human services programs	2,697 946,287		2,697 945,516	_	2,697 858,545	86,97	<u>-</u> 71
Total Haman services programs	340,201		343,310	_	000,040	00,91	<u></u>
Total human services	1,157,185		1,155,765	_	1,059,191	96,57	74

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	_	Original Budget	_	Final Budget		Actual	Variance With Final Budget (Over) Under
Culture and Recreation:							
Recreation administration Library	\$	2,136,074 1,184,699	\$	2,136,074 1,184,699	\$	1,961,316 \$ 1,182,943	174,758 1,756
Total culture and recreation	_	3,320,773	_	3,320,773		3,144,259	176,514
Education	_	75,399,351	_	75,399,351		74,699,351	700,000
Insurance and Benefits: Municipal insurance:							
Insurance - casualty	_	282,340	_	282,340		236,668	45,672
Pension contributions:							
Pension		2,526,734		2,826,734		2,799,152	27,582
Social security		1,154,865		1,154,865		1,105,145	49,720
Total pension contributions	_	3,681,599	_	3,981,599		3,904,297	77,302
Health and life insurance	_	3,819,152	_	3,369,152		2,936,057	433,095
Workers' compensation	_	426,091	_	418,386		381,868	36,518
Unemployment compensation	_	18,000	_	25,705		25,705	
Salary contingency	_	100,000	_	100,000	i i		100,000
Total insurance and benefits	_	8,327,182	_	8,177,182		7,484,595	692,587
Other:							
Contingency		209,594		151,594		48,200	103,394
South Windsor patriotic commission		13,500		13,500		12,999	501
Cemeteries		12,000		14,000		14,000	-
Wood Memorial Library		12,500	_	12,500		12,500	
Total other		247,594	_	191,594		87,699	103,895
Debt Service:							
Principal		5,288,655		5,348,656		5,348,656	_
Interest		3,536,109		3,326,108		3,318,069	8,039
Total debt service	_	8,824,764	_	8,674,764		8,666,725	8,039
Total expenditures	_	119,984,737	_	119,684,737		116,650,972	3,033,765
Other Financing Uses:							
Transfer out	_	2,641,621	_	2,941,621		2,941,621	
Total	\$_	122,626,358	\$_	122,626,358	:	119,592,593 \$	3,033,765
Budgetary expenditures are different from GAAP expendi Encumbrances for purchases and commitments ordered are reported in the year the order is placed for budgeta the year received for financial reporting purposes Accrued payroll not budgeted OPEB revenue from State of Connecticut Pension revenue from State of Connecticut Net bond issuance costs are not budgeted for	l but no	ot received				(2,065,730) 134,195 293,899 10,753,391 26,594	
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses as Reporte		ne Statement					
of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balan	ces -						
Governmental Funds - Exhibit IV					\$	128,734,942	

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - SEWER OPERATING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	_	Original Budget	_	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:						
Charges for services Investment income	\$	5,128,922 400	\$	5,128,922 \$ 400	5,272,707 251	\$ 143,785 (149)
Miscellaneous		177,000		177,000	215,636	38,636
Total revenues	_	5,306,322	_	5,306,322	5,488,594	182,272
Expenditures:						
Full time salaries		1,010,251		1,010,251	1,033,026	(22,775)
Overtime		113,539		113,539	92,712	20,827
Longevity		700		700	700	-
Employee benefits		498,475		498,475	445,328	53,147
Office supplies		1,600		2,619	2,290	329
Operating material		131,450		156,450	141,734	14,716
Motor vehicle supplies		27,550		17,550	8,345	9,205
Uniforms and clothing Fleet and equipment repair		15,750 97,000		14,731 97,000	9,926 85,642	4,805 11,358
Professional		161,500		161,500	159,296	2,204
Rental and leases		33,400		33,400	25,003	8,397
Utilities		529,650		474,650	286,056	188,594
Maintenance contracts		567,100		617,100	538,622	78,478
Repair and maintenance equipment		32,000		32,000	25,815	6,185
Fees and memberships		2,670		2,670	1,560	1,110
Recruitment and training		24,200		14,200	10,126	4,074
Other purchase services		326,000		326,000	262,369	63,631
Capital projects		45,000		47,064	47,064	-
Department equipment		72,500		70,436	59,486	10,950
Boards and Commissions - Office supplies		50		50	155	(105)
Boards and Commissions - Advertising		850		850	2,157	(1,307)
Boards and commissions fees/memberships		2,000		2,000	112	1,888
Debt service	_	306,582	-	306,582	306,572	10
Total expenditures	_	3,999,817	-	3,999,817	3,544,096	455,721
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures		1,306,505		1,306,505	1,944,498	637,993
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in		40,000		40,000	13,695	(26,305)
Transfers out	_	(1,320,000)	-	(1,320,000)	(1,658,568)	(338,568)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$_	26,505	\$	26,505	299,625	\$ 273,120
Fund Balance at July 1, 2019					1,354,895	
Fund Balance at June 30, 2020				\$	1,654,520	
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis		_				
	-	Revenues	-	Expenditures		
Balance, Budgetary Basis - June 30, 2020	\$	5,488,594	\$	3,544,096		
Accrued payroll not budgeted				13,072		
Encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2019 liquidated and cancelled during the year ended June 30, 2020		(119,825)		53,431		
Encumbrances charged to budgetary expenditures during the year ended June 30, 2020	-		-	(21,115)		
Balance, GAAP Basis - June 30, 2020	\$_	5,368,769	\$	3,589,484		

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TOWN PLAN LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

	_	2014		2015	_	2016	_	2017	_	2018	_	2019	_	2020
Total pension liability:														
Service cost	\$	344.193 \$	\$	597,904	\$	566,952	\$	532,281	5	516.713	\$	729,114	\$	674,483
Interest	*	2,494,478	*	2,658,282	•	2,931,266	•	3,052,104	•	3,073,845	•	2,877,916	•	2,965,310
Differences between expected and actual experience		, ,		1,272,460		234,828		(996,542)		1,521,292		100,366		(393,226)
Changes of assumptions		3,396,197	((1,861,513)		3,242,915		1,164,263		(4,354,897)				
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(1,680,365)	((1,591,710)		(1,796,252)		(1,797,376)		(2,050,807)		(2,445,686)		(2,267,474)
Administrative expense	_	(75,832)			_		_				_		_	
Net change in total pension liability		4,478,671		1,075,423		5,179,709		1,954,730		(1,293,854)		1,261,710		979,093
Total pension liability - beginning		31,714,877	3	36,193,548	_	37,268,971	_	42,448,680		44,403,410	_	43,109,556	_	44,371,266
Total pension liability - ending		36,193,548	3	37,268,971	_	42,448,680	_	44,403,410	_	43,109,556	_	44,371,266	_	45,350,359
Plan fiduciary net position:														
Contributions - employer		1,867,793		1,727,470		1,727,470		1,820,733		1,956,477		2,856,477		2,133,752
Contributions - member		257,692		382,108		345,568		397,315		356,918		340,504		437,496
Net investment income (loss)		3,279,002		70,803		(276,685)		2,772,961		2,256,287		911,856		1,230,917
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(1,680,365)	((1,591,710)		(1,796,252)		(1,797,376)		(2,050,807)		(2,445,686)		(2,267,474)
Administrative expense	_	(75,832)		(40,061)		(72,564)	_	(71,177)		(90,956)	_	(56,241)	_	(64,036)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		3,648,290		548,610		(72,463)		3,122,456		2,427,919		1,606,910		1,470,655
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	18,906,056		22,654,346	_	23,202,956	_	23,130,493		26,252,949	_	28,680,868	_	30,287,778
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	_	22,554,346	2	23,202,956	_	23,130,493	_	26,252,949	_	28,680,868	_	30,287,778	_	31,758,433
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$	13,639,202	\$ <u></u> 1	14,066,015	\$_	19,318,187	\$_	18,150,461	\$_	14,428,688	\$_	14,083,488	\$_	13,591,926
liability		62.32%		62.26%		54.49%		59.12%		66.53%		68.26%		70.03%
Covered payroll	\$	4,749,846 \$	\$	4,716,701	\$	4,716,701	\$	4,540,844	\$	4,177,838	\$	5,634,675	\$	5,548,107
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		287.15%		298.22%		409.57%		399.72%		345.36%		249.94%		244.98%

Notes to Schedule

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS BOARD OF EDUCATION PLAN LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

	_	2014	_	2015	_	2016	 2017	_	2018	_	2019	_	2020
Total pension liability:													
Service cost	\$	225,029	\$	359,500	\$	391,848	\$ 378,717	\$	423,746	\$	466,647	\$	437,107
Interest		920,994		986,463		1,108,213	1,167,003		1,174,269		1,105,965		1,152,394
Differences between expected and actual experience		543,345		460,218		28,823	(566,948)		67,085		229,078		608,927
Changes of assumptions						1,346,357	407,690		(1,226,220)				
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(655,604)		(599,078)		(642,569)	(710,700)		(795,949)		(950,919)		(1,222,131)
Administrative expense	_	(43,468)			_			_		_		_	
Net change in total pension liability		990,296		1,207,103		2,232,672	675,762		(357,069)		850,771		976,297
Total pension liability - beginning	_	11,636,936	_	12,627,232	_	13,834,335	16,067,007	_	16,742,769	_	16,385,700	_	17,236,471
Total pension liability - ending	_	12,627,232	_	13,834,335	_	16,067,007	16,742,769	_	16,385,700	_	17,236,471		18,212,768
Plan fiduciary net position:													
Contributions - employer		922,555		268,665		535,965	549,460		603,433		530,051		1,424,037
Contributions - member		197,927		196,719		203,726	190,579		190,968		181,837		172,844
Net investment income (loss)		1,681,148		30,643		(126, 326)	1,390,852		1,093,561		495,218		600,459
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(655,604)		(599,078)		(642,569)	(710,700)		(795,949)		(950,919)		(1,222,131)
Administrative expense	_	(43,468)	_	(25,907)	_	(42,202)	(43,369)	_	(49,869)	_	(40,352)	_	(45,216)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		2,102,558		(128,958)		(71,406)	1,376,822		1,042,144		215,835		929,993
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	10,016,519	_	12,119,077	_	11,990,119	11,918,713	_	13,295,535	_	14,337,679	_	14,553,514
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	_	12,119,077	_	11,990,119	_	11,918,713	13,295,535	_	14,337,679	_	14,553,514	_	15,483,507
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$_	508,155	\$_	1,844,216	\$_	4,148,294	\$ 3,447,234	\$_	2,048,021	\$_	2,682,957	\$_	2,729,261
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		95.98%		86.67%		74.18%	79.41%		87.50%		84.43%		85.01%
Covered payroll	\$	3,085,477	\$	3,122,271	\$	3,122,271	\$ 3,274,814	\$	3,133,452	\$	3,897,575	\$	4,003,396
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		16.47%		59.07%		132.86%	105.27%		65.36%		68.84%		68.17%

Notes to Schedule

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TOWN PLAN

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 1,500,972 \$	5 1,583,496	\$ 1,697,994 \$	\$ 1,686,734 \$	5 1,727,470	\$ 1,727,470	\$ 1,820,733	\$ 1,956,477 \$	5 1,714,348 \$	\$ 1,733,752
actuarially determined contribution	1,278,427	1,343,147	1,697,994	1,867,793	1,727,470	1,727,470	1,820,733	1,956,477	2,856,477	2,133,752
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 222,545	240,349		\$ (181,059)		\$ <u> </u>		\$	(1,142,129)	\$ (400,000)
Covered payroll	\$ 5,427,342 \$	5 5,337,789	\$ 5,352,711 \$	\$ 4,749,846 \$	4,716,701	\$ 4,716,701	\$ 4,540,844	\$ 4,177,838 \$	5,634,675	5,548,107
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	23.56%	25.16%	31.72%	39.32%	36.62%	36.62%	40.10%	46.83%	50.69%	38.46%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: July 1, 2019
Measurement date: June 30, 2020

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age Normal Amortization method Level dollar, closed

Remaining amortization period 25 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.7% Salary increases 3.0%

Turnover Graded rates by age and group

Investment rate of return 6.75%

Retirement age Earlier of Age 50 and 10 years of service, 25 years of service or Age 60 for Emergency Telecommunicators,

Age 60 for Pollution and Public Works, earlier of Age 50 or 25 years of service for Police and Age 62 for all

others.

Disability Disability among active lives is discounted in advance according to a scale based on attained ages.

Spouse Benefits 80% of all participants are assumed to be married. Wives are assumed to be one year younger than their husbands.

Mortality RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality with generational projection per Scale BB

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS BOARD OF EDUCATION PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	201	11	201	2		2013	_	2014	_	2015	_	2016	_	2017	_	2018	_	2019	_	2020
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 487	7,057	\$ 481	,339	\$	443,288	\$	450,378	\$	535,965	\$	535,965	\$	549,460	\$	603,433	\$	530,051	\$	557,209
actuarially determined contribution	407	,333	752	,056		518,288	_	922,555	_	268,665	_	535,965	_	549,460	_	603,433	_	530,051	_	1,424,037
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 79	,724	\$ (270	,717)	\$	(75,000)	\$_	(472,177)	\$_	267,300	\$_		\$_		\$_		\$_		\$_	(866,828)
Covered payroll	\$ 3,652	2,821	\$ 3,419	,019	\$ 3,	,012,321	\$	3,085,477	\$	3,122,271	\$	3,122,271	\$	3,274,814	\$	3,133,452	\$	3,897,575	\$	4,003,396
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11	.15%	22	.00%		17.21%		29.90%		8.60%		17.17%		16.78%		19.26%		13.60%		35.57%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: July 1, 2019

Measurement date: June 30, 2020

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age Normal Amortization method Level dollar, closed

Remaining amortization period 25 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.7% Salary increases 3.0%

Turnover Graded rates by age

Investment rate of return 6.75%

Retirement age Age 60 for Custodians/Maintainers, age 62 for all others

Disability Disability among active lives is discounted in advance according to a scale based on attained ages.

Spouse Benefits 75% of all participants are assumed to be married. Wives are assumed to be one year younger than their husbands.

Mortality RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality with generational projection per Scale BB

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net	of investment						
Town Plan	16.37%	0.30%	-1.15%	11.54%	8.27%	3.09%	3.97%
Board of Education Plan	16.90%	0.26%	-1.07%	11.64%	8.31%	3.51%	3.93%

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	 2015	_	2016	_	2017	_	2018	_	2019	_	2020
Town's proportion of the net pension liability	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town Total	 \$ 84,668,946 84,668,946	- \$_	91,603,357 91,603,357	\$_	118,505,418 118,505,418	\$_	112,326,595 112,326,595	\$_	109,538,605	_ \$	142,062,712 142,062,712
Town's covered payroll	\$ 54,350,173	\$	56,460,373	\$	57,676,185	\$	57,779,960	\$	59,477,857	\$	60,915,130
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.51%		59.50%		52.26%		55.93%		55.93%		52.00%

Notes to Schedule

Changes in benefit terms

HB 7424 made the following provision changes

- Beginning July 1, 2019, annual interest credited on mandatory contributions set at 4.0%.
- For members retiring on or after July 1, 2019 with a partial refund option election (Plan N), if 50% of the benefits paid prior to death do not exceed the Member's mandatory contributions plus interest frozen at the date of benefit commencement, the difference is paid to the Member's beneficiary.

Changes of assumptions

HB 7424 made the following assumption changes:

- Reduce the inflation assumption from 2.75% to 2.50%.
- Reduce the real rate of return assumption from 5.25% to 4.40% which, when combined with the inflation assumption change, results in a decrease in the investment rate of return assumption from 8.00% to 6.90%.
- Increase the annual rate of wage increase assumption from 0.50% to 0.75%.
- Phase in to a level dollar amortization method for the June 30, 2024 valuation.

Actuarial cost method

Amortization method Level percent of pay, closed

Single equivalent amortization period 17.6 years

Asset valuation method 4-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increase 3.25%-6.50%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 8.00%, net of investment related expense

Entry age

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS OPEB PLAN LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

	_	2017	_	2018	_	2019	-	2020
Total OPEB liability:								
Service cost	\$	300.153	\$	241.568		248.909	\$	323.084
Interest	Ψ	752,807	Ψ.	781,604		624,382	Ψ	653,559
Differences between expected and actual experience		,,,,,		(2,610,995)		, , , ,		2,328,437
Changes of assumptions				215,571				64,347
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(566,113)	_	(600,465)		(499,040)	_	(531,909)
Net change in total pension liability		486,847	_	(1,972,717)		374,251	_	2,837,518
Total OPEB liability - beginning	_	10,732,510	_	11,219,357	_	9,246,640	_	9,620,891
Total OPEB liability - ending	_	11,219,357	_	9,246,640	_	9,620,891	_	12,458,409
Plan fiduciary net position:								
Contributions - employer		880,974		915,326		755,791		763,348
Net investment income		11,450		27,212		79,090		122,082
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(566,113)		(600,465)		(499,040)		(531,909)
Administrative expense	_	(1,125)	_	(26,500)	_	(1,717)	_	(36,141)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		325,186		315,573		334,124		317,380
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	1,741,352	_	2,066,538	_	2,382,111	_	2,716,235
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	_	2,066,538	_	2,382,111	_	2,716,235	_	3,033,615
Net OPEB Liability - Ending	\$_	9,152,819	\$_	6,864,529	\$_	6,904,656	\$_	9,424,794
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB								
liability		18.42%		25.76%		28.23%		24.35%
Covered employee payroll	\$	53,602,318	\$	53,602,318	\$	53,648,114	\$	53,648,114
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		17.08%		12.81%		12.87%		17.57%

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB PLAN

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	_	2011	_	2012	_	2013	_	2014	 2015	 2016	_	2017	_	2018	_	2019	_	2020
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	700,000	\$	700,000 658,000	\$	864,000 864,000	\$	864,000 927,000	\$ 1,007,276 1,007,276	\$ 1,007,276 1,025,696	\$	880,974 880,974	\$	880,974 915,326	\$	755,791 755,791	\$	755,791 763,348
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	42,000	\$	-	\$	(63,000)	\$ -	\$ (18,420)	\$	-	\$	(34,352)	\$		\$	(7,557)
Covered-employee payroll	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$ 51,315,810	\$ 51,315,810		53,602,318	\$	53,602,318	\$	53,648,114	\$	53,648,114
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	1.96%	2.00%		1.64%		1.71%		1.41%		1.42%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date July 1, 2019
Measurement date June 30, 2020

Actuarially determined contribution rates are collected as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contusion rates:

Inflation 2.50%

Medical Trend Rate 5.30% - 4.5% over 52 years

Salary increases including inflation Graded by age for Teachers and Administrators; 3.00% for all others

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS OPEB PLAN LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment				
expense:	0.56%	1.15%	3.00%	4.19%

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY **TEACHERS RETIREMENT OPEB PLAN** I AST THREE EIGCAL VEARS

			2018		2019	2020
Town's proportion of the ne	et OPEB liability	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.00%
Town's proportionate share	e of the net OPEB liability	\$	- 9	\$	- \$	-
State's proportionate share associated with the Town	of the net OPEB liability	-	28,911,595	_	21,897,445	22,155,482
Total		\$	28,911,595	\$_	21,897,445 \$	22,155,482
Town's covered payroll		\$	57,779,960 \$	5	59,477,857 \$	60,915,130
Town's proportionate share as a percentage of its cove	•		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position a	as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		1.79%		1.49%	2.08%
Notes to Schedule Changes in benefit terms	The Plan was amended by the Board, effecti The Board elected a new prescription drug p Board to receive a government subsidy for m	lan, whic	h is expected to re	ed	uce overall costs a	and allow for the

changes were communicated to retired members during the months leading up to the open enrollment

period that preceded the January 1, 2019 implementation date.

Based on the procedure described in GASB 74, the discount rate used to measure Plan obligations for Changes of assumptions

financial accounting purposes as of June 30, 2019 was updated to equal the Municipal Bond Index Rate of

3.50% as of June 30, 2019.

Expected annual per capita claims costs were updated to better reflect anticipated medical and prescription drug claim experience both before and after the plan change that became effective on July 1, 2019.

The expected rate of inflation was decreased, and the real wage growth assumption was increased.

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percent of payroll over an open period

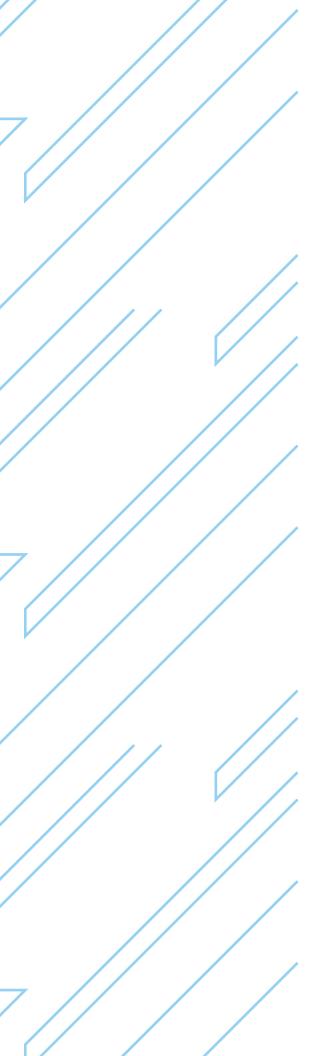
Remaining amortization period 30 years

Asset valuation method Market value of assets

Investment rate of return 3.00%, net of investment related expense including price inflation

Price inflation 2.75%

^{*} This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.



Supplemental,
Combining
and Individual Fund
Statements and
Schedules





General Fund

To account for the general operations of the Town, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

	_	2020	_	2019
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Property taxes receivable (net of allowance of \$393,019 in 2020	\$	40,290,946	\$	50,323,178
and \$483,677 in 2019) Intergovernmental receivables		1,315,759		1,619,262 12,895
Other accounts receivable		814,053		978,608
Due from other funds Prepaid items	_	1,566,377	· <u>-</u>	16,584 13,500
Total Assets	\$_	43,987,135	\$_	52,964,027
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUN	ND E	BALANCE		
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	2,548,993	\$	2,628,470
Due to other funds Total liabilities	-	5,139,554 7,688,547	_	23,635,381 26,263,851
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		1,817,348		2,287,145
Advance property tax collections	_	3,792,616	_	2,328,871
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	5,609,964	_	4,616,016
Fund balance:				
Nonspendable				13,500
Committed		3,094,594		3,000,000
Assigned		4,813,890		3,825,079
Unassigned Total fund balance	-	22,780,140 30,688,624	-	15,245,581 22,084,160
	_	30,000,024	_	22,004,100
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund				
Balance	\$_	43,987,135	\$_	52,964,027

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED, COLLECTED AND OUTSTANDING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Uncollected					Т	ransfers		Adjusted _		Uncollected					
Grand List	. <u> </u>	Taxes July 1, 2019	_	Additions	De	To Taxes Deductions Suspense Collectible		Collectible	Taxes Interest				Total	Taxes June 30, 2020		
2018	\$	107,572,464	\$	207,197	\$	395,923	\$		\$	107,383,738 \$	106,637,97	4 \$	218,501	\$	106,856,475 \$	745,764
2017		782,381		139,470		71,809				850,042	572,55	4	116,124		688,678	277,488
2016		410,832		141,719		55,651				496,900	284,79	8	105,922		390,720	212,102
2015		319,132		124,123		44,369				398,886	218,24	7	118,659		336,906	180,639
2014		117,982				13,699				104,283	59,28	0	40,184		99,464	45,003
2013		90,555				13,178				77,377	43,01	2	39,605		82,617	34,365
2012		82,846				12,979				69,867	33,61	3	26,887		60,500	36,254
2011		64,749		60		9,546				55,263	21,35	6	28,312		49,668	33,907
2010		53,555		62		9,335				44,282	7,27	5	10,373		17,648	37,007
2009		43,463		207		9,336				34,334	6,09	3	10,148		16,241	28,241
2008		35,537				9,030				26,507	4,40	1	6,935		11,336	22,106
2007		30,180				7,708				22,472	1,18	5	8,713		9,898	21,287
2006		22,100				4,486				17,614	3,00	4	18,173		21,177	14,610
2005		17,213								17,213	6,86	2	18,251		25,113	10,351
2004		16,392								16,392	6,73	8	17,128		23,866	9,654
2003		16,022				16,022									_	_

Property taxes receivable considered available:

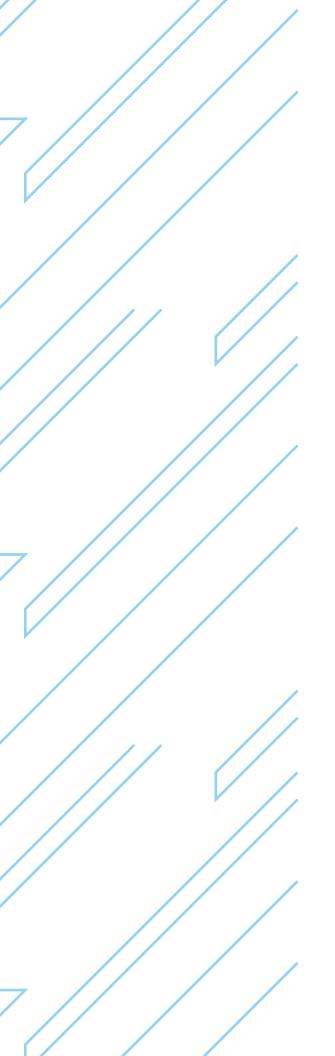
June 30, 2019

June 30, 2020

(175,426) 114,126

Total Property Tax Revenue

108,629,007



Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for proceeds of several revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The Town's special revenue funds are:

Town Aid Road – To account for improvements to Town roads funded by State funds.

Small Cities – To account for monies for the small cities grant program.

Animal Control – To account for the operation of animal control. Funding provided by license fees and fines.

Town Hall Grants – To account for monies for employee participation programs.

Public Works Funds – To account for road patch and special public works projects. Funded by Town appropriation and capital monies.

Police Funds – To account for revenues and expenditures related to services provided by the police department.

Fees in Lieu of Open Space – To account for development funds for specified Planning and Zoning projects.

Library – To account for monies received for acquisition of books, materials and other related library services.

Recreation – To account for program activities administered by the Parks and Recreation Department that are funded by participation fees.

BOE Funds – To account for monies in a reserve for special education.

Education Grants – To account for state and federal educational grants received through the State Department of Education.

Cafeteria – To account for operation of public school food programs. Funding is provided from the sale of food, federal grants and state grants.

BOE Accommodations – To account for medical and dental costs funded by Cobra participants.

Scholarship Fund – To account for monies in a reserve for student scholarships.

High School Athletic Association – To separately account for school athletic programs. Funding is through participation fees.

Human Services Fund – To account for programs and activities administered by Adult & Senior Services and Youth & Family Services. Financing is provided by grants, fees and contributions.

Community Use of Buildings – To account for user charges and expenditures associated with after school use of Board of Education facilities by outside organizations.

Fire Marshall Fund – To account for services and programs administered for fire prevention. Funding is provided by grants and donations.

Regional Animal Shelter – To account for the operation of a regional animal control facility. Funding provided by participation fees, grants and donations.

IT Reserve Fund – To account for funds of participants of a regional Information Technology program.

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

		Special Revenue Funds											
	_	Town Aid Road		Small Cities	Animal Control	<u>-</u>	Town Hall Grants	_	Public Works Funds	_	Police Funds	_	Fees in Lieu of Open Space
ASSETS													
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables:	\$		\$	6 \$		\$		\$		\$	1,370	\$	
Accounts receivable							89		1,332		(4.40)		
Grants and contracts receivable Due from other funds Other assets	_	601,008	_		73,026	. <u>-</u>	143,259	_	105,299	. <u>-</u>	(416) 67,758	_	55,893
Total Assets	\$_	601,008	\$ _	6 \$	73,026	\$_	143,348	\$ _	106,631	\$	68,712	\$	55,893
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES													
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	94,586	\$	3 3	9,320	\$ 	1,000	\$		\$		\$	
	_	34,300	_		9,320	-	1,000	-		-		-	<u>-</u>
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted		506,422		3	00.700		142,348		106,631		68,712		55,000
Committed Unassigned					63,706								55,893
Total fund balances	_	506,422	-	3	63,706	· -	142,348	_	106,631	-	68,712	-	55,893
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	601,008	\$_	6 \$	73,026	\$_	143,348	\$_	106,631	\$_	68,712	\$	55,893

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

	_	Special Revenue Funds												
ASSETS	_	Library		Recreation		вое		Education Grants		Cafeteria	. <u>.</u>	BOE Accommodations	_	Scholarship Fund
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables:	\$	62,502 143,008	\$	31,917	\$	60,696	\$	149,475	\$	337,144	\$	83,458	\$	243,396
Accounts receivable Grants and contracts receivable Due from other funds Other assets				808,040		5,000		26,094 400,455 250		63,541 20,485		1,228		
Total Assets	\$ _	205,510	\$	839,957	\$	65,696	\$_	576,274	\$	421,170	\$_	84,686	\$_	243,396
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES														
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$ _		\$ 	58,163 24,769 82,932	\$	1,632 12,420 14,052	\$	66,717 2,400 69,117	\$	52,489 7,618 122,021 182,128	\$	56,723 4,675 61,398	\$	<u>-</u>
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted								250 506,907		20,485				
Committed Unassigned		205,510		757,025		51,644				218,557		23,288		243,396
Total fund balances	_	205,510	_	757,025		51,644	_	507,157		239,042	_	23,288	_	243,396
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	205,510	\$_	839,957	\$	65,696	\$_	576,274	\$	421,170	\$_	84,686	\$_	243,396

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds													
ASSETS		igh School Athletic ssociation	_	Human Services Fund	_	Community Use of Buildings	-	Fire Marshall Fund	_	Regional Animal Shelter		IT Reserve Fund	-	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables:	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	200	\$		\$	970,164 143,008
Accounts receivable Grants and contracts receivable Due from other funds Other assets				434,117		3,113 267,816		83		38,293		336,270		10,762 89,219 3,331,317 20,735
Total Assets	\$	-	\$	434,117	\$	270,929	\$	83	\$	38,493	\$	336,270	\$	4,565,205
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES														
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	6,615 6,615	\$	8,486 8,486	\$ 		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	127 127	\$	47,256 47,256	\$	396,499 26,656 153,865 577,020
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned Total fund balances	_	(6,615) (6,615)	_	425,631 425,631	_	270,929 270,929	-	83	_	38,366 38,366	- <u>-</u>	289,014 289,014	-	20,735 1,756,737 2,217,328 (6,615) 3,988,185
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$		\$_	434,117	\$_	270,929	\$	83	\$_	38,493	\$_	336,270	\$_	4,565,205

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds										
	_	Town Aid Road	Small Cities		Animal Control	_	Town Hall Grants	_	Public Works Funds	Police	Fees in Lieu of Open Space
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services and assessments Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ 	381,866 \$ 381,866	171,503 3 171,506	\$	17,131 17,131	\$	29,655 29,655	\$	19,167 19,167	24,917 60,416 11 360 85,704	\$ 13,357
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Public works Human services Culture and recreation		284,789	171,503		9,456		965 9,421		9,358	79,460	
Education Total expenditures		284,789	171,503	_	9,456	- -	10,386	_	9,358	79,460	<u> </u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures Other Financing Uses: Transfer out		97,077	3		7,675		19,269		9,809	6,244	13,357
Net Change in Fund Balance		97,077	3	_	7,675	· <u>-</u>	19,269		9,809	6,244	13,357
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		409,345		_	56,031	. <u>-</u>	123,079		96,822	62,468	42,536
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	506,422 \$	3	\$_	63,706	\$	142,348	\$	106,631 \$	68,712	\$ 55,893

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds											
	_	Library	Recreation	BOE		Education Grants	_	Cafeteria	_	BOE Accommodations		Scholarship Fund
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services and assessments Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$	7,272 \$ 13,427 16,617 28,969 66,285	1,743,847 561 1,744,408	88,705 8 1,193 89,906	\$ - <u>-</u>	3,147,792	\$ _	564,060 709,056 208	\$	740,167 740,167	\$ 	735
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Public works Human services	_	40.007	4.057.507		· <u>-</u>		_		-			
Culture and recreation Education Total expenditures	_	46,087	1,857,587	85,840 85,840	· _	3,117,827 3,117,827	_	1,297,032 1,297,032	-	724,802 724,802	_	24,000 24,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		20,198	(113,179)	4,066		29,965		(23,708)		15,365		(23,265)
Other Financing Uses: Transfer out	_	(14,678)	(13,695)				_		_			
Net Change in Fund Balance		5,520	(126,874)	4,066		29,965		(23,708)		15,365		(23,265)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	199,990	883,899	47,578		477,192	_	262,750	_	7,923	_	266,661
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	205,510 \$	757,025 \$	51,644	\$_	507,157	\$_	239,042	\$_	23,288	\$	243,396

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				,	Special Revenu	ue F	Funds					
	High School Athletics Association	_	Human Services Fund	_	Community Use of Buildings		Fire Marshall Fund		Regional Animal Shelter	_	IT Reserve Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services and assessments Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ 21,416 40 21,456	\$	27,643 150,418 161,113 339,174	\$	66,997 66,997	\$		\$	62,834 62,834	\$	62,097 \$ 132,931 195,028	4,387,150 3,654,592 18,183 406,567 8,466,492
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Public works Human services Culture and recreation Education Total expenditures	15,348 15,348	_	299,896 299,896	- -	30,043 30,043			 	46,013 46,013		166,201	167,166 134,929 475,071 299,896 1,903,674 5,294,892 8,275,628
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	6,108		39,278		36,954		-		16,821		28,827	190,864
Other Financing Uses: Transfer out		_		_						_		(28,373)
Net Change in Fund Balance	6,108		39,278		36,954		-		16,821		28,827	162,491
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	(12,723)	_	386,353	_	233,975		83	_	21,545	_	260,187	3,825,694
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ (6,615)	\$	425,631	\$	270,929	\$	83	\$	38,366	\$	289,014 \$	3,988,185

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - RECREATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	_	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:						
Charges for services:						
Day camp	\$	725,009	\$	725,009 \$	610,377	(114,632)
Veterans' memorial park		369,241		369,241	174,921	(194,320)
4th R Revenue		1,026,072		1,026,072	539,173	(486,899)
Outdoor		60,490		60,490	39,786	(20,704)
Indoor		158,483		158,483	191,450	32,967
Social/cultural Recreation facilities		90,045 68,835		90,045 68,835	88,661 11,804	(1,384) (57,031)
Contracted Recreation Programs		310,469		310,469	65,396	(245,073)
Preschool		174,712		174,712	22,279	(152,433)
Investment income					561	561
Miscellaneous	_				23,458	23,458
Total revenues	-	2,983,356	_	2,983,356	1,767,866	(1,215,490)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Day camp		766,399		766,399	558,198	208,201
4th R Personal Services		1,093,499		1,093,499	564,426	529,073
Veterans' memorial park		429,316		429,316	224,765	204,551
Outdoor Indoor		66,828		66,828	17,058	49,770
Social/cultural		169,848 163,606		169,848 163,606	106,336 114,593	63,512 49,013
Recreation facilities		39,446		39,446	17,729	21,717
Contracted Rec Programs		308,645		308,645	208,706	99,939
Preschool		183,529		183,529	70,452	113,077
Capital projects		300		300	•	300
Total expenditures	-	3,221,416	_	3,221,416	1,882,263	1,339,153
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(238,060)		(238,060)	(114,397)	123,663
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers out					(13,695)	(13,695)
Utilization of fund balance	-	246,673	_	246,673		(246,673)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	8,613	\$_	8,613	(128,092) \$	(136,705)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year					908,977	
Fund Balance at End of Year				\$	780,885	
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis	_	Revenues	E	Expenditures		
Balance, Budgetary Basis - End of Year	\$	1,767,866	\$	1,882,263		
Accrued payroll not budgeted				(34,561)		
Encumbrances outstanding at beginning of year liquidated and cancelled during the current year		(23,458)		13,823		
Encumbrances charged to budgetary expenditures during the current year	_		_	(3,938)		
Balance, GAAP Basis - End of Year	\$	1,744,408	\$_	1,857,587		

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Fund types are used to account for assets held by the Town in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations or others. The Town's Fiduciary Funds are as follows:

Trust Funds:

- □ **Pension Trust Fund -** to account for the activities of the Town's defined benefit plans which accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.
- Other Post Employment Benefit Trust Fund to account for the activities for both Town and Board of Education for other post employment benefits (e.g., health insurance, life insurance) which accumulate resources for other post employment benefit payments to qualified employees.

Agency Funds:

- □ **School Activity** to account for the various student activities and clubs.
- □ **Performance Bonds -** to account for all cash and cash equivalents held by the Town until the completion of a project.

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

		Pension ¹	Tru	st Funds		Other Post		
	-	Town Plan	-	Board of Education Plan		Employment Benefit Trust Fund	_	Total
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents Investments:	\$	758,898	\$	239,594	\$	11,561	\$	1,010,053
Mutual funds	-	30,999,535	-	15,243,913	,	3,022,054	_	49,265,502
Total assets	-	31,758,433	_	15,483,507	į	3,033,615	_	50,275,555
Net Position: Restricted for Pension Benefits	¢	31,758,433	\$	15,483,507	\$	3,033,615	\$	50,275,555
and Other Purposes	Φ.	31,130,433	Φ.	15,465,507	Ф	3,033,013	Φ_	50,Z15,555

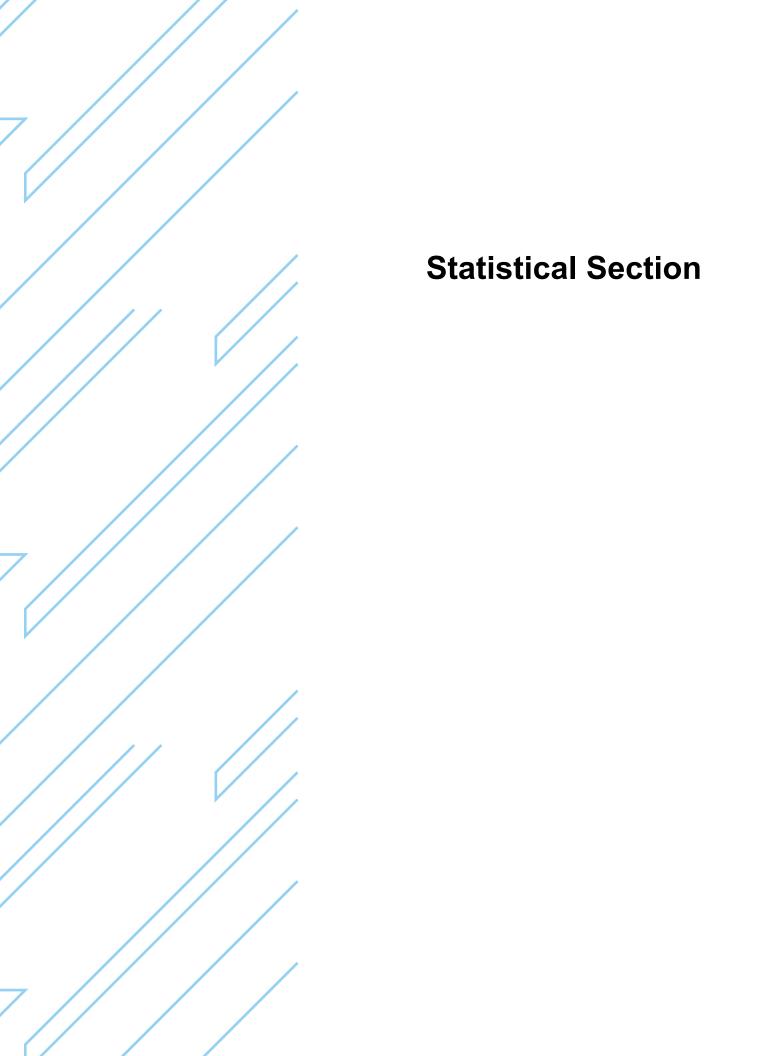
TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Pension Trust Funds					Other Post		
	-	Town Plan	_	Board of Education Plan		Employment Benefit Trust Fund	_	Total
Additions: Contributions:								
Employer	\$	2,133,752	\$	1,424,037	\$	763,348	\$	4,321,137
Employee		437,496		172,844				610,340
Total contributions	-	2,571,248	_	1,596,881		763,348	_	4,931,477
Investment income:								
Net change in fair value investments	_	1,230,917	_	600,459		122,082	_	1,953,458
Total additions	_	3,802,165	_	2,197,340	,	885,430	_	6,884,935
Deductions:								
Benefits		2,267,474		1,222,131		531,909		4,021,514
Administration	_	64,036	_	45,216		36,141	_	145,393
Total deductions	_	2,331,510	_	1,267,347	,	568,050	_	4,166,907
Changes in Net Position		1,470,655		929,993		317,380		2,718,028
Net Position at Beginning of Year	-	30,287,778	-	14,553,514	,	2,716,235	_	47,557,527
Net Position at End of Year	\$	31,758,433	\$	15,483,507	\$	3,033,615	\$_	50,275,555

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Balance July 1, 2019	Additions	Deductions	 Balance June 30, 2020
School Activities Fund				
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 493,835 1,134	\$ 711,993 6,009	\$ 793,155	\$ 412,673 7,143
Total assets	\$ 494,969	\$ 718,002	\$ 793,155	\$ 419,816
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to others Total liabilities	\$ 16,223 478,746 494,969	\$ 718,002 718,002	\$ 5,121 788,034 793,155	 11,102 408,714 419,816
Performance Bond Fund				
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 920,490	\$ 751,118	\$ 198,795	\$ 1,472,813
Liabilities: Due to others	\$ 920,490	\$ 751,118	\$ 198,795	\$ 1,472,813
Total All Agency Funds				
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 1,414,325 1,134	\$ 1,463,111 6,009	\$ 991,950	\$ 1,885,486 7,143
Total assets	\$ 1,415,459	\$ 1,469,120	\$ 991,950	\$ 1,892,629
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other groups	\$ 16,223 1,399,236	\$ 1,469,120	\$ 5,121 986,829	\$ 11,102 1,881,527
Total liabilities	\$ 1,415,459	\$ 1,469,120	\$ 991,950	\$ 1,892,629



This part of the Town of South Windsor, Connecticut's comprehensive annual report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Town's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	92-95
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Town's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	96-98
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Town's most significant local revenue source, property taxes	
Debt Capacity	99-102
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Town's current level of outstanding debt and the Town's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	103-104
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Town's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	105-107
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Town's financial report relates to the services the Town provides and the activities it performs.	

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	FISCAL YEAR															
		2011	2012		2013	-	2014	2015	_	2016	2017	_	2018	2019		2020
Governmental Activities: Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$	133,875,251	\$ 118,642,28	1 \$	117,808,001	\$	603,648,675 \$	122,049,902	\$	121,725,879	133,891,837	\$	149,770,014	148,370,264	\$ 1	177,794,273
Unrestricted		3,127,155	17,107,96	6	15,450,828		71,828,521	3,142,130	*_	3,572,905	6,257,477	_	(6,915,481)	9,800,292		1,801,965
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$	137,002,406	\$ 135,750,24	7 \$	133,258,829	\$_	675,477,196 \$	125,192,032	\$_	125,298,784	140,149,314	\$	142,854,533	158,170,556	\$ <u>1</u>	179,596,238

^{*} Restated for GASB 68

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	FISCAL YEAR											
	_	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	
Expenses:												
Governmental activities:												
General government	\$	4,860,046 \$	5,121,861 \$		4,744,705 \$	4,680,398		7,534,628	, . ,		-, ,	
Public safety		9,483,051	9,125,906	9,701,599	10,466,567	10,116,105	12,259,882	11,059,584	8,991,281	11,236,537	11,561,692	
Public works		13,030,693	22,845,865	20,810,758	17,311,069	18,662,827	15,648,511	15,615,857	16,594,152	17,646,682	21,897,888	
Human services		1,683,719	1,793,418	1,448,173	1,496,189	1,469,110	1,516,678	1,805,965	1,842,312	1,930,710	1,756,175	
Culture and recreation		6,253,473	6,551,287	5,127,771	5,170,258	5,799,240	7,649,148	5,922,105	6,558,564	6,385,948	5,998,664	
Education		72,800,171	77,421,480	79,644,193	82,765,300	85,125,614	83,800,549	96,033,281	93,978,140	84,508,649	97,695,610	
Debit service interest		1,091,251	1,556,829	148,247	1,608,802	1,508,063	1,619,954	1,786,532	2,020,850	2,460,980	1,943,338	
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	_	109,202,404	124,416,646	121,715,365	123,562,890	127,361,357	132,138,947	139,757,952	135,439,759	129,747,689	147,094,509	
Program Revenues:												
Governmental activities:												
Charges for services:												
General government		961,454	1,448,690	1,521,538	1,221,156	1,348,396	2,182,425	1,623,465	2,358,541	2,304,560	2,538,788	
Public safety		70,640	122,635	116,885	94,031	146,221	187,007	151,502	315,661	211,142	351,591	
Public works		3,278,559	3,780,034	4,379,717	4,285,579	4,438,121	4,501,771	5,606,794	5,170,610	5,393,886	5,821,633	
Human services		50.052	71,340	86,393	87.797	100,976	208,544	354,339	313,672	481,457	211.860	
Culture and recreation		1,422,871	1,583,926	1,766,873	1,635,322	2,925,417	2,519,572	2,570,164	2,311,662	2,639,450	1,747,937	
Education		2,864,058	2,599,423	2,622,886	2,406,020	2,374,627	2,256,463	2,272,817	2,506,772	1,811,356	1,520,250	
Operating grants and contributions:		, ,	,,	, - ,	,,-	,- ,-	,,	, ,-	,,	,- ,	,,	
General government		229,750	171,502	259,305	222,531	481,542	287,925	207,271	213,749	247,800	489.405	
Public safety		95,575	167,775	115,056	82,222	60,481	198,884	51,178	77,866	127,748	50,249	
Public works		195.936	563,510	496,348	404,160	395.417	388,764	446,383	414,628	428,182	389.533	
Human services		64,498	83,411	81,856	108,808	102,950	106,027	117,242	109,254	109,308	131,349	
Culture and recreation		64,431	40,421	41,304	36,038	43,098	49,800	47,555	40,411	37,784	36,241	
Education		21,068,318	22,978,222	22,502,841	24,771,275	23,165,519	24,209,031	29,522,318	29,042,520	20,644,657	31,072,260	
Interest on long-term debt		45,558	22,010,222	22,002,011	21,771,270	20,100,010	21,200,001	20,022,010	20,012,020	20,011,001	01,012,200	
Capital grants and contributions:		10,000										
General government					170,906	75,344	71,433	1,946,226	73,676	19,038	7,300	
Public safety		3,840,842	1,162,761	149,528	170,000	70,011	7 1,100	1,010,220	10,010	10,000	7,000	
Public works		18,574	173,981	7,525	759,237	310,314	1,398,722	11,130,720	3,653,882	2,689,236	12,570,710	
Human services		454,151	7,673,048	1,786,113	100,201	010,014	1,000,722	11,100,120	0,000,002	2,003,200	12,570,710	
Culture and recreation		247,401	7,070,040	1,700,110								
Education		18,942							380,897	590,440	520,752	
Total Governmental Activities Revenues	_	34,991,610	42,620,679	35,934,168	36,285,082	35,968,423	38,566,368	56,047,974	46,983,801	37,736,044	57.459.858	
Total Governmental Activities Revenues	_	34,991,010	42,020,019	33,934,100	30,203,002	33,900,423	30,300,300	30,047,974	40,903,001	31,130,044	37,439,030	
Total Governmental Activities Net Expense	_	(74,210,794)	(81,795,967)	(85,781,197)	(87,277,808)	(91,392,934)	(93,572,579)	(83,709,978)	(88,455,958)	(92,011,645)	(89,634,651)	
General Revenues and Other:												
Changes in Net Position:												
Governmental activities:												
Property taxes		77,579,585	79,389,621	81,643,855	87,371,201	90,037,532	91,922,703	96,106,885	98,298,151	104,691,701	108,137,590	
Grants and contributions not restricted to												
specific programs		1,342,114	1,032,892	1,515,179	1,929,166	1,532,895	1,603,494	2,146,206	1,588,901	1,588,087	2,026,181	
Unrestricted investment earnings		135,226	117,606	130,745	156,863	183,329	121,033	251,754	472,021	1,047,880	896,562	
Other general revenues, net		9,357	3,689			26,834	32,101	55,663				
Total Primary Government	_	79,066,282	80,543,808	83,289,779	89,457,230	91,780,590	93,679,331	98,560,508	100,359,073	107,327,668	111,060,333	
Change in Net Position:												
Total Governmental Activities	\$	4,855,488 \$	(1,252,159) \$	(2,491,418) \$	2,179,422 \$	387,656	\$ 106,752 \$	14,850,530	\$ 11,903,115	15,316,023 \$	21,425,682	
	· -	 ·	<u> </u>	·.								

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

							FISCAL YE	EAR				
	_	2011	*	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General Fund:												
Nonspendable Restricted	\$	4,836	\$	135,863 \$	17,508 \$	18,722 \$	970 \$	\$	2,442 \$	9,307	13,500 \$	3
Committed										1,500,000	3,000,000	3,094,594
Assigned		2,940,494		1,413,432	1,616,470	1,772,742	1,527,753	2,096,625	1,621,867	1,293,331	3,825,079	4,813,890
Unassigned	_	3,431,794		3,504,042	5,042,748	5,238,041	5,329,639	8,035,255	9,467,497	11,247,314	15,245,581	22,780,140
Total General Fund	\$_	6,377,124	\$_	5,053,337 \$	6,676,726 \$	7,029,505 \$	6,858,362 \$	10,131,880 \$	11,091,806 \$	14,049,952	\$ 22,084,160	30,688,624
All other governmental funds:												
Nonspendable	\$	39.341	\$	29.687 \$	33,293 \$	42.355 \$	56,678 \$	39,488 \$	28.426 \$	31.054	\$ 20.485 \$	20,735
Restricted	•	9.762.789	•	746.991	760,375	836.513	857.917	839,148	1.205.414	1.483.623	1,555,342	1,756,737
Committed		1,216,583		5,153,671	3,082,618	3,928,403	6,143,366	2,468,694	3,246,582	2,733,535	3,768,240	3,857,390
Assigned		, -,		.,,.	-,,-	-,,	-, -,	,,	-, -,	,,	-,,	-,,
Unassigned	_	(24,679,573)		(24,089,935)	(48,018)	(282,640)	(28,482)	(3,742,300)	(4,386,400)	(9,160)	(4,261,831)	(24,977,685)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$_	(13,660,860)	\$_	(18,159,586) \$	3,828,268 \$	4,524,631 \$	7,029,479 \$	(394,970) \$	94,022 \$	4,239,052	\$1,082,236_\$	(19,342,823)

^{*}In fiscal year 2011, the Town implemented GASB Statement No. 54, which requires fund balance to be reported as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. See Notes to the Financial Statements for definitions of each type of fund balance.

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

					FISC	AL YEAR				
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Revenues:										
Property taxes	\$ 77,616,815 \$				\$ 89,316,302			99,981,359 \$,,	\$ 108,607,387
Intergovernmental	28,113,379	33,780,263	26,568,233	28,191,586	25,919,136	27,782,151	45,201,620	35,062,337	25,521,402	41,835,299
Charges for goods and services	8,692,434	9,748,323	10,489,952	9,632,436	11,415,230	11,920,765	12,631,202	13,223,259	13,338,337	12,109,119
Investment earnings	128,533	108,011	125,044	150,955	61,316	111,262	242,072	459,306	1,032,556	885,783
Miscellaneous	150,105	399,235	310,672	288,393	360,338	463,547	389,669	349,326	422,353	414,168
Total revenues	114,701,266	123,588,549	119,168,372	124,746,294	127,072,322	133,277,097	153,947,833	149,075,587	145,896,733	163,851,756
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government	3,139,276	3,049,108	3,161,756	3,438,550	3,444,744	3,560,662	3,788,541	3,798,686	4,026,834	4,569,240
Public safety	7,148,435	7,422,390	7,480,490	7,989,555	8,334,840	8,320,505	8,764,069	9,217,176	9,136,196	9,198,231
Public works	9,629,119	9,749,410	10,946,524	10,675,686	10,975,854	11,143,679	11,983,196	11,747,331	12,651,109	12,247,581
Human services	1,005,973	1,098,224	1,078,348	1,090,749	1,088,900	1,121,246	1,423,516	1,415,836	1,588,450	1,356,756
Culture and recreation	3,809,077	4,231,557	4,193,506	4,445,705	4,710,096	4,946,672	4,964,347	5,330,618	5,474,184	5,153,040
Insurance and sundry	5,601,532	5,856,476	6,090,641	6,630,836	6,467,843	6,556,833	6.340.930	6,708,737	7.459.924	7,592,362
Education	73,212,843	77,665,214	77,187,320	82,367,010	81,650,067	83,381,512	91,479,612	91,736,872	82,483,400	88,847,904
Capital outlay	5,114,605	5,043,160	4,418,905	5,598,435	6,255,201	18,260,516	28,899,903	14,141,482	16,101,606	52,866,614
Debit service:	, ,	, ,	, ,		, ,	, ,		, ,	, ,	, ,
Principal	3,455,000	2,955,000	3,080,000	3,697,484	4,200,646	4,199,274	4,538,380	5,062,972	4,968,061	5,348,656
Interest	19,456,574	14,909,364	5,199,178	4,082,781	2,978,753	2,675,623	2,827,201	3,408,213	3,410,034	3,344,663
Total expenditures	131,572,434	131,979,903	122,836,668	130,016,791	130,106,944	144,166,522	165,009,695	152,567,923	147,299,798	190,525,047
Deficiency of Revenues over Expenditures	(16,871,168)	(8,391,354)	(3,668,296)	(5,270,497)	(3,034,622)	(10,889,425)	(11,061,862)	(3,492,336)	(1,403,065)	(26,673,291)
Other Financing Sources:										
Proceeds from bond refunding	9,650,000	15,185,000	27,516,583	6,615,000	5,160,000			4,125,000	9,155,000	-
Premium on bonds	76,917	1,112,007		731,924	78,540	207,067	739,043	524,383	1,718,700	574,216
Payments to escrow agents		(15,912,713)		(7,163,837)				(5,567,886)	(10,623,910)	· <u>-</u>
Proceeds from bonds issued		2,000,000		6,320,000		4,300,000	11,860,000	11,500,000	5,250,000	13,500,000
Proceeds from leases	102,103	684,547	363,951	480,552	826,352	2,946,407	477,850	881,013	514,134	778,480
Transfers in	1,207,649	736,818	1,305,972	1,183,689	2,000,812	1,761,537	2,080,018	3,656,753	3,308,978	4,628,562
Transfers out	(1,324,152)	(1,236,818)	(1,906,972)	(1,847,689)	(2,697,372)	(2,476,517)	(2,646,131)	(4,257,218)	(3,308,978)	(4,628,562)
Total other financing sources	9,712,517	2,568,841	27,279,534	6,319,639	5,368,332	6,738,494	12,510,780	10,862,045	6,013,924	14,852,696
Net Change in Fund Balances	(7,158,651)	(5,822,513)	23,611,238	1,049,142	2,333,710	(4,150,931)	1,448,918	7,369,709	4,610,859	(11,820,595)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	(125,085)	(7,283,736)	(13,106,249)	10,504,989	11,554,131	13,887,841	9,736,910	11,185,828	18,555,537	23,166,396
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ (7,283,736)	(13,106,249)	10,504,989 \$	11,554,131	\$ 13,887,841	\$ 9,736,910	\$ 11,185,828 \$	18,555,537 \$	23,166,396	\$ 11,345,801
Debt Service as a Percentage to Noncapital Expenditures	21.02%	14.52%	6.85%	6.30%	5.75%	5.40%	5.43%	6.21%	6.34%	8.71%

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	. <u> </u>	Residential Property		Commercial Property	(1)	Personal Property	 Motor Vehicle	E	Less Tax cempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	l	Estimated Actual (4) Taxable Value
2020	\$	1,954,515,583	6	534,398,778	\$	394,178,512	\$ 234,363,918	\$	348,373,852	\$ 2,769,082,939	38.5	\$	3,955,832,770
2019	(2)	1,940,934,413		517,122,647		381,763,430	230,786,948		321,762,146	2,748,845,292	37.67		3,926,921,846
2018		2,120,523,759		234,463,220		340,605,990	225,387,225		318,272,044	2,602,708,150	38.08/37.00	(3)	3,718,154,500
2017		1,691,195,450		227,246,090		272,704,520	217,673,720		104,350,010	2,304,469,770	37.34/37.00	(3)	3,292,099,671
2016		1,669,743,361		469,200,191		261,120,500	217,444,060		112,726,620	2,262,827,391	36.54		3,232,610,559
2015		1,681,317,099		465,985,750		287,829,500	216,945,460		119,194,329	2,536,097,921	35.51		3,622,997,030
2014	(2)	1,676,514,846		439,529,851		258,829,020	207,156,730		111,344,758	2,497,141,588	34.90		3,567,345,126
2013		1,919,649,089		437,237,200		246,646,610	208,122,550		121,055,339	2,692,892,761	29.43		3,846,989,659
2012		2,428,826,870		517,933,641		231,536,430	194,075,430		113,816,134	3,177,859,796	28.78		4,539,799,709
2011		2,416,075,791		-		237,208,005	183,710,954		106,557,257	2,730,437,493	28.34		3,900,624,990

Source: Town of South Windsor-Assessor

Note: The Town has no overlapping governments

⁽¹⁾ Note: 2011-2010 not separately available for commercial property

⁽²⁾ Note: Revaluation year

⁽³⁾ Note: State of Connecticut enacted a Motor Vehicle Mill Rate Cap of 37.00 mills effective 6/30/16

⁽⁴⁾ Note: By state law, property is assessed at 70% of actual value with periodic revaluation of real property.

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS CURRENT FISCAL YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

				2020				2011	
Taxpayer	Nature of Business		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Eversource (formally CL&P)	Utility	\$	100,370,450	1	3.62%	\$	57,035,210	1	2.31%
Evergreen Walk Lifestyle Center	Retail		31,928,600	2	1.15%		30,801,300	2	1.25%
Aldi Inc.	Distribution		30,865,440	3	1.11%				
DST Output East, LLC	Services						11,737,450	5	0.48%
Dell Equipment Funding	Services		22,933,810	4	0.83%				
DCX Technology	Services		16,084,590	5	0.58%				
South Windsor Developers, LLC	Services		13,368,850	6	0.48%				
Macy's Retail Holdings, LLC	Real Estate						15,193,140	3	0.62%
Town Center of South Windsor	Retail		13,023,700	7	0.47%		13,057,600	4	0.53%
Yankee Gas Services	Utility		12,992,070	8	0.47%				
Connecticut Water Co.	Utility						11,687,490	6	0.47%
WIM Core Portfolio	Utility		12,798,400	9	0.46%				
432 Buckland Court	Retail		11,586,100	10	0.42%		9,909,850	9	0.40%
Target Corp.							11,040,050	8	0.45%
Lowes Home Center							9,603,700	10	0.39%
Evergreen Walk, LLC							11,182,500	7	0.45%
Total		\$_	265,952,010		9.60%	\$_	181,248,290		7.34%

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

							d Within the				_
					_	Fiscal Yea	r of the Levy	_	Collections in	Total Collec	ctions to Date
Fiscal Year	Taxable	Tax Rate		Adjusted			Percent of		Subsequent		Percent of
Ending 6/30	 Grand List	(In Mills)		Levy		Amount	Adjusted Levy		Years	Amount	Adjusted Levy
2020	\$ 2,772,521,755	38.50	(1) \$	107,383,738	\$	106,637,974	99.31%	\$	-	106,637,974	99.31%
2019	2,748,845,292	37.67	(1)	103,762,190		102,979,809	99.25%		572,553	103,552,362	99.80%
2018	2,602,708,150	38.08/37.00	(1)	99,320,301		98,275,075	98.95%		1,000,823	99,275,898	99.96%
2017	2,520,505,015	37.34/37.00	(1)	95,525,838		94,247,010	98.66%		1,278,828	95,525,838	100.00%
2016	2,501,567,051	36.54		91,894,135		90,891,340	98.91%		760,539	91,651,879	99.74%
2015	2,506,427,581	35.51		89,399,738		87,965,832	98.40%		1,227,141	89,192,973	99.77%
2014	2,468,393,038	34.90		86,279,650		85,042,713	98.57%		1,186,296	86,229,009	99.94%
2013	2,771,296,551	29.43		81,652,659		80,566,157	98.67%		1,041,270	81,607,427	99.94%
2012	2,740,622,596	28.78		78,796,861		77,752,911	98.68%		1,002,925	78,755,836	99.95%
2011	2,731,391,588	28.34		77,518,490		76,539,598	98.74%		941,521	77,481,119	99.95%

Source: Town of South Windsor-Tax Collector

⁽¹⁾ State of Connecticut enacted a Motor Vehicle Mill Rate Cap of 37.00 mills effective 6/30/16

Fiscal Year	 General Obligation Bonds	(1)	Clean Water Fund Bonds	(2)	Capital Leases	 Total Primary Government	Ratio of Debt to Estimated Taxable Value of Property	(3)	Debt Per Capita ⁽	4)	Total Debt Outstanding as a Percentage of personal Income	(5)
2020	\$ 59,174,000	\$	20,297,584	\$	3,185,056	\$ 82,656,640	2.09%	\$	3,201		0.05%	
2019	49,729,000		21,842,146		3,364,319	74,935,465	1.91%		2,904		0.05%	
2018	49,324,000		23,353,127		3,825,260	76,502,387	2.06%		2,965		0.05%	
2017	43,160,000		24,765,093		3,734,926	71,660,019	2.18%		2,777		0.05%	
2016	34,620,000		26,210,009		4,107,494	64,937,503	2.01%		2,518		0.06%	
2015	33,325,000		27,571,991		2,000,484	62,897,475	1.74%		2,439		0.06%	
2014	31,195,000		28,907,027		1,542,849	61,644,876	1.73%		2,389		0.06%	
2013	29,455,000		28,465,648		1,408,217	59,328,865	1.54%		2,296		0.06%	
2012	32,535,000		1,956,111		1,322,737	35,813,848	0.79%		1,387		0.11%	
2011	33,080,000		2,110,939		866,554	36,057,493	0.92%		1,399		0.11%	

Source: Town of South Windsor-Finance.

Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ Town only issues general obligation bonds and has no overlapping debt.
(2) Represents 2% 20-year loans to finance upgrades to the wastewater treatment plant.
(3) See Table 5 for taxable property value data.
(4) See Table 11 for population data.

⁽⁵⁾ See Table 11 for personal income data.

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population	(1)	Assessed Value of Property	_	Net General Bonded Debt	Ratio of Debt to Estimated Taxable Value of Property	-	Debt Per Capita	Outstanding as a Percentage of personal Income
2020	25,806	\$	2,769,082,939	\$	79,471,584	2.87%	\$	3,080	0.00%
2019	25,806		2,748,845,292		71,571,146	2.60%		2,773	0.14%
2018	25,806		2,602,708,150		72,677,127	2.79%		2,816	0.14%
2017	25,806		2,304,469,770		67,925,093	2.95%		2,632	0.15%
2016	25,793		2,262,827,391		60,830,009	2.69%		2,358	0.16%
2015	25,789		2,536,097,921		60,896,991	2.40%		2,361	0.16%
2014	25,803		2,497,141,588		60,102,027	2.41%		2,329	0.17%
2013	25,837		2,692,892,761		57,920,648	2.15%		2,242	0.17%
2012	25,812		3,177,859,796		34,491,111	1.09%		1,336	0.29%
2011	25,779		2,730,437,493		35,190,939	1.29%		1,365	0.28%

Source: Town of South Windsor-Finance.

⁽¹⁾ Town only issues general obligation bonds and has no overlapping debt.

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		FISCAL YEAR												
	-	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020			
Debt limit Total net debt applicable to limit	\$	543,682,512 \$ 77,233,983	555,337,279 \$ 85,056,162	572,155,955 \$ 73,402,142	603,648,675 \$ 71,828,521	624,631,371 \$ 72,623,485	650,125,903 \$ 92,608,657	668,710,378 \$ 83,858,275	668,710,378 86,405,900	\$ 698,350,135 \$ 132,490,796	740,242,202 141,891,234			
Legal Debt Margin	\$	466,448,529 \$	470,281,117 \$	498,753,813	\$ 531,820,154	552,007,886 \$	557,517,246 \$	584,852,103	582,304,478	\$ 565,859,339 \$	598,350,968			
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		14.21%	15.32%	12.83%	11.90%	11.63%	14.24%	12.54%	12.92%	18.97%	19.17%			

Note: The State of Connecticut General Statutes require that in no event shall the total debt of the Town exceed seven (7) times the annual receipts from taxation. The calculation of the 2020 debt limit can be found on Table 11 of this report.

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF DEBT LIMITATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Total tax collections (including interest and lien fees) received by Treasurer for the year ended June 30, 2019

\$ 105,748,886

	General Purposes		Schools		Sewers	<u>.</u> .	Urban Renewal	 Pension Deficit
Debt limitation:								
2-1/4 times base	\$ 237,934,994	\$		\$		\$		\$
4-1/2 times base			475,869,987		200 550 202			
3-3/4 times base 3-1/4 times base					396,558,323		343,683,880	
3 times base							343,003,000	317,246,658
Total debt limitation	237,934,994	- ·	475,869,987		396,558,323		343,683,880	 317,246,658
Indebtedness:								
Bonds payable	24,277,000		34,897,000		1,461,000			
Bond anticipation notes	2,000,000		16,000,000					
CWF notes payable					18,836,584			
Authorized, unissued bonds	14,602,583		18,093,655	_	11,723,412			
Total indebtedness	40,879,583		68,990,655		32,020,996		-	-
Net indebtedness	40,879,583		68,990,655		32,020,996		-	
Debt Limitation in Excess of								
Outstanding and Authorized Debt	\$ 197,055,411	\$	406,879,332	\$	364,537,327	\$	343,683,880	\$ 317,246,658

Note 1: In no case shall total indebtedness exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation (\$740,242,202)

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Per Capita		Educational	Attainment			
Year	Population ⁽¹⁾	Personal Income ⁽²⁾	Personal Income ⁽²⁾	Median Age ⁽²⁾	High School	Bachelors Degree	School Enrollment ⁽³⁾	Unemployment Rate ⁽⁴⁾	
2020	25,823	38,505	99,774	43.2	96.6	48.2	4,521	3.0%	
2019	25,802	38,505	99,774	43.3	95.8	49.8	4,239	3.0%	
2018	25,806	38,505	99,774	43.3	92.6	44.6	4,142	3.8%	
2017	25,806	38,505	99,774	43.3	92.6	44.6	4,071	4.2%	
2016	25,793	38,505	99,774	43.3	92.6	44.6	4,032	5.1%	
2015	25,789	38,505	99,774	43.3	92.6	44.6	4,100	5.2%	
2014	25,803	38,505	99,774	43.3	92.6	44.6	4,174	5.4%	
2013	25,837	38,505	99,774	43.3	92.6	44.6	4,194	6.0%	
2012	25,812	38,505	99,774	43.3	92.6	44.6	4,288	6.3%	
2011	25,779	38,505	99,774	43.3	92.6	44.6	4,485	6.3%	

⁽¹⁾ U.S. Bureau of Census, American Community Fact Finder/ State of CT - Department of Health

⁽²⁾ U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census for years 2000 and 2010

⁽³⁾ Town of South Windsor, Board of Education

⁽⁴⁾ State of Connecticut, Labor Department, Office of Research and Statistics

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

			2020			2011	
				Percentage of Total Town			Percentage of Total Town
Employer	Nature of Business	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Town of South Windsor	Municipality	891	1	6.58%	811	1	6.18%
DST Output	Services	650	2	4.80%	500	2	3.81%
Ticket Network	Services	441	3	3.26%	-	-	-
The May Company	Distributor	389	4	2.87%	400	3	3.05%
Gerber Scientific	Manufacturing	-	-	-	259	4	1.97%
Doosan Fuel Cell America	Manufacturing	320	5	2.36%	-	-	-
Target Department Stores	Retailing	250	6	1.85%	150	6	1.14%
Super Stop & Shop	Retailing	221	7	1.63%	-	-	-
Performance Food Group	Distributor	183	8	1.35%	-	-	-
Lowe's Home Improvement	Retailing	170	9	1.25%	150	7	1.14%
Electro Methods	Manufacturing	155	10	1.14%	210	5	1.60%
HPC Food Services	Wholesaler	-	-	-	140	8	1.07%
Eastern CT Health Network	Medical	-	-	-	130	9	0.99%
Pioneer Aerospace	Manufacturing	-	-		100	10	0.76%
Total		3,670		27.09%	2,850		21.71%

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TOWN GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES by FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FISCAL YEAR											
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011		
Function/Program												
General government												
Town Manager's Office	6.0	6.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.0	4.0		
Registrar of Voters	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	4.0	4.0	4.0		
Finance and taxation	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0		
Town Clerk	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0		
Information Technology	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.0	4.0	5.0	5.0	5.0		
Public Safety	60.0	58.0	58.0	54.0	54.0	54.0	54.0	52.0	54.0	52.0		
Public Works	50.0	50.0	49.0	47.0	47.0	47.0	47.0	45.0	48.0	48.0		
Public Health	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		
Building	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0		
Planning & Zoning	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	4.0	4.0		
Human Services	12.0	12.0	11.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	9.0	9.0	9.0		
Culture and Recreation	22.0	22.0	22.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	19.0	18.0	18.0		
Library	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	13.0	13.0	13.0		
Education	677.0	668.0	657.0	618.0	628.0	638.0	639.0	628.0	609.0	635.0		
Total	869.0	857.0	843.0	801.0	810.0	811.0	802.0	787.0	811.0	825.0		

Source: Town of South Windsor-Human Resources

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					FISCAL	YEAR				
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Police										
General service calls	28,341	27,223	30,055	32,521	28,306	33,068	33,329	34,562	44,701	35,186
Criminal Arrests	337	333	428	490	630	427	643	569	645	690
Traffic accidents	455	486	416	659	395	399	584	586	410	459
Fire Marshal										
Fire Investigations Completed	22	35	31	10	27	23	19	10	18	34
Inspections	1,504	1,989	1,875	1,500	1,545	2,565	1,704	850	588	627
Public Works										
GIS Dashboard Requests*	1,050	800	1,159	1,200	1,100	958	903	700	375	-
Snow Routes	17	17	22	22	20	21	21	21	21	19
Miles of Road Plowed	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140
Road Surface Treatment Miles	13	13	21.1	6.5	6.2	4.3	5.6	2.0	1.0	7.0
Catch Basins Cleaned	2,400	1,900	2,001	1,891	1,736	1,997	2,048	1,677	2,896	815
<u>Health/Human Services</u>										
Food Service Inspections (1)	183	288	226	175	140	107	195	147	103	75
Child Care Facility Inspections	8	6	12	5	11	3	13	11	13	10
Youth Development Participants	1,648	2,456	921	901	913	1,900	2,797	600	1,899	584
Teen Center Participants	263	305	247	245	254	275	313	500	427	471
Parks and Recreation										
Athletic Fields Maintained	28	28	28	28	25	25	25	23	23	23
Baseball/Softball Fields maintained	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
<u>Library</u>										
Total Circulation	178,956	224,924	296,100	222,000	231,708	268,030	277,000	283,300	284,291	280,467
Library Sponsored Programs	543	597	857	575	568	562	433	500	487	434
<u>Wastewater</u>										
Wastewater Treated (million gallons)	908	997	824	900	817	857	909	800	808	684
Emergency Call-outs/Alarms	61	54	86	90	102	94	142	110	148	73
Miles of Sewer Line Cleaned	8	15	30	30	7.75	5.5	18.5	12.00	2.80	1.90

SOURCE: Town of South Windsor-Various Departments

^{*} Information not available

⁽¹⁾ FY 2018 includes temporary events, farmers market and itinerant trucks

TOWN OF SOUTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					FISCAL	YEAR				
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Function/Program										
Public safety										
Police:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	44	44	44	42	42	42	42	42	42	42
Fire:										
Stations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Vehicles	14	14	14	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Hydrants	981	976	949	949	937	927	890	890	890	890
Public works										
Vehicles/Equipment	162	158	158	156	116	114	102	105	102	108
Streets (miles)	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	139.5
Parks & Recreation										
Vehicles (road)	19	17	15	14	14	13	13	12	13	13
Acreage	957.97	957.97	840.53	840.53	840.53	840.53	840.53	812.94	812.94	812.94
Playgrounds	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Athletic fields	44.5	44.5	41.5	41.5	41.5	41.5	41.5	39.5	39.5	39.5
Wapping Rec.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Swimming pools	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Public Libraries										
Libraries	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Human Services										
Community Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Senior mini-buses	7	6	5	4	4	4	4	4	3	3
Education										
Schools	7	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	7